The New-York Times.

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THE JAPANESE IN AMERICA.

Arrival of the United States Steam Frigate off this Port.

The Ambassadors in Oriental Waters.

THE ISTHMUS OF THE ISTHMUS.

First Experience of Railway Traveling.

Courtesies of the New-Grenadian Authorities.

Reception of the Strangers on Board the Roanoke.

The Steamer to Proceed this Morning to Hampton Roads.

The United States steam frigate *Roanoke*, flag-ship of Flag-officer WM. J. MCCLUNEY, Commander-in-Chief of the Home and Gulf Squadron, arrived at Sandy Hook last evening, in 13 days from Aspinwall, and 12 days from Porto Bello, at which latter place she stopped 24 hours for a supply of water.

The *Roanoke* has on board the Japanese Ambassadors. The Embassy consists of 72 persons.

The *Roanoke* has encountered very light and head winds, and has steamed nearly the whole distance from Aspinwall. It has been known for some time that the Government at Washington had changed its programme for the reception of the Japanese, and that the Navy Department had issued orders to have the ship intercepted before she entered this port, and ordered to Hampton Roads, where a steamer specially chartered for the purpose is to receive and convey them to Washington. To carry out this plan copies of official dispatches from the Secretary of the Navy were put on board of each of the Sandy Hook pilot boats, with directions to deliver them to Flag-Officer MCCLUNEY, as soon as the *Roanoke* should make her appearance off this port. A vessel belonging to the Navy-yard was also detailed to wait at Sandy Hook for the same purpose. Contrary to expectation, the arrival of the ship has been delayed several days longer than was generally expected, and she has come at last at a time, under such circumstances, as to balk in part the designs of the Navy Department. A strong southeast gale prevailed all day yesterday, and the weather outside was very hazy. A large fleet of merchant ships came in from sea, and several of these, when they first made their appearance, were mistaken for the long looked-for frigate.

At 3 o'clock P. M. she was first seen by the pilot boat *Jane*, (No. 1,) steaming in from the southeast, with all her canvass spread. Shortly afterwards MELVANEY, one of her pilots, was put on board, she then being some fifty miles off shore. At 5½ P. M. she made her appearance southeast of the Highlands and, on making the land she immediately shortened sail. She came in very rapidly under the pressure of steam and canvass. The pilot-boat *George Steers*, with two reporters on board, being already on her way out to meet her. At half-past 6 o'clock she passed Sandy Hook, and at 7 o'clock anchored near the Southwest Spit. Here Capt. ELIAS SMITH, a reporter of the NEW-YORK TIMES, went on board from the pilot-boat *George Steers*, and delivered to Flag-officer MCCLUNEY a copy of the dispatches from the Navy Department, which directed that the ship should not enter the port of New-York, but proceed at once to Hampton Roads. It is needless to say that this order produced a feeling of profound disgust and disappointment among all the officers of the ship—a feeling which was generally shared by the crew. The Japanese, it is said, approved of the arrangement of allowing them first to see the President and the officers of the Government. Their time in the country is to be very limited.

We are indebted for our special dispatches to the kindness of Mr. ZANTZINGER, Flag Secretary of the Home Squadron, who came up to the City last evening by the pilot-boat *George Steers*, in company with Capt. A. S. TAYLOR, United States Marines, who is in charge of the Embassy. These gentlemen both proceed to Washington, with dispatches to the honorable Secretaries of State and of the Navy on business connected with the mission. The ship will immediately proceed to Hampton Roads, and after transhipping the Japanese it is understood she will return to this port.

FROM OUR SPECIAL REPORTER.

UNITED STATES STEAM FRIGATE ROANOKE,
OFF SANDY HOOK, Wednesday, May 9, 1860.

The Japanese Ambassadors, and the officers and servants composing their suite, reached Aspinwall on the morning of the 25th of April, at 11 o'clock, by a special train provided by the Panama Railroad Company—all the arrangements being under the superintendence of A. J. CENTER, Esq. A large number of guests accompanied the Ambassadors from Panama to San Pablo, where they lunched. The boats of the United States flag ship *Roanoke* and frigate *Sabine* were in waiting at the mail-wharf, and the whole party were speedily and safely embarked, and proceeded to the flag-ship. The barge of Flag-Officer MCCLUNEY preceded the other boats, conveying the Ambassadors, the Adviser, the Officer of the Treasury, the Chief Interpreter, Capt. WM. H. GARDNER, commanding the *Roanoke*, (who went over to Panama to await the arrival of the Ambassadors, and escort them to Aspinwall,) Capt. A. S. TAYLOR, commanding the Marine Guard of the United States steam-frigate *Powhatan*, and in charge of the Embassy. As the Ambassadors were coming over the gangway of the magnificent war-vessel *Roanoke*—which our Government had kept *nearly one year at Aspinwall especially for the reception of the Japanese Ambassadors*, and their conveyance to New-York City—the commercial Metropolis of the American people—there was a roll of drums, the "present arms" of the Marine Guard, and the presence of the officers of the *Sabine* and *Relief* made quite an imposing ceremony.

Flag-Officer MCCLUNEY was at the gangway to receive the Ambassadors, and, upon being introduced to them by the Chief Interpreter, NAM-OU-RA, the Flag-Officer cordially welcomed the Ambassadors in the name of the Government and people of the United States of America. An ambassadorial salute of 17 guns was then fired from the flag-ship, with the Imperial Ensign of Japan flying from the fore-mast-head; and the Ambassadors, after acknowledging this courtesy to their Emperor, and their cordial and distinguished reception, were, with the Adviser, Officer of the Treasury, and the Chief Interpreter, then introduced to the officers assembled upon the quarter-deck, and afterwards invited into the cabin.

Col. TOTTEN, Chief Engineer of the Panama Railroad, Mrs. TOTTEN, the Misses TOTTEN, Mrs. BOUAN, Mrs. BEARD and Miss FLORINA DU PAEL, Mr. CENTER, Superintendent of the Panama Railroad Company, and several other gentlemen, were present at the ceremony of reception, and introduced to the Ambassadors.

The Embassy has eighty tons of baggage, a large amount of treasure, and fifteen large boxes of presents for the President of the United States, among which are several very handsome rifles, manufactured at Yedo, and are an ingenious improvement upon the Sharp rifle.

The Ambassadors, Adviser, Officer of the Treasury, high officers, Chief Interpreter and guests, having partaken of refreshments in the cabin, and the other officers and invited guests of lunch and refreshments in the ward-room, commenced upon the selection and arrangement of their quarters,—six large and airy departments having been erected upon either side of the gun-deck, which, with the Captain's office and Flag Secretary's state-room accommodated the Ambassadors and all the officers. The mode of selection was thus: the several rooms were examined, and, when a selection was made, a corresponping ticket posted upon the door of the room, and so on, until all were accommodated, the good-natured and jolly "Governor" superintending this business. The servants were quartered upon the gun-deck, between the guns,—a canvass screen being placed before their quarters. A large Japanese copper-range, with their cooking utensils, was brought over from the *Powhatan* and placed near the galley of the *Roanoke*, on the gun-deck, where the Japanese cooks were soon at work! their provisions having been brought with them. They use charcoal in this range, and all the pots and kettles are kept as clean and bright as the most fastidious housekeeper could desire.

Notices were pasted up in different parts of the ship—indicating what officers were permitted to use certain ladders, &c. The utmost regulasity prevailed in all the different departments and movements of the whole party—everything being thoroughly organized.

The two Ambassadors, Adviser and Officer of the Treasury messed with the Flag-Officer and the Captain. The other officers, eighteen in number, messed with the ward-room officers. The starboard steerage was given up to their officers for a *chow-chow* room, where they could take their tea and own peculiar dishes, served by their own cooks, at all hours during the day.

Everything being in readiness, the *Roanoke* weigh ed anchor on the day following the reception of the Ambassadors and their suite, (Thursday, April 26,) at 9 A. M., and proceeded to Porto Bello, fifteen miles to the eastward of Aspinwall, for a supply of water, which could not be procured at Aspinwall. The *Roanoke* arrived in the harbor of Porto Bello at 1 P. M., on the same day, and left again on the 27th, at 3 P. M., having obtained the necessary allowance of water. During the stay of the *Roanoke* at the watering place, the Japanese officers and servants were permitted by the Ambassadors to land, and they were much pleased with the fruits, birds and animals which they saw, taking accurate sketches of what was shown to them as curious in nature, and, also, a drawing of a section of the ship, showing the manner of taking the water into the ship—she being within fifty feet of the shore—and they were greatly surprised to find *an American and his wife* living in a native house at the "watering-place." It was explained to them that the island was the property of GEORGE LAW, of New-York City, and that he had sent out this person as his agent, to look after the water, keep the pipes and dam in order for supplying water to vessels during the "dry season" at Aspinwall, where it cannot be procured in any large quantity, as evidence of which the *Roanoke* had to get it there—Porto Bello.

While the ship lay at Porto Bello, the Ambassadors, the Adviser and the Officer of the Treasury were invited into the ward-room by the officers, to lunch. The invitation was cordially accepted. The health of the Emperor of Japan was proposed by the officers of the ward-room mess. Next, the Ambassadors proposed the health of the President of the United States. Then, the health of the Ambassadors was proposed, wishing them a prosperous passage and pleasant visit to the United States after which, the Ambassadors proposed the health of the ward room officers, with warmest thanks for their entertainment. They then retired to their apartments, appearing to enjoy their visit to the ward-room officers.

There were eighteen officers of the Embassy introduced into the ward-room mess, and the officers of the mess have most cheerfully entertained these guests of the United States.

The Japanese were very much delighted to learn that the first railroad upon which they have traveled, was the Panama railroad, constructed in a foreign country, amidst unprecedented difficulties, and with an enormous cost, by the enterprize and skill of Americans!

The English frigate *Emerald*, bearing the flag of Rear-Admiral MILNE, arrived at Aspinwall on the 25th April. At 8 A. M., next day, Flag-Officer MCCLUNEY saluted the Rear-Admiral's flag with 13 guns, which was promptly returned, and the Admiral and his officers were invited by Flag-officer MCCLUNEY to attend the ceremony of reception of the Japanese Ambassadors, on board the *Roanoke*; but the Admiral, although he made a visit to Flag officer MCCLUNEY previous to their reception, did not accept the invitation, neither did he have the courtesy to fire a salute to the Ambassadors; which, under the circumstances, ought certainly to have been done.

The Embassy cannot remain in the United States longer than twenty-five or thirty days, having the most positive orders from the Ty-coon, (which, in English, means "Great Master," the Commander-in-Chief of the Empire,) *to return to Japan by the 1st August, and certainly not later than the 10th of the month.* This limited stay is very much to be regretted, because the Ambassadors and officers will have but a brief period in which to see our country, and the working of its institutions, and examine into the agricultural, commercial and mechanical pursuits of our people; all of which must be intensely interesting to them, as tending to the developement of their own industrial sphere.

The Ambassadors are dignified, polite and amiable gentlemen. The Adviser of the Embassy is reported to be a very intelligent person, and was a member of the Ty-coon's household; the Officer of the Treasury is an inquiring and very agreeable, as well as appreciative, individual. These first four compose the Embassy. Then the jolly "Governor"—the young Prince—indeed, all the officers and employes are intelligent, and disposed, every one of them, to cultivate our close friendship and good understanding.

MAN OU-RA GO-HACH-E-RO, the official and chief interpreter to the Embassy, was the third interpreter at Yoku-hama, when the expedition to Japan, under command of Commodore PERRY, visited that place and he has undoubtedly been selected by the Japanese Government for his present high and important position on account of his superior attainments, general intelligence, and gentlemanly deportment.

We bespeak for each and all of them a cordial reception and a generous hospitality, befitting the high character of the Embassy, and its undoubted beneficial results to our citizens and country.

Capt. A. S. TAYLOR, of the United States Marine Corps, was placed by Flag-Officer TATNALL in charge of the Embassy, when it came on board the *Powhatan* at Yedo, and will accompany it to Washington. Capt. T. has certainly had an arduous task, but we know how cheerfully he has performed the duty imposed upon him by his commanding officer; and he richly deserves great credit for the manner in which he has conducted the movements of this *army* of an Embassy. He is the right gentleman in the right place.

The *Roanoke* left Boston on the 3d September, 1858, and proceeded direct to Aspinwall, and from thence to San Juan del Norte. She was stationed at Aspinwall nearly the whole period she has been in commission, with the exception of a short visit to Pensacola, where she was ordered for the purpose of being caulked, preparatory to bringing to the United States the Japanese Embassy. Her officers and crew return very much enfeebled by long exposure in an exceedingly malarious and pestilential climate; but we are glad to hear that none of her officers have fallen victims to its unhealthiness.

The officers and crew of the *Roanoke* were transferred from the *Colorado*, (then the flag-ship of the Home Squadron,) in August, 1858. It will be remembered that one of the engines of the *Colorado* was discovered to be disabled while she was entering the harbor of Key West, in June, 1858; and the Navy Department immediately ordered the *Colorado* to Boston, whither she proceeded under canvass alone; and the *Roanoke* was substituted for the *Colorado* as the flag-ship of the Home Squadron. We understand that the engines of the *Roanoke* have broken down several times during her cruize, and that she will require very extensive repairs before the ship will be in a condition for active service. It is very necessary, for the prompt performance of duties that the flag-ship of the Home Squadron should be a fast and reliable steamer.

THE ARRIVAL OF THE EMBASSY AT PANAMA

THEIR RECEPTION BY THE NEW-GRANADIAN AUTHORITIES—THE ISLANDERS HAVE A FIRST EXPERIENCE OF A RAILROAD—CROSSING THE ISTHMUS, &C.

From Our Regular Panama Correspondent.

ASPINWALL, Wednesday, April 25, 1860.

The U. S. corvette *Powhatan*, with the Japanese Embassadors and suite, consisting of seventy-two persons, arrived at Panama yesterday morning, the 24th, at 5 o'clock. They are all in good health.

At 7 o'clock this morning, the whole party were landed in the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's tug *Taboga*, and were received on the wharf by the State authorities of Panama, the Consuls and other dignitaries. After a general shaking of hands, they at once entered the cars, and in a few minutes entered on their first railroad trip. The soldiers of the garrison were drawn up on the wharf, which was completely covered by the populace, to keep the passage clear to the train. Five cars were placed at the disposal of the Embassadors, local officers and invited guests. In the last car the two principal Embassadors took their seats, with the interpreter and censor. The following-named officers and guests also occupied this car:

Señor Jose de Obaldia, Governor of Panama.
Señor Manuel Moro, Secretary of State.
Señor Mariano Arosemena, Secretary of Treasury.
Señor Jose Maria Hurtado, National Intendeute.
Señor Jose M. Jimenez, Intendente of Panama.
Señor Blas Arosemena, Intendente Department of Colon.
Amos B. Corvine, Esq., U. S. Consul.
Vicomte de St. Sauveur, Consul of France.
Charles T. Bidwell, Esq., H. B. Majesty's Consul.
Theo. J. de Sabla, U. S. Vice-Consul.
Señor Mariano Arosemena, Consul of Bolivia.
Señor Alvarndo, Consul of Bolivia.
Señor Arze, Consul of Peru.
Señor Rubio, Consul of Peru.
Señor Domingo Arosemena.
John Power, Esq., Editor *Star and Herald*.
A. J. Center, Esq.
Francis W. Rice, Esq.
Capt. Gardner, United States Navy.
Fleet-Surgeon Sharp, United States Navy.
Dr. Gallagher, P. R. Co.
Col. G. M. Totten, P. R. Co.
Dr. Linch, United States Navy.
Capt. Taylor, United States Marines.
Dr. Kratochnil.
Mr. Steffens, Señor Manuel Aleman.
And several ladies, among whom was the wife of Cannel Corwine, Mrs. Rice, Señorita Adela Diego, and Miss Du Pree.

The train started at 8 o'clock, and was just an hour to San Pablo, the half-way station, twenty-four miles, when a collation, with plenty of good wines, was prepared for the company by Mr. CENTER, in behalf of the Railroad Company. Here we remained one hour, and in another hour reached Aspinwall, where the Ambassadors and suite were immediately embarked on the frigate *Roanoke*, under a salute of 17 guns.

As you have a correspondent on board the *Roanoke*, who will have a good opportunity of studying the strangers, I will only remark that, in my opinion, none of them will be hanged for their beauty, whatever else fate may befal them. In the Indian delegations that sometimes come to Washington, many have a noble appearance and dignified front, but most of them are squat figures, scarcely five feet high any of them, with big eyes, big mouth, lank, sallow cheeks, and of all the abominably-dressed people in the world, they are decidedly the worst.

In local news, we have but little. Last night, JESUS MALO, who was condemned to death at Bogate for the murder of his brother, the Governor of Cundenamarca, and afterwards respited to the Chartgang, was arrested at the Island of Taboga, Panama, he having escaped from his guard and made his way to the Isthmus on his way to Lima.

I learn from the Peruvian Consul of Panama that Ex-President FLORES, of Ecuador, has been expelled from Peru by Gen. CASTILLA.

In port at Panama, United States war-ships *Lancaster, Powhatan, Saranac* and *Warren*. The *Levant* and *Wyoming* are on the coast of Central America. In Aspinwall, the United States ships *Roanoke, Sabine, Falmouth* and *Relief*. The British frigate *Emerald* arrived at Aspinwall last night.

The agent of the Royal Mail Steamship Company was arrested to-day, he having refused to pay the commercial tax. Mr. SCOTT, Agent for Mr. VANDERBILT, is likely also to be arrested to-day for the same cause. F. W. R.

ADDRESS OF AMOS B. CORWINE, ESQ., CONSUL OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AT PANAMA, ON BEING PRESENTED TO THE JAPANESE AMBASSADORS, APRIL 25, 1860.

AMBASSADORS: Being the only civil officer of the United States present, and in view of the fact that Your Excellencies are the guests of my nation, I trust you will not consider me obtrusive if I avail myself of this opportunity to offer to Your Excellencies my hearty congratulations on your safe arrival at this port; and to express the hope that nothing may occur to interrupt your pleasure and comfort during the remainder of the voyage to the United States, where, I am sure, a warm, cordial and enthusiastic reception awaits Your Excellencies. The whole nation is ready to receive you with open arms.

The President of the United States, the honored head of the nation, is awaiting your arrival at the Capital with the liveliest solicitude, and is eager to extend to your Excellencies all the honors and hospitalities to which, from your distinguished positions, as well as the peculiar nature and great importance of your mission, your Excellencies are so eminently entitled—a mission from which is expected to flow the happiest results.

I trust that the impressions which your Excellencies may receive of my country with respect to her institutions, her material prosperity, her various branches of industry, agriculture, commercial, mechanical, &c., will be pleasing and lasting, and you will carry back with you to your own beautiful isles such delightful recollections of the great Republic of the New World as will inspire among your countrymen, generally, a desire to visit it, and that thus may soon spring up between the two countries—which shall last for all time—the freest intercourse and the most friendly relations.

Already, since you have opened your ports to foreign trade, an event which is to be ascribed in a great measure to the friendly offices and persevering efforts of the United States of America, has your country been greatly benefited. Your rich and beautiful fabrics are now to be found in almost every market. If this intercourse, so auspiciously begun, will only continue, the most beneficial result must follow, not only to Japan, but to all the world—"a consummation devoutly to be wished" by all who have a realizing sense of the great benefits derived from commercial intercourse between nations.

I again wish Your Excellencies a pleasant and prosperous voyage to your destination.

The Ambassadors were greatly pleased with this address of the Consul of the United States of America at Panama.

CORRECT LIST OF JAPANESE OFFICIALS.

1. SIMME-BUJEN-NO-KAMI, Chief Ambassador.
2. MURAGAKE-AWAGE-NO-KAMI, Assist.-Ambassador.
3. OGURE-BUNGO-NO-KAMI, Chief Adviser to the Ambassadors.
4. MORITA OKATARO, Officer of the Treasury.

NARUSE GENSIRO, Vice-Governor, belonging to the Ambassadors.

SHARKARA JHUGORO, Officer, belonging to the Ambassadors.

HETAKA KASSABURO, OSAKARE TETSTARO, two Officers, belonging to the Adviser.

MEASAKE, MORAYAMA, two Official Physicians to the Embassy.

MATSMOTO SANNOJO, YOSIDA SAGOSAIMON, two Under-Officers, belonging to the Embassy.

NAM-OU-RA GO-HAT-CHE-RO, Officer—Chief Interpreter.

HASUCHE SANJURO, CHUGE JOSEGORO, two under officers, belonging to the Treasury.

KURI-SIMA-RICO-HATSIRO, SEWO-SAWA-SCOGERO, two under officers, belonging to the Adviser.

FAT-RISCH TOKOJERO, FAT-RISCH ONOGERO, two interpreters.

COWASAKI, Physician to the Embassy.

Two Ambassadors, eighteen officers, fifty-two servants; in all, seventy-two persons. One of the servants (a cook) was left sick in San Francisco, to return by the Japanese steamer.

LIST OF OFFICERS

ATTACHED TO THE UNITED STATES STEAM FRIGATE ROANOKE, FLAG SHIP OF THE HOME SQUADRON.

Flag Officer—William J. McCluney, Commander-in-Chief Home Squadron.
Captain—William H. Gardner.
Lieutenants—Carter B. Poindexter, Thomas H Stevens, George H. Cooper, J. Blakely Creighton, Wm. L. Powell, Daniel L. Braine.
Fleet Surgeon—Charles Chase.
Passed Assistant Surgeon—Arthur M. Lynah.
Assistant Surgeon—Morcellus P. Christian.
Purser—E. C. Doran.
Chaplain—Nathaniel Frost.
Marine Officers—Captain, Josiah Watson; Second Lieutenant, P. H. W. Fontane; Chief Engineer, Elbridge Lawton; Flag Secretary, William C. Zantzinger; Captain's Clerk, R. W. Byrd; Purser's Clerk, J. W. Guathney: Master, Edward P. Lull; Midshipman, W. A. Kerr; Boatswain, John McKinley; Gunner, John Owins; Carpenter, Francis M. Cecil; Sailmaker, Wm. Bennett.
Engineers—First Assistants, J. M. Adams, George R. Johnson and J. W. Moore; Second Assistants, C. Levy, John Purdy, Jr.; Third Assistants, S. L. P. Ayres and J. H. Bailey.
Passengers—Captain A. S. Taylor, United States Marine Corps, and Assistant Surgeon J. W. Sandford, Jr.

SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA.

The Revolution in Ecuador—Castilla Reorganizes his Cabinet—Disturbances in Bolivia—A Railroad Across the Andes—Urquiza Resigns the Presidency of the Argentine Confederation—Probable Failure of Mr. Dimitry's Mission.

From Our Own Correspondent.

PANAMA, Wednesday, April 25, 1860.

The British Mail steamer, from Valparaiso, and intermediate ports, arrived here on the 22d. The news is meagre. The Panama Railroad Company's steamer *Columbus*, arrived from Central American ports on the 5th. She brought no papers, as she was not generally expected on the coast to commence her trips when she did.

ECUADOR.

Dates from Guayaquil, by way of Paita, are only up to the 12th inst. Gen. FRANCO, with his force of a couple thousand men, still occupied Guayaquil, claiming to be President of Ecuador, in virtue of his bayonets, while Dr. GARCIA MORENA occupied all the rest of the Republic, his head-quarters being at Quito.

PERU.

Dates from Lima and Callao are to the 13th. CASTILLA had reorganized his Cabinet. Señor JOSE FABIO MELGAR is Minister of War, Gen. JUAN ANTONIA PEZET is Minister of War, and Señor MANUEL MORALES is Minister of Government and Public Works.

By the shipping list I send you, you will perceive that an unusual number of American vessels have arrived at the Chinchas the past fortnight. Freights of guano from the Chinchas to England are quoted at £3, and to the United States $15—but it is known that that several of the American ships are engaged at higher rates. Exchange on the United States, payable in Bolivian silver, is 25 per cent. premium; on England 24 per cent.; American gold 25 per cent. premium; English gold 20 per cent.; Chili 16 per cent. At the Chinchas, most of the vessels are now obliged to remain the full number of their lay-days, there being 106 vessels at the Islands. Some small lots of lumber from California have been sold there at $80 per 1,000 feet.

BOLIVIA.

Dates from La Paz are to the 17th inst. Ex-President BELZU was daily expected in the county—some feared to excite the people to a revolution against Dr. LINARES, who still keeps up a large force, which is concentrated about La Paz, to guard against the threatened attack of Peru.

Dates are to April 1. The reported resignation of Ministers URMENETA and GARCIA have not yet been verified.

Mr. WHEELRIGHT has proposed to the Government of Chili the grand project of a railroad across the Andes.

In the month of March the dues paid into the Valparaiso Custom-house amounted to $600,000, an immense increase.

The Government has loaned out $2,700,000 of the $7,000 000 borrowed from England, with which to finish its railroads, until it shall be wanted for use.

Business the past fortnight had been good, although the high rate of exchange on England had caused large shipments of silver, to the injury of the retail trade. American grey domestics, narrow and wide, are wanted; also, white shirtings. Flour sells at $3 25 to $3 50 per quintal, 6 months. Barley is held at $3 75 to $3 94 per fanega, cash. Coal, $5, cash, deliverable in Lota, and $5 75, 6 months, in Coronel. Saltpetre, $2 50, cash. No Carolina Rice in market. Copper, in bars, $20 50 to $20 75, cash. Freights to Europe £3. The American ships *Commonwealth, Sybil* and *William* were chartered to take guano from the Chinchas to Hampton Roads, at $15. Exchange on London 44d. per dollar, 60 days; on the United States, 60 days, 11 per cent. premium.

ARGENTINE CONFEDERATION.

Gen. URQUIZA had retired from the Presidency with a graceful address, and Señor DERQUI was inaugurated on the 5th March. URQUIZA is to be Commander-in-Chief of the Army. There is still some doubts about the ultimate peaceable settlement of the Buenos Ayres annexation matter.

COSTA RICA.

Dates are to the 17th from Punta Arenas and San José. The Provisional President, MONTEALEGRE, has been elected President of the Republic with scarcely any opposition.

Letters from San José say that Mr. DIMITY's mission both to Nicaragua and Costa Rica will prove a complete failure—British interests, on account principally of the superior diplomacy employed, being paramount. F. W. R.

FIRE IN THE WOODS—INCENDIARISM AND BURGLARY.—The woods in the western part of Ashfield, Mass., were fired by some rascal on the 7th inst., and were still burning on the 8th. The fire had already on that day run over several hundred acres of timber land, some of it the most valuable in the town. About the time the flames were first observed the house of Mr. WM. SEARS was broken into and robbed of a number of articles of no great value. Part of the stolen property has been found upon a man by the name of STYLES, who has been arrested.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Exciting Debate upon the Homestead Bill in the Senate.

An Equally Animated Discussion of the Tariff in the House.

The Republicans Unable to Force a Vote on Either Bill.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, May 9.

THE NEW FRENCH MINISTER.

Dispatches received at the French Legation announce that the new Minister will leave Havre for the United States about the 10th of June. Vicomte TREILLIARD will then retire from this mission.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS.

The State Department is in receipt of important news from Mexico, to the effect that MIRAMON's power is broken, if not entirely gone. It is now determined by the Administration to urge action on the Mexican treaty, and to take it with the proposed amendments.

Lord LYONS has received no instructions from his Government touching the English policy in Mexico. The first information he had on the subject was obtained from the TIMES.

THE TARIFF.

Secretary COBB is violently opposed to any change in the Tariff, and is active in his efforts to defeat the bill under consideration. He regards frequent change in the Tariff as a great curse to our Revenue system. The Senate will certainly reject any bill presented. The Republicans are much divided in sentiment on the details of the bill. It is believed that the present discussion will continue a week longer.

VIRGINIA TO HAVE AN ARMORY.

Gov. LETCHER returned here this evening, in company with Mr. AMES of Springfield, agent of English manufacturers of machinery for an armory. Mr. AMES goes to Richmond to superintend the location of a State Armory, and contracts are closed for the machinery at $127,000. Gov. LETCHER speaks of the courteous attention with which he was treated at the North.

THE HOMESTEAD LAW.

The Homestead bill, which has occupied the Senate to-day, will likely pass that body to-morrow. It differs materially from the bill passed by the House, which the Senate refused to substitute.

POLITICAL.

Judge DOUGLAS will not speak until Monday.

The politicians are noisily discussing, this evening, the probable results of the several Conventions. A dispatch from Baltimore says HOUSTON's nomination is probable. A great many delegates to the several Conventions still loiter among us. Senator WADE is looming up for the Chicago nomination, and the chances seem to be in his favor. The Republicans will take up the Union Convention's candidate for the Vice-Presidency, if he be a good man, with a view to preventing the necessity for an election of that officer by the Senate, even though the Presidential election be thrown into the House.

PREPARATIONS FOR THE JAPANESE.

Willard's have received a large supply of extra doings from New-York for the accommodation of the Japanese Ambassadors.

HEALTH OF CHIEF-JUSTICE TANEY.

Chief-Justice TANEY is reported to be dangerously ill.

THE WATROUS IMPEACHMENT CASE.

Several witnesses in the Watrous case have arrived, and the Committee is ready to proceed. The prosecutors expect to prove by the books and officers of the New-York Land Company, that Judge WATROUS was a member of that Company, and engaged in buying fraudulent land certificates for more than a year after he went on the bench.

THE COVODE COMMITTEE.

A deputy of the Sergeant-at-Arms has left Washington for New-Orleans to summon witnesses before the Covode Committee. Q.

From Another Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, May 9.

THE COVODE COMMITTEE.

The Covode Committee had before them, this morning, the two Messrs. GRICE, of Philadelphia, connected with the Navy-yard there. They were questioned as to the famous live-oak contract, and testified that the contract was first given to them, and they were limited in its delivery to fifteen days. They failed to fulfil the terms of the contract as to time, and it was taken from them and given to Mr. SMITH, of Massachusetts, who was allowed all the time he chose.

They were all Democrats, but SMITH seems to have been the favorite. Mr. SMITH was examined yesterday, but the same evidence was taken by Mr. SHERMAN last year. Mr. COVODE takes it up where Mr. SHERMAN left off. Mr. MARTIN, Clerk in the Interior Department, was called this morning. He went to Kansas, where he was sent to aid in carrying out the policy of the Administration. He did not give his testimony very freely, and is not yet discharged. One other witness was called, who will be examined at the next meeting of the Committee. Ex-Congressman WHITT has been called. P.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, May 9.

Mr. DAVIS, of Mississippi (Dem.,) introduced a bill to change the jurisdiction of the Indian Bureau from the Interior to the War Department.

Mr. HALE, of New-Hampshire, (Rep.,) moved to take up the veto message of the President on private bills.

Mr. LANE, of Oregon, (Dem.,) asked leave to make a personal explanation.

Mr. SLIDELL, of Louisiana, (Dem.,) hoped the Senator from Oregon would be permitted to set himself right. A libelous sheet in New-York had said he (SLIDELL) was interested in the Oregon war debt, and had, also, implicated other Senators.

Mr. HALE thought any time before the 18th of June would do for an explanation.

Mr. HALE's motion was lost.

Mr. LANE moved to take up the Oregon war debt bill, and it was taken up.

Mr. LANE said he could not explain fully the origin of this war debt, but he could explain the charges against himself. The papers had charged that a great swindle had been perpetrated on the country by this bill, and that he was interested to a large amount. He was not interested the value of one cent. He was not in the habit of grabbing at the Treasury. He had served as a volunteer in two Indian wars and never claimed one cent. The charge against him and his friends was slander. He read a short sketch of the war in Oregon and Washington.

Mr. FITCH, of Indiana, (Dem.,) said at some future day he would have something to say on this subject.

On motion of Mr. WADE, of Ohio, (Rep.,) the Homestead bill was taken up.

Mr. GRIMES, of Iowa, (Rep.,) moved to extend the provisions of the bill to all single persons over twenty-one years of age, as well as heads of families, and advocated that amendment.

Mr. GREEN, of Missouri, (Dem.,) felt very much inclined to support the bill in its present form, not because it was a Homestead bill, but because it was not a Homestead bill. It now merely proposes to reduce the price of the public lands from $1 25 to 25 cents an acre, provided they be occupied five years. Lands can be bought for that now, under the present law, and any man unable to pay for lands under the graduation laws is unfit to own land. But don't attempt to deceive the public by representing this as a Homestead bill when it is not.

Mr. JOHNSON, of Arkansas, (Dem.,) defended the present bill as one of compromise and concession and therefore opposed Mr. GRIMES' amendment as likely to defeat the measure. The Democratic Senators would not support a pure Homestead bill, giving away lands without any remuneration; but when a sufficient sum is charged to cover the actual expense of the Government, it was policy to dispose of the public lands, and encourage their settlement.

Mr. WIGFALL, of Texas, (Dem.,) discussed the nature of the form of Government under which we live, quoting from the *Federalist*, and showing what powers belong to the States and what to the General Government. He contended that the latter had no proper jurisdiction over the public lands, but they belonged to the States.

Mr. GRIMES advocated the amendment.

Mr. GREEN replied to Mr. GRIMES, and in the course of his remarks alluded to the fact that the people of Iowa were unable to pay their taxes, and had to emigrate to Missouri.

Mr. HARLAN, of Iowa, (Rep.)—Will the Senator state the amount of the debt of Missouri and the debt of Iowa?

Mr. GREEN—Missouri has a large debt and a large ability to pay it, because her citizens pay their taxes.

Mr. WILKINSON, of Minnesota, (Rep.)—Does she pay the interest on her bonds?

Mr. GREEN—She does. Are you answered?

Mr. WILKINSON—I am very glad to hear it.

Mr. GREEN—Have you got any of her bonds? I don't mean to answer impertinent questions, but if the Senator has got any Missouri bonds, and will present them to me, I will pay them if the State don't.

Mr. WILKINSON—I don't intend to ask impertinent questions, but I understood that Missouri was in debt, and when the interest accrued on her bonds that she was obliged to issue new bonds and sell them to meet the interest on the bonds outstanding. I meant no insult to the State of Missouri or to the Senator.

Mr. GREEN—Then he understood the fact to be that the State did pay the interest by extraordinary exertions, and yet asks the question whether it was paid. I am ashamed of such a question in the Senate of the United States.

Mr. WILKINSON advocated Mr. GREEN' amendment.

Mr. MASON, of Virginia, (Dem.,) said if it was proposed to give away the lands, the Government might discriminate who should be the recipients, but if it was proposed to sell them, it was unfair to give the privilege of purchase to some and withhold it from others.

Mr. PUGH, of Ohio, (Dem.,) spoke in opposition to the amendment, thinking if it were persisted in, it must destroy the bill.

Mr. FITCH, although in favor of the amendment, on that appeal would feel compelled to vote against it.

The question was taken, and the amendment rejected. Yeas, 27; nays, 28.

Mr. FITCH submitted an amendment, extending the present bounty land system to soldiers who have served less than fourteen days. If we are going to give away the public lands to everybody, let us provide for the soldiers first.

Mr. HARLAN should vote against all amendments, although he preferred the House bill; for he was satisfied that it could not become a law this session.

The amendment was rejected. Yeas, 17; nays, 35.

Mr. GREEN said as the Senate, by a very large majority, had refused to give soldiers what they proposed to give to everybody, he would move to lay the bill on the table. Not agreed to. Yeas 16; nays 33.

Mr. WADE moved to substitute the House bill for the Senate bill. This, as has been already said, was only a graduation bill. Not agreed to. Yeas 26; nays 31.

Mr. CLARK, of New-Hampshire, (Rep.,) moved to strike out the eleventh section, relating to the cession of those lands remaining unsold for thirty-five years, to the States where they are situated.

Messrs. PUGH, DAVIS, MASON and CLAY opposed that amendment, and it was rejected. Yeas 7; nays 48.

Mr. RICE, of Minnesota, (Dem.,) moved to amend the same section by substituting five years instead of 35. Not carried.

Mr. CLAY, of Alabama, (Dem.,) moved to amend by making it 25 years.

After some debate Mr. HAMMOND, of South Carolina, (Dem.,) moved to adjourn. Not agreed to.

Mr. CLAY modified his amendment, making the time 30 years.

The question was taken and the amendment adopted. Yeas, 27; nays, 26.

The discussion was continued on various amendments, and several motions to adjourn were successively voted down.

At 6 o'clock Mr. HAMMOND moved that the Sergeant-at-Arms be directed to request the attendance of the absent members. Not agreed to.

Mr. RICE offered an amendment extending the operation of the bill to lands not subject to private entry, which was adopted.

Messrs. PUGH, LANE, JOHNSON of Arkansas, and others, opposed the bill in the present form, although favoring the bill as reported from the Committee.

Mr. LANE moved to postpone the bill till the first Monday in June, and have the amendments printed, so that Senators can understand it.

Mr. WADE said there must be an end of all things, and he hoped this bill would be finished to-night.

Mr. SLIDELL suggested a postponement till 3 o'clock to-morrow. Not carried.

Several dilatory motions intervened, which were speedily voted down by the friends of the bill.

Mr. BROWN suggested that they finish the bill except the amendment of the Senator from Minnesota, and then report to the Senate. If not, he was willing to sit till morning dawned. He was not afraid to say that he was in favor of giving land to the landless.

At seven o'clock Mr. HAMMOND renewed his motion to adjourn. Rejected—Yeas 7, Nays 29. Several Senators present refused to vote.

The bill was reported to the Senate.

Mr. GREEN opposed the bill. He dared Senators to say it was a Homestead bill. He said it was an infamous attempt to deceive the public by corrupt, broken down politicians. The bill was an attempt to vote away his property to infamous scoundrels.

Mr. JOHNSON, of Arkansas, appealed to the other side of the Chamber not to force a vote on the contested amendment.

Mr. WADE—Homestead bills have always been put off in this way. He was opposed to any motion to postpone.

Mr. BROWN appealed for an adjournment. He said to-morrow was set aside for the Senator from Illinois. He asked to postpone till some other time.

Mr. DOUGLAS, of Illinois, (Dem.,) said rather than have the Senate go on at this late hour, he would waive his right till Monday next.

Mr. GREEN—I object. You (to Mr. DOUGLAS) shall have to-morrow.

At 10 minutes past 8 the Sen

LAW REPORTS.

The Quarrel of the Gas Companies.

The People of the State of New-York vs. *James Bowen, et al.*—This is an action brought by the Attorney-General, to restrain the defendants, as Corporators of the Metropolitan Gas Company, from organizing and operating under a charter granted in 1855. The action is based upon the ground that the act of the Legislature incorporating the Company is void, because it was not signed by the Governor until after the Legislature adjourned. This is claimed under Article 4, sec. 9, of the Constitution of the State. The complaint also sets up other reasons: That the Company did not, within a year from the time of its incorporation, nor has it yet, gone into operation; that the contract under which it was formed is void, because it establishes and fosters a monopoly, granting exclusive use of the streets of the City (if permitted by the Common Council) for the pipes of the Company. At the Special Term of the Court, Justice Sutherland decided these questions adversely to the People, and the case now comes before the General Term on appeal from that decision. The questions involved were now argued at great length, and decision was reserved. The issues are really between the Manhattan Gas Company and the defendants, they alone being parties in interest.

Wm. M. Evarts for the People and the Manhattan Gas Company; Messrs. Mosel & Hutchens and John Slosson for the Metropolitan Gas Company.

Action against a Policeman.

A CHARGE OF FALSE IMPRISONMENT.

John Becker vs. *Charles Caffrey.*—This was an action for false imprisonment. The plaintiff is a keeper of a lager-bier saloon in Seventh-avenue, near Twentieth-street. The defendant is a police sergeant of the Sixteenth Ward.

It appears that on the 16th of June, 1859, the defendant requested the plaintiff to shut up his place, in which, at the time, the plaintiff was celebrating his birthday with music, &c. The plaintiff declined to do it in person, but, as he alleges, stated to the officer that he would have his bar-keeper do his (officer's) bidding. The officer wished the plaintiff to proceed to the task in person and at once; whereupon the plaintiff used language not in accordance with the decorum of the best circles, and was arrested and locked up for the night in the Sixteenth Ward Station-house.

On the next day he was taken before a magistrate at Jefferson Market, and, as he alleges, without a hearing, fined $5. He also alleges that after he had handed up the money to pay the announced fine of $5, the officer insisted that it was too light, and that thereupon he was fined an additional $5, making $10.

He now brought his action for the false imprisonment. The defence is a general denial of the allegations, with an allegation to the effect that the plaintiff was disorderly.

The cause now came on for trial before Judge Daly in the Common Pleas, and was submitted to the jury, who are to render a sealed verdict.

David Levy for plaintiff; C. S. Spencer for defendant.

City Cases.

DAMAGE FOR AN OPEN SEWER.

John Cooney vs. *The Mayor, &c.*—This was an action against the Corporation to recover damages for injuries alleged to have been sustained by the plaintiff in consequence of a sewer having been left in an unguarded condition.

The plaintiff alleges that in January, 1859, he was one night passing along Forty-fifth-street, in which the unguarded sewer is alleged to have been, and as the night was dark, he accidently fell into it and dislocated his shoulder, and was otherwise so injured that he was for a long time unable to attend to his ordinary vocations. The defendants denied everything alleged.

Upon the trial, which now came on before Judge Hilton, in the Common Pleas, it appeared from the plaintiff's testimony that there were two streets leading to his house; the one in good condition and the other dangerous. Yet, notwithstanding his knowledge of the fact that the street was a dangerous one, and notwithstanding the darkness of the night, he took the street in which the sewer was exposed, and was injured. Upon this state of the case Mr. Anderson, Assistant Corporation Counsel, moved for nonsuit, which was granted. Judge Hilton held that from the evidence in the case the plaintiff contributed to the circumstance which led to his injury, and could not therefore recover. Had he taken the route indicated by good judgment, no accident would have occurred to him.

Wm. B. Robinson for plaintiff. Messrs. Willard & Anderson for defendants.

Abetting the Slave-trade.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—May 9.

Smalley, J.—*Theodore Rynders and Henry Mons.*—The discharged Marshal's officers, who were indicted yesterday for causing the *Storm King* to go to sea on a slaving voyage, were brought up this morning, and were ordered to plead to the indictment on Tuesday next, and to give bail in the sum of $1,500 each. They gave bail accordingly, and were discharged from custody.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Mullen, J.—*Woodhull* vs. *Keeler.*—Motion granted, with $10 costs.

Leonard, J.—*Mott* vs. *Backus.*—Injunction dissolved, with $10 costs, to abide event.

Borst vs. *Kingsbury.*—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

Dresser vs. *Murat.*—Motion denied.

Boynton vs. *Boynton.*—Motion denied without prejudice to renewal.

Application of Mayor, &c.—Order of reference granted.

Forrant vs. *Forrant.*—Counsel allowed $100; alimony $8 per week pending litigation, but to cease in three months, unless the defendant consents to reference within ten days. Referee to be named by the Court.

Hammond vs. *Hammond.*—Motion granted.

Lankots vs. *Lankots.*—Divorce granted; custody of children to plaintiff.

Pentz vs. *Pentz.*—Divorce granted; custody of children to plaintiff; alimony $8 per week.

Muller, J.—*Shaw* vs. *Smith.*—Motion to confirm report granted.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Bosworth, J.—*Mortimer* vs. *Bonner et al.*—Case and exceptions settled.

Hoffman, J.—*Bissill* vs. *Hamlin.*—The appeal to be reargued before the General Term for May, 1860, on the case as settled.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM.

Brady, J.—*Glover* vs. *Wickersham.*—Motion granted unless defendant pay $25 on account of judgment. If that done, then motion denied. Payment to be made within 10 days after service of order.

Barker vs. *Oatsmith.*—Motion granted.

Court Calendar—May 10.

U. S. District Court—Nos. 85, 53, 114, 96, 54, 97, 98, 55, 56.

Supreme Court—General Term.—The non-enumerated calendar will be called.

Supreme Court—Circuit.—*Part I.*—Nos. 1115, 1123, 1125½, 1133, 1137½, 1139, 121, 1147, 1149, 1151, 1153, 1155, 1157, 1161, 1165, 1167, 1171, 1175, 1177, 1181. *Part II.*—Nos. 990, 840, 678, 960, 462, 970, 972, 976, 982, 990, 996, 1000, 570, 858, 610, 784, 1006, 1008, 1010, 1012.

Superior Court—*Part I.*—Nos. 425, 427, 57, 56, 443, 445, 447, 453, 385, 423 683, 457, 461, 462, 465, 467, 469, 470, 471. *Part II.*—Nos. 227, 538, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 558.

Common Pleas—*Part I.*—Nos. 1918, 1852, 1830, 329, 1944, 1978, 1979, 1980, 198, 1982, 1983 1986, 1987, 1989, 1990, 1991. *Part II*—Nos. 1567, 1569, 1579, 1710, 1854, 1868, 1877, 1662, 1906, 47, 1615, 1992, 1993, 1996, 1879.

How Democrats Steal Slaves.—The Boston *Atlas and Bee*, of yesterday, states that a fugitive slave came as a passenger to that city by the *S. R. Spaulding*, which brought the Democratic Delegation from Charleston. The *Atlas* says his name is Norris; he is about 35 years old, is decidedly African, and belongs to the estate of Thomas Dixon, Georgia, of Mason and Dixon's line fame. He was second engineer on a tow-boat running between Savannah and the River Tiber, South Carolina. He was regarded as a good hand, reliable, safe and all that, and had performed a great amount of hard labor for his masters. Norris looks as though he could do much service yet, even in a northern atmosphere, where he proposes to spend a few years or more, having taken his liberty in his own hands. Though not as bright looking as some negroes we have seen, he is yet sufficiently smart to have successfully played a card or two that will not be thought to be so bad. The tow-boat, it seems, had extended somewhat its regular trips and visited Charleston in the harbor of which city it remained for a while. Norris, no doubt, had the freedom of the city, after a fashion. He appears to have made a practical use of the privilege extended to him. It is pretty certain that he went on board the *Spaulding* several times; that as a boatman he was a sort of boon companion with the crew and hands for the time; that he concluded to take passage, and finally that he *did* take passage. It seems that he got a good position on board, (in the fore part,) that he was not discovered, and that he arrived in Boston without putting the captain or anybody else either to the trouble or expense of stopping other vessels bound South or elsewhere. For his quiet conduct he is to be commended, and his example should not be forgotten by those who in the future take passage, under similar circumstances, from a Southern port. Immediately on stepping ashore he went to one of the dépôts of the Underground Railroad, and was at once forwarded to Canada.

A Terrible Calamity.—The Charleston *Courier* of the 7th has the following special dispatches, which give a few additional particulars of a calamity announced by the telegraph on Monday afternoon:

Columbia, S. C., Sunday, May 6—10:30 A. M.

A fishing party from an excursion train on the Camden Branch visited Boykin's Mill Pond on Saturday morning. About fifty of them embarked in a boat or flat, which, by some unexplained cause, was either accidentally capsized or sunk—probably from a snag—and twenty-seven of the party found watery graves, the greater portion being females. The following are among those known to be lost: Miss Minnie Alexander, Miss Sarah Howell, Miss Selma Crosby, Miss Alice Robinson, Miss Laurie McKagen, Miss Kelly, Miss Jane Young, Miss McCowan, Miss Sallie Jenkins, Miss Louisa Nettles, John Oakes, two Mr. Hocotts, F. H. Richbourg, Willie McKagen, Lucius Legrand, Wm. Legrand, Jerry McLeod, R. Huggins, Miss Holly Young and another daughter and a son of Samuel H. Young.

The pond was to have been emptied this morning, and further search made for the missing, but up to the date of this dispatch no additional names have been added to the above list.

The railroad train last night brought up twelve dead bodies, having left the pond at 1 o'clock A. M. this morning, and has not yet returned.

Camden, May 6, P. M.—Twelve of the victims of the Boykin's Mill Pond calamity were interred in this city to-day. Active exertions are continued for recovering all the bodies.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....May 9.

$5,000	Tennessee 6s, '90	91	
5,000	Virginia 6s	93¾	
5,000	do	c	93¾
5,000	do	c	93¾
22,000	Missouri 6s, '81	87½	
700	Louis'a State 6s	97¾	
1,000	do		96¾
10,000	do		96
10,000	N. Y. Cen. 6s		93
1,000	E. R. 1st s. Bds		99¾
5,000	Erie R. 2d M. B		89¾
8,000	Bud. R. R. 2d M.		102
4,000	Har. R. 1st M.		97
5,000	Har. R. 2d M. R.		80
1,000	M. C. R. 8 Pct 1st M.		98
	S Fund Con Bds.		94
9,000	Mich So 2d m. os		87
5,000	do		86¾
3,000	Han & St J. R. Bs.		72¾
2,000	do		72¾
2,000	do		72¾
5,000	do		72
5	Bank of Commerce		100¾
20	Park Bank		113
50	Comb. Coal Pref.		14¾
85	Pacific M. S. Co.		105
50	do		810 105
100	do		b60 105¾
200	do		105¾
100	do		105¾
197	N. Y. Central R.		80
3600	do		80¾
100	do		b10 81
400	do		b60 80¾
100	do		b30 80½
200	do		b60 80½
400	do		s60 80
100	do		s30 80
50	do		b10 80
300	do		s60 79¾
100	Indianap. & Cin. R.		39

SECOND BOARD.

$3 000	U. S. 5s, 1868		102
18,000	U. S. 5s, 1874		103¾
25 000	Tennessee 6s, '90		91
11,000	Virginia St. 6s		92
$ 00	Missouri St. 6s		93¾
18,000	do		83½
3,000	P. R. 5th M. Bds.		59½
5 000	Erie R. Bds. 1875		43
2,000	Ill. Cen. R. Bs.		89¾
1,000	Hud. R. 1st M.		104
1,000	L. S. & W. R. 1st M.		96
70	Erie Railroad		19¾
100	do	b60	19¾
20	Amer. Exch. Bank		103¾
20	Merchants' Bank		107¾
50	Pacific M. S. Co.		106¾
50	do	b10	107
100	do	b60	107¼
200	do		107
100	do	b60, 107	
535	New-York C. R.		80
100	do	b60	80¾
100	do	b60	80¾
200	Hudson R. R.	b60	43¾
50	Reading Railroad		43¾
200	Michigan Cent. R.		49¾
250	Mich. S. & N. I. R.	b60	14¾
200	do		12¾
50	M. S. & N. I. G. S.	s30	34¾
200	do		34¾
450	Panama Rail'd	s30	145¾
500	Gal. & Chicago R.		60¾
100	do	b30	60¾
100	do		60¾
200	Clev. & Tol. R.	b60	30
550	do		29¾
350	Chic & R. I. R.		60¾
	do	s60	60¾
200	Chic., Bur. & Q. R.		65
25	Del. L. & W. R.		85

Wednesday, May 9—P. M.

There was increased firmness on the Stock Exchange to-day, and the market closed this afternoon under a considerable degree of excitement. The heaviest demand from buyers to-day ran upon New-York Central, Chicago and Rock Island, and Galena and Chicago, but this carried up nearly the whole Share list, the Western Roads being the firmest. A large amount of New-York Central appeared to be waiting for about 80 ₱ cent., the price reached at the close of the dealings yesterday. The early orders this morning took up about 5,000 Shares at 80@80½ ₱ cent., and then the price faltered for a short time, but ultimately advanced to 80½ large sales, after the Second Board, and closed 80½@¾ at 4½ o'clock, to which late hour the dealings were kept up. The additional rise on Rock Island was 1½ ₱ cent., sales, after the printed list, at 70 ₱ cent., and 1¾ on Galena, sales at 67 ₱ cent. On these three Stocks the advance since Saturday afternoon is equal on New-York Central to 1¾ ₱ cent.; Galena, 3½, and Rock Island 3½ ₱ cent.; Toledo advanced to 30 ₱ cent.; Michigan Central, 49¾, and Burlington 65; while Michigan Southern stood about the same as on Tuesday. In Pacific Mail Shares there was a renewed speculation, and 107 ₱ cent. was at one time paid this afternoon, the quotation closing 106½@106¾ ₱ cent. There was no cash bush business done in Panama. Offers continued to be made at 145½, seller 30 days, and 450 shares were taken in this way. Erie Shares were active. The advance to 19½@20 brought forward a good many sellers, but the market continued to take the stock, and 19¾ was paid in the afternoon, cash, and 19½ buyer 60 days. The Convertible Bonds of the Company advanced 2@3 ₱ cent. in the rates bid, without bringing out sellers; 43 ₱ cent. would have been paid. The Sinking Fund of 1875 sold at that rate. The fifth mortgages were also higher, sales at 59½ ₱ cent., and the first mortgage 99¾ ex dividend. The Bonds of the New-York Central were equally firm; 92 paid for the 6 ₱ cents ex dividend; 103½ bid for the 7 ₱ cents. of 1876, and 105 for the 7 ₱ cents of 1864. Harlem, Hudson, Michigan Central and Illinois Central Bonds were all firmer. The last named sold at 89½ ₱ cent. In State Stocks, sales of Tennessees and Missouris at about yesterday's prices. The Virginias were ½ ₱ cent. lower on the announcement of a new loan for September next. This loan we understand to be, in good part, to retire the previous outstanding liabilities of the Commonwealth by way of indorsement; the remainder being for subscriptions to the Covington and Ohio Road, &c. The option is given to bidders of a 6 ₱ cent. coupon or registered Federal Stock, or a 4½ or 5 ₱ cent. Sterling Stock. The loan is made for $6,000,000, to extend over at least thirty months from 1st September next; that is, not more than $200,000 will be called for in any one month. The new 5 ₱ cent. coupon Stock of the United States sold at 103½ ₱ cent. The general market closed with much firmness, and the Share list with considerable buoyancy. The late accounts from England restoring the tone of the Cotton trade, about which some concern began to be felt, and also advising cheaper Money in London, together with the heavy Grain and other produce movements over the New-York and Western Railways, have imparted a degree of confidence in speculation for the rise, which promises to go ahead of the upward turn in April after the adjournment of the New-York Legislature. The renewal of a very active immigration from the old country within the past week or two, and the movement of travel growing out of the various political conventions this Spring, are also having their influence in regard to the passenger traffic over the Railways; so that liberal calculations are already making, on the Street, on the result of the May receipts over the principal lines. The first week's returns for a single line have only come to hand thus far—the Illinois Central—showing $45,000 against $32,000 last season. We have rumors of $6,000 gain on the Galena, and $8,000@$9,000 on the Rock Island.

In the Exchange market, since the closing of the *Africa's* mail, we hear of no considerable transactions. The large export of miscellaneous produce from New-York this week, exceeding two millions, has increased the offering of Merchant bills. There is also more doing here in Cotton for export since Monday, at firmer prices. From the Southern ports we have the following movement for the week and season:

COTTON CROP MOVEMENT SINCE SEPT. 1.

	1860.	1859.	1858.	1857.	1856.
Rec. at P'ts	4,243,000	3,505,000	2,977,000	2,779,000	3,241 000
Ex. to G. B.	2,324 000	1,616 000	1,336,000	1,195,000	1,837,000
ex. to France	537,000	368 000	371 000	354,000	434,000
Ex other F. P.	444,000	480,000	282 000	351 000	438,000
Total exports	3 275,000	2,463,000	1,940,000	1,900 000	2,408 000
Ex's on h'd	575,000	498 000	600,000	365,000	446 000

Of which during the past week, included in the above:

Rec. at P'ts	32,000	40,000	66,000	90,000	52,000
Ex. to G. B.	67 000	73,000	55 000	16,000	65,000
Ex. to France	7,000	11 000	8,000	1 000	12 000
Ex other F. P.	15,000	11,000	19,000	3,000	12 000
Total exports.	89,000	95 000	80,000	20,000	89,000

Messrs. Wright & Co., in their Cotton Circular of this week, say that the receipts "continue on a smaller scale than in the corresponding weeks last year. At the interior towns, in April, the receipts were on a very small scale, and the stock held on 1st of May was 30,000 bales less than at the corresponding dates last year. Within a few days past the accounts are unfavorable for the growing crop. The frosts, 26th and 27th April, have done some damage in Tennessee, and now we learn that further injury was done by frosts in Upper Georgia and Alabama. In Florida the seed had not germinated on 2d May, owing to unusual cold weather and the want of rain."

The Discount brokers complain of a dull demand for Money on prime paper outside of Bank, and some choice September lists have been taken at 5½ ₱ cent., and October 5¾ ₱ cent., per annum, though the general rule at Bank continues 7 ₱ cent. to dealers on 3@6 months paper, with exceptions at 6 ₱ cent. on 30@60 day bills. The market for Discounts is quite as easy as at any time during the season. Money on temporary loan rates from 5@6 ₱ cent. There is fair employment at these figures since the renewed speculation on the Stock Exchange. The Brokers of established credit are accommodated at 5@5½ ₱ cent., charging their own dealers 6 ₱ cent. The export demand for Specie, which fell off so suddenly on Monday, so that no shipments were made by the *Africa*, will be moderate for the steamers on Saturday. The last English news has wrought a marked change in the feeling of some of the banking houses in regard to moving Specie. The Sub-Treasury promises to replace all that will be required this week; the balance in that establishment is reduced about $600,000 since Saturday. The balance now stands $6,452,081.

We have heretofore stated that the Legislature of Pennsylvania recently granted a new act of incorporation to the stockholders and creditors of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway; somewhat similar to the New-York act authorizing the reorganization of the Erie Company. This measure, it is believed, will be all-sufficient for placing the company upon a right legal footing from Pittsburgh to Chicago, as in the other States than Pennsylvania through which the line passes, there are general Railway laws under which the Company will organize on the plan specifically laid down by the new Pennsylvania charter. The only remaining serious obstacle to the successful adjustment of the embarassments of the concern has just been removed by the District Court of the United States, in vacating the local sequestration heretofore ordered at Pittsburgh. The road and its appurtenances thus pass intact to the Ohio Reciever. The following statement is of the business of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad:

The earnings for April are	$178,775 10
Showing an increase of	$39,119 40 over 1859.
The earnings from Jan. 1 to May 1, are	$663,379 02
An increase of	$106,199 80.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Board of Directors of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, held this day, a dividend of Ten ₱ cent. was declared out of the profits, payable on and after the 19th inst. The transfer books will be closed from the 11th to the 21st inst.

Subscription books for the new Stock in the present Corn Exchange are now open, for the purpose of securing funds to erect a new building on the old site, corner of Broad and South streets. This location some of the principal receivers of produce consider the best adapted to the requirements of the trade generally.

The earnings of the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad Company for the third week in April were: Passengers, $13,311 68; Freight, $15,989 95. Total, $29,301 63.

Wm. S. Thorne has been unanimously elected President of the National Fire Insurance Company.

The earnings of the Illinois Central Railroad for the first week in May were:

1860	$45,000
1859	32,454
Increase	$12,546

The following are the Currency and Specie quotations for the week, corrected for us from the rates current at the Banking Office of Messrs. Thompson Brothers:

	Per cent. discount.
New-York State Currency	9-10@ —
New-England and New-Jersey	1-5@ —
Philadelphia	¼@ —
Baltimore	¼@ ⅜
Interior Pennsylvania	⅜@ ⅝
Interior Maryland	⅜@ ⅝
Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky	⅜@1
South Carolina and Georgia	⅜@ ⅝
North Carolina	1 @1¼
Virginia	⅜@1
Illinois and Wisconsin	2¼@2½
Michigan	1 @ —
Tennessee	1¼@1½
Free Indiana	1¼@ —
Louisiana	⅞@1
Mobile	1 @ —
Canada	¼@ ¼
Missouri	2 @ —

SPECIE.

Silver.			
Mexican Dols	$1 06@ —	Spanish Qrs. each	2@ —
Spanish Dollars	1 10@ —	Span. ¼ & 1-16 Pcs.	1 27@ —
Five-franc pieces	98@ —	*Gold.*	
French Crowns	1 10@ —	Sovereigns	4 87@4 89
German Crowns	1 08@ —	Twenty francs	3 88@ —
Prussian Thalers	71@ —	Ten-thaler pieces	67@ —
Guilders	40@ —	Ten-guilder pcs.	3 98@ —
English Silver	4 84@4 85	Spanish Doub'n.	16 40@16 50
Species	1 06@ —	Patriot Doubl'n.	15 10@15 75
Old Am. Half Dols	1 04¼@—	Gold.—Am. Old.	6c. prem.

Boston Weekly Bank Statement.

Boston, Tuesday, May 8.

Capital Stock	$36,581,700
Loans and Discounts	61,614,000
Specie	6,311.700
Due from other Banks	8,324,400
Due to other Banks	9,116 500
Deposits	20,810.000
Circulation	7,322,800

GENERAL MARKETS.

New-York, Wednesday, May 9, 1860—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of produce since our last have been: 17 bbls. Ashes, 13 148 bbls. Flour, 325 bbls. Corn Meal, 12,996 bushels Wheat, 9,948 bushels Corn, 2,114 bushels Rye, 34,578 bushels Oats, 1,266 pkgs. Provisions, and 26 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales to-day 50 bbls. at $5 25 for Pots, and $5 62½ for Pearls ₱ 100 lbs.

COFFEE—Sales 200 mats Java at 15¾c.; and 160 bags Maracaibo at 13c @14c. ₱ lb.

COTTON—Has been purchased to the extent of 800 bales, including Middling Upland at 11¾c.@11¾c., and other grades at proportionate rates ₱ lb.

FLOUR AND MEAL—Less activity has been discernible in State and Western Flour, owing, in part, to the reluctance of the principal holders to make any further important concession to buyers. We have heard of sales of 9,000 bbls., including superfine State at $5 35@$5 40; ordinary to choice extra State at $5 45@$5 55; inferior to choice superfine Western at $5 35@$5 42½; extra Iowa and Wisconsin at $5 55@$6 30; extra Illinois, Indiana and Michigan at $5 60@$6 40; inferior extra Ohio at $6@$6 10; round-hoop extra Ohio, shipping brands, at $6 15@$6 25 ₱ bbl.

Superfine State	$ 35	@	$ 40
Extra State	5 45	@	5 55
Superfine Western	5 35	@	5 42½
Extra Iowa and Wisconsin	5 55	@	6 30
Extra Illinois, Indiana and Michigan	5 60	@	6 40
Inferior Extra Ohio	6 00	@	6 10
Extra Ohio, Round Hoop, shipping brds.	6 15	@	6 25
Extra Ohio, trade brand	6 30	@	7 25
Fancy Genesee	5 60	@	5 75
Extra Genesee	6 10	@	7 75
Inferior to choice Extra Missouri	6 40	@	7 85

Southern Flour has been quiet and depressed. Sales to-day amount to 800 bbls. at $6 30@$6 60 for poor to good superfine Alexandria, Baltimore, &c., and $6 65@$7 75 for fancy to choice extra brands, ₱ bbl. Canadian is in demand, including inferior to very choice extra, chiefly at $5 65@$7 50 ₱ bbl.; 610 bbls. changed hands within the range. Rye Flour is inquired for at $3 45@ $4 20 for fine and superfine, ₱ bbl. Corn Meal is selling at $3 70@$3 75 for large; $4 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl.

GRAIN—Wheat has attracted less attention, especially from shippers, and it closes heavily. The reported transactions, since our last, have been 35,000 bushels, including White Western at $1 60; and Milwaukee Club at $1 30 ₱ bushel. Corn has been more active, sales having been made of 35,000 bushels, at 77c @79c. for mixed Western; 81c.@83c. for Yellow Northern Jersey and Southern; 80c. for White Northern, and 85c.@86c. for White Southern, ₱ bushel. Rye has been in request, and 5,000 bushels have been disposed of, at 85c.@86c. ₱ bushel. Barley has been inactive. Small sales of State were reported at 70c. ₱ bushel. Barley Malt has been lightly dealt in, at 80c.@90c. ₱ bushel. Oats have been less freely purchased, as buyers have not been disposed to pay asking prices. We quote Canada, at 43c.@ 44c.; Western at 42½c @43c.; State at 43c.@44c.; Jersey and Pennsylvania at 40c.@42c.; Southern at 38c.@41c. ₱ bushel.

FRUIT—Sales by auction, 1 945 boxes Palermo Oranges at $2 60@$3 30; and 700 boxes do. Lemons at $2 45@$2 55 ₱ box.

HAY—Sales, 1,200 bales North River at 95c.@$1 ₱ 100 lbs.

HIDES—Have been quiet at former rates. Stock of all kinds in first hands, 254,100, against 156,473 same time last year.

HOPS—Have been in request, including last year's crop at 7c.@13c. ₱ lb.

LEATHER—Sole attracts rather more attention at previous quotations. French finished Calf Skins are quiet, yet quoted firm, with a moderate supply. English salted Sheep Skins are abundant and in slack request at unchanged figures.

LIME—Rockland, 70c. for Common and $1 for Lump. ₱ bl.

METALS—Very light sales have been reported to-day. No important alteration can be noticed in prices.

OILS—Whale, Sperm and Olive have been sparingly sought after at yesterday's rates. Linseed has been in moderate demand, chiefly at 60c@61c. ₱ gallon. In New-Bedford, during the week, sales have been made of 900 bbls. Crude Sperm, and 3,487 bbls. Crude Whale, including, according to the Whalemen's *Shipping List*, 330 bbls. Crude Sperm, at 130c., 150 do. "half bone" at 133c., and 70 do. inferior at 120c. ₱ gallon; also, 250 bbls., at a price not transpired; also, 175 bbls. Northern Crude Whale at 41c., 300 do. do. 41¾c., and 175 do. do., selected, at 42c. ₱ gallon; 1,737 bbls. Northern at a price not transpired; also, 750 bbls. Humpback at 38c., 200 do. South Sea at 42c., and 150 do. Elephant at 39c. ₱ gallon.

Imports of Sperm and Whale Oil and Whalebone into the United States:

	Bbls. Sperm.	Bbls. Whale.	Lbs. Bone.
From Jan. 1 to May 7	15,956	61,669	771,850
Same time last year	17,419	98,583	1,412,000

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in lively request, and sales have been reported of 2,400 bbls., in lots, at $17 87@$18 for New Mess; $17 40 for Old Mess; $14@$14 12½ for New Prime, and $12 75@$13 67½ for Old Prime, ₱ bbl. Cut Meats continues in demand at 9c.@9¾c. for Hams, and 7¾c.@7¾c. for Shoulders, ₱ lb. Bacon is salable and firm at full rates. Lard is inquired for; sales, to-day, 500 tcs. and bbls, at 10¾c.@11¼c., ₱ lb. Beef continues in request; sales 330 bbls., in lots, at $8 50@$10 50 for repacked Western Mess; $11 25@$13 50 for Western Mess; $6@$6 for Country Mess, extra; and $4@$4 62½ for Country Prime, ₱ bbl.; Prime Mess, $14@$16 ₱ tc. Beef Hams, $12 50@$16 ₱ bbl. Butter rules plenty and heavy, at 14c.@19c. for New State, and 12½c.@17½c. for Ohio, ₱ lb. Cheese is selling at 6c.@11c. ₱ lb.

RICE—Sales, to-day, 150 tcs., in lots, at $3 87@$4 37 ₱ 100 lbs.

SUGARS—Sales have been reported of 650 hhds., mostly Cuba, within a range of from 6c.@7¼c. ₱ lb.

TEAS—The public sale, to-day, resulted in the disposal of most of the Teas offered. Prices were well supported. Gunpowder, 41c.@55½c.; Imperial, 31c.@38¾c.; Hyson, 31¾c.@43¾c.; Young Hyson, 29½c.@55½c.; Hyson Twankay, 28c.@32c.; Souchong, 30c.@39c. ₱ lb.

WHISKY—Sales 400 bbls., at 22½c. ₱ gallon.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool the engagements included 35,000 bushels Wheat and Corn at 6½.@6¾d. ₱ bushel, in bulk and ship's bags; 600 bbls. Resin at 1s. 10¾d.; with (by steamer) 300 boxes Cheese at 40s., and 100 hhds. Tallow at 27s. 6d. For London, 300 boxes Cheese (by steamer) at 40s.; and 2,500 bbls. Resin and Crude Turpentine at 2s. 6d. ₱ 280 lbs. The latest charters, according to the *Shipping List*, have been: A ship, 1,400 tons, from St. John, N. B., to Liverpool, Deals, at 75s.; a bark, from Philadelphia to River Plate, Lumber, $18; a brig, 200 tons, to Sombrero and back to Hampton Roads, Guano, $6; a schooner, 1,206 bbls., to Jamaica and back, $1,150; a British brig, 166 tons, to Porto Rico and back, $1,300; a British brig, 120 tons, to Demerara, 60c. ₱ bbl., and back from Cienfuegos, Molasses, $3 25, on and under deck; a brig, to south side Cuba and back, Sugar 40c., Melado 36c., and Molasses $3; a bark, 448 tons, to Havana and back, $3,800; a brig, 210 tons, to Cardenas and back, Sugar 40c. and Molasses $3; a schooner, 240 tons, to north side Cuba and back, 38c. and $3; a bark, to Bordeaux and back, one, 384 tons, to Cette and back, and a schooner, 200 tons, to Barbados, on private terms.

WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKETS.

New-York, Wednesday, May 9, 1860.

Commission Sales of Produce for the week ending May 2, 1860, prepared for The New-York Times by Penney & Johnson, Produce Commission Merchants, No. 231 Fulton-street. Our quotations are such as merchants and producers *realize who ship their Produce to this market to be sold* on commission.

BUTTER.

New Grass Butter has come to hand in small quantities, and readily brought our quotations. The Orange County barges found it expedient to-day to put prices down to 22c., which will necessarily cause a little decline in other grades. White Butter is plenty, but sells readily at prices that favor the buyer. From the Western Reserve we are getting small shipments of Yellow Butter, which find a quick sale at our figures. The last steamer brought most encouraging news to our English shippers, with further orders for any old Butter left here at low figures.

Orange County, pails, ₱ lb	22	@	—
Fine State, half-firkin tubs, ₱ lb	18	@	20
Fair State, half-firkin tubs, ₱ lb	14	@	16
Fine State, Welsh tubs, ₱ lb	16	@	18
Fair State Welsh, tubs, ₱ lb	14	@	16
Western Reserve, choice ₱ lb	14	@	16
Ohio, common to good, ₱ lb	12	@	14

CHEESE.

New, of good quality, is not over abundant, and quickly taken on arrival. The future of our Cheese market is much speculated upon, and opinions widely differ. One thing is certain, the amount of Cheese contracted is much smaller than stated. It is impossible for any one to anticipate prices. Like everything else, the supply and demand will regulate the price through the season.

New State, fine, ₱ lb	10½	@	11
New State, common to fair, ₱ lb	5	@	8
New Ohio, fine, ₱ lb	10	@	10½
New Ohio, common to fair, ₱ lb	5	@	8
Fine Old Cheese, ₱ lb	13	@	13½
Fine English Dairy, ₱ lb	13½	@	14
Fine Pineapple, ₱ lb	14	@	16

EGGS.

The Egg market has completely broken down. By every route, and conveyance they have poured in upon the market, and have drooped daily, till to-day sales of straight marks are made at 11c.@11¾c., while marks less favorably known are offered at 10c.@10½c.

FRUITS.

Dried Apples are in fair sale at 5¾c. for good State, in barrels, 5c. for bags; 4¾c.@5c., for Southern, in barrels, 4c. for sacks. Dried Peaches, of good quality, are much wanted. Dried Blackberries, 12c.

Dried Apples, State, ₱ lb	5¾	@	—
Dried Apples, New Southern, ₱ lb	4	@	5
Dried Peaches, Southern, peeled, ₱ lb	8	@	11
Dried Peaches, Southern, unpeeled	3	@	9
Dried Blackberries, ₱ lb	—	@	12
Dried Cherries, pitted, ₱ lb	20	@	22
Dried Plums, ₱ lb	—	@	22
Dried Raspberries, ₱ lb	18	@	—
Strawberries, ₱ quart	50	@	62½

BEANS

are in small inquiry, and only for prime qualities.

Small Pea, new, ₱ bushel	$1 [illegible]	@	—
Medium, new, ₱ bushel	90	@	1 00
Kidney, ₱ bushel	2 00	@	2 25
Marrowfat, ₱ bushel	1 50	@	—
Red, ₱ bushel	—	@	2 50
China, ₱ bushel	1 75	@	—

SEEDS

of all kinds are quiet. Prices drooping. We quote 8c. is offered for good seeds of Clover. Timothy $4@$4 25. Flax $1 50@$1 55.

POULTRY AND GAME.

Capons, ₱ lb	25	@	28
Turkeys, dressed, ₱ lb

DRY GOODS.

MAY, 1860.
NOTICE
OF
SALE AND REMOVAL.

GREAT SALE OF DRY GOODS
THIS MONTH
AT
Nos. 80 and 82 CHAMBERS-ST.,
NEW-YORK.

DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO.,
Being about to remove to their new and commodious warerooms, Nos. 75, 77, 79, 81, 83 and 85 DUANE ST., near Broadway, and desirous of closing out their present extensive and varied stock of Dry Goods, and to effect this object they are offering

GREAT INDUCEMENTS
TO THEIR CUSTOMERS AND THE TRADE IN GENERAL.

In addition to their AMOSKEAG and WAMSUTTA PRINTS, in new and beautiful styles, they have now for sale the entire balance of the popular low-priced
YORK STATE,
ARKWRIGHT and
KNICKERBOCKER PRINTS,
by the piece or package, FOR CASH OR ON TIME.

MANTILLAS.
BRODIE WILL ON
THURSDAY, MAY 10,
Make another magnificent display of
SUMMER MANTILLAS,
At his new store, under the
FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL,
Corner 23d-st., and at the well-known stand
209 CANAL STREET.

N. B.—The BEDOUIN WRAPPER, made both in Silk and Zephyr cloth is attracting great attention.
Misses' and LADIES' CLOAKS made to order.

JAMES GRAY & CO.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED,
NEW SILKS,
NEW GRENADINES,
NEW ORGANDIES,
NEW BAREGES,
NEW FOULARDS,
NEW ROBES,
LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,
THREAD LACE POINTS
AND MANTILLAS.
No. 720 Broadway, corner Waverley-place.

NEW CARPETINGS.
C. S. HUMPHREY & CO.,
No. 298 BROADWAY, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel,
Have received by late arrivals everything that is NEW and NOVEL in the way of
CARPETINGS,
to be found in the European markets, many of which cannot be found in any other establishment in this country.
Also, a fine assortment of
CHINA MATTINGS.
All fresh goods of this Spring's importation.

CARPETS, CARPETS, CARPETS.
Attention is invited to our stock
Of the
Most desirable styles to
Be had in this City,
Every grade of goods:
MEDALLIONS,
VELVETS, AND
TAPESTRIES.
OIL-CLOTHS,
RUGS,
SHADES, &c.
T. H. & J. E. CONKLING
Are offering their entire stock at
RETAIL FOR CASH,
AT WHOLESALE PRICES.
The most desirable patterns ever offered
At retail in this City.
Every grade of goods
Can be had,
At the lowest
CASH PRICES.
Please give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.
Experienced Upholsterers are engaged, and goods will be delivered free, and laid in any part of this or the adjoining cities. T. H. & J. E. CONKLING,
No. 28 Cortlandt-st., between Broadway and Greenwich.

57 AND 59. 57 AND 59.
BARGAINS! BARGAINS! BARGAINS!
GREAT BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS
HENRY B. CLAPP & CO., Nos. 57 and 59 Catherine-st.,
Are now offering
New style of Spring Challies
at One Shilling per yard.
Also, a splendid assortment of
Rich Berege Robes of 4, 7 and 9 flounces,
At a great sacrifice on cost.
Also,
Rich Poplins, Poilt de Chevre
And Zephyr Cloth.
Also,
An immense stock of
Zephyr Bornous and Chesterfields,
at $3 and upwards.
Rich Stella Shawls at $1 25.
Superb Stella Shawls at $3 50.
Other Rich Dress Goods
In proportionate prices.
H. B. CLAPP & CO.,
Nos. 57 and 59 Catherine-st.

IMPORTANT TO HOUSEKEEPERS.
CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS, &c.
RETAILED AT WHOLESALE PRICES.
Desiring to reduce our Spring stock of Carpetings, we will from May 1 offer our large and well-selected stock at RETAIL.
Housekeepers will observe a saving of the retailer's profit as well as the advantage of selecting from a very large assortment.
Experienced upholsterers are engaged to make and put down goods.
GEORGE S. MURFEY & CO.,
No. 388 Broadway,
near White-st., New-York.

CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS!
ADAMS & SPENCER,
No 281 Grand-st., (Columbian Hall,)
Are offering their large and well-assorted stock of carpetings, oil cloths and matting at very low prices FOR CASH. English Brussels, 95 cents to $1 10; 3 ply, 95 cents to $1 10; All-Wool Ingrains, 45 cents to 75 cents; Cotton and Wool Ingrains, 28 cents to 40 cents; Stair Carpets, 18 cents to 75 cents. Rugs, mats and matting, oil-cloths 1 yard to 6 yards wide.

NOTICE. AVIS. NOTTICIA. AVIZO. NOTIZ.
FOUNTAIN'S India Store is the only place where India Pineapple Dresses, Grapes, Wash Silks, Lutoage, Satins Seersucker, Nankins, Novelties, China, Lacquered Articles, all kinds of curious American India Feather Fans, Bead and Bark Work, &c., can be procured, wholesale and retail, at No. 663 Broadway. French and Chinese Fans, latest style.

NOTICE TO SKIRT MANUFACTURERS.
Steel springs for sale low by the BROOKLYN STEEL SPRING COMPANY,
No. 9 Furman-st., Brooklyn,
near Fulton Ferry.

A CARD TO THE LADIES.
J. A. BLUXOME will commence the sale of a complete and varied assortment of cheap RIBBONS and FLOWERS on THURSDAY, May 10, corner Broadway and 28th-st.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING.
S. CHAMBERS' establishment the oldest and best in the United States, has always an ample supply of Ladies' and Children's Clothing, Bonnets and Hats; Infants' Wardrobes, Wedding Outfits, Robes de Chambre, Under Clothing, &c. Ladies and Merchants supplied at the lowest prices, wholesale and retail, by S. CHAMBERS, No. 508 Broadway, St. Nicholas Hotel.

CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS AND DRY GOODS
In great variety, at low prices, at No. 467 6th-av
J. P. BROUNER.

SPRING FASHION.

MILLINERY OPENING, THIS DAY, AT MLLE. BINN'S new millinery, in his new white marble building, No. 581 Broadway, up stairs, opposite Metropolitan Hotel. Bonnets—Spring and Summer bonnets—for all. Great bargains. Children's bonnets, crape bonnets, ribbons, and straw bonnets.

STATIONERY.

BOOKS, STATIONERY AND FANCY ARTICLES.
T. J. CROWEN, No. 699 Broadway,
DAILY RECEIVING ALL NEW PUBLICATIONS, FANCY AND STAPLE STATIONERY.
Large assortment of let er and note paper, envelopes to match; initials stamped in colors and plain.
Periodicals and books in pamphlet form. Address and at-home cards engraved and printed. Orders solicited and supplied promptly

YOUR CUSTOM SOLICITED BY
FRANCIS & LOUTREL,
Stationers and Printers, No. 45 Maiden-lane.

SLOTE & JANES, STATIONERS, PRINTERS and Blank-book manufacturers, No. 98 Fulton-st. Orders respectfully solicited.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

228. PROVISIONS! FISH! GROCERIES!
AT WHOLESALE.
For sale at low prices, sugar-cured hams, shoulders, beef, pork, lard, prime mild cheese, fresh butter, large No. 1 mackerel, pickled herrings, haddock white-fish, blue-fish, salmon, large white codfish, smoked herrings. Also, white and yellow sugars, all grades, green and black teas, syrups, molasses, spices, and all kinds of first-class
PROVISIONS, FISH AND GROCERIES.
Grocers and dealers generally are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock and prices at No. 228 Washington-st., N. Y., between Barclay and Robinson sts. Same place twelve years.
ANDREW W. ROSE.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

JOHN J. REIMER,
NO. 253 WASHINGTON ST.
Just received, per York *Jeverland*, from Rotterdam, will be sold from on board the ship at a low figure, Further, per steamer *Trafonia*, 4,000 lbs. Westphalia hams. Also receivec, 200,000 genuine Havana segars, of different brands and qualities, partly in store and partly in bonded warehouse. My connections with Havana houses enable me to sell at a low price.
Constantly on hand, a large and well-selected stock of wood and willow ware, such as brooms, pails, baskets, &c., &c.
JOHN J. REIMER,
No. 253 Washington-st.

INSTRUCTION.

LATE MECHANICS' SOCIETY SCHOOL, NEW-YORK ACADEMY FOR YOUNG LADIES, No 473 Broadway, Miss M. Y. BEAN, Principal. Summer term commences April 24.

$120 | COOPERSTOWN SEMINARY, Cooperstown, N. Y. For both sexes. Term begins May 11. Closes Oct. 5. | $120 PER YEAR.
R. C. FLACK, A. B., Principal.

ELM-PARK FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS—Litchfield, Conn.—Rev. Dr. HICHARDS, Principal, assisted by J. A. Shaw, late of Harvard University, and Mr. Lewis Munger, of the State Normal School. A Primary Department for small boys, under charge of Mrs. Richards. Telegraphic and railroad communication. Terms moderate and no extras. This is one of the healthiest and most delightful places in New England. For circulars, address Dr. R., or R. A. WATKINSON, law office, No. 20 Nassau-st.

WILTON INSTITUTE, WILTON, CONN.—Three minutes' walk from depot, (Cannon's station;) one of the best schools in the State for both sexes. Summer term commences May 1. Circulars obtained at Clark, Austin, Maynard & Co., No. 5 Park-row, or by addressing the Principals.
A. B. LOOMWOOD,
B. F. BROWN.

REV. H. D. WARD AND MRS. WARD receive into their family ten young ladies who enjoy superior advantages of culture in mind and in manners. Their house and grounds, corner of Linnæus and State sts., are attractive in this beautiful village.
FLUSHING, April 30, 1860.

PROTESTANT FRENCH INSTITUTE—FOR young gentlemen, No. 48 East 26th-st., New-York. Young men prepared for College and for business. Boarding and day school.
Prof. ELIE CHARLIER, Director.

THE COLLEGIATE BOARDING SCHOOL, Norwich, Conn., affords first class accommodations, at the lowest charges. Circulars at H. LANE'S, No. 66 Wall-st., E. CARTER'S, No. 130 Broadway, New-York, or of the Principal, Rev. J. A. SAXTON.

TARRYTOWN INSTITUTE.—THE SUMMER term commences May 1. Circulars, with terms, references, &c., can be obtained at E. Goodenough's bookstore, No. 122 Nassau-st., or by addressing A. NEWMAN, A. M., Principal.

BALLSTON SPA INSTITUTE AND MILITARY SCHOOL.—For circulars, address at Ballston Spa, Saratoga County, N. Y. C. D. SHELLY, Principal.

THE COLLEGIATE AND COMMERCIAL Institute, No. 344 West 19th st., now in its fourteenth year, will commence its next term MONDAY, April 23. JOHN H. BROWN, A. M., Principal.

PARKER & BERTHET'S SCHOOL, NO. 28 East 21st st., corner of Broadway; contains departments—classical, French, English and Primary—with an extensive Gymnasium.

MODERN STYLE OF SCHOOL FURNITURE manufactured and for sale by N. JOHNSON, No 440 Hudson-st. Illustrated circulars forwarded on application.

RAVENSWOOD INSTITUTE, L. I.—VACANcies for two young ladies, who will enjoy the highest social and academic advantages. Terms moderate.

B. A. SMITH'S SCHOOL—LEXINGTON-AV., NEAR 37th st. Instruction thorough; discipline efficient; philosophical lectures with apparatus. Terms moderate.

TEACHERS.

AS GOVERNESS.—A LADY QUALIFIED TO teach music, French and drawing with the usual branches of a thorough English education, is desirous of forming an engagement as Governess with a private family. Address A. B. C., No. 8 West 13th st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN, WHO speaks but little French, to make acquaintance with some young French gentleman, under similar circumstances with regard to English, for the purpose of exchanging instruction. Address C., Box No. 101 *Times* Office.

ANNIVERSARIES.

AMERICAN CONGREGATIONAL UNION.

THE SEVENTH ANNIVERSARY COLLATION will be given on THURSDAY EVENING, May 10, at the City Assembly Rooms, No. 448 Broadway. Doors open at 6 o'clock; exercises to commence at 7. Brief speeches, appropriate to the occasion of this annual reunion, will be made as heretofore, by gentlemen eminently qualified to represent various religious denominations.
DOLWORTH'S CELEBRATED BAND has been secured for the occasion.
A Bouquet of Flowers will be presented to each lady on entering the room.
The provisions for the Collation are most ample, and the detail for serving more complete than on any previous occasion.
The number of tickets will be strictly limited to the capacity of the Hall. To insure admission, tickets should be secured before Thursday. Price, 50 cents. For sale at the Rooms of the Union,
NO. 135 GRAND-ST.,
(A few doors east of Broadway.)
Also at the office of the *Independent*, No. 5 Beekman-st.

THE ANNUAL BUSINESS MEETING, for the election of Officers, &c., will take place on THURSDAY, May 10, at 3 P. M., in the City Assembly Rooms, No. 448 Broadway.

TWENTY-THIRD ANNUAL MEETING OF THE AMERICAN AND FOREIGN BIBLE SOCIETY.—This meeting will be held in this City, in the Calvary Baptist Church, Rev. A. D. GILLETT, D. D., Pastor, on THURSDAY, May 10. The services will commence at 9 o'clock A. M., with a season of prayer and praise. The ordinary business meeting will be held, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M. A meeting for addresses will be held in the P. M., commencing at 3 o'clock. Addresses may be expected, during the meetings, by Hon. Isaac Davis, of Worcester, Mass.; Rev. G. W. Sampson, D. D., Washington, D. C.; Rev. William Arthur, Newtonville, N. Y.; Rev. Robert Lowrey, of this City, and others. Meeting for divine service will be held in the EVENING, commencing at 7½ o'clock, and the sermon will be preached by Rev. D. C. Eddy, D. D., of Boston, Mass. P. S.—Provisions will be made for reporters.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB.—The anniversary exhibition of the pupils of this institution will be held at the Academy of Music on THURSDAY, May 10, at 3½ o'clock P. M. No postponement on account of the weather.
Tickets of admission at 25 cents may be had at the door. HARVEY P. PEET,
WILLIAM ADAMS, } Com. of Arrangements.
CHAS. ROOME.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

THE TENTH NATIONAL
WOMAN'S RIGHTS CONVENTION
WILL BE HELD AT THE
COOPER INSTITUTE,
THURSDAY and FRIDAY, May 10 and 11,
As follows:
THURSDAY MORNING, 10 o'clock, addresses by ERNESTINE L. ROSE, J. ELIZABETH JONES, WENDELL PHILLIPS.
THURSDAY EVENING, 7½ o'clock. Speakers, ELIZABETH CADY STANTON, (who, by request, will repeat her address delivered before the New-York State Legislature at its last session,) ERNESTINE L. ROSE and WENDELL PHILLIPS. FRIDAY MORNING, 10 o'clock. Speakers, J. ELIZABETH JONES, E. CADY STANTON, Rev. ANTOINETTE BROWN BLACKWELL, and others. Admission to each session to defray expenses, 10 cents. Woman's Rights Tracts, and Speeches by Wendell Phillips, Henry Ward Beecher, Theodore Parker, T. W. Higginson, Elizabeth C. Stanton and others will be for sale at the door.

FATHER CHINIQUY.
A public meeting will be held THIS EVENING in the First Presbyterian Church, (Dr. Phillips',) 5th av. and 12th-st., to devise means for the relief of Father Chiniquy's Colony. Father Chiniquy is himself in the City, and will address the meeting. Addresses will also be made by Drs. Lord and Scott, of Chicago, both of whom have visited the settlement, and are acquainted with the wants of the people. Services to commence at 7½ P. M.

A REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING of the SIXTEENTH WARD REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION, held at their head-quarters, No. 245 6th-av., on Monday Evening, May 7, 1860, the following resolutions were offered and unanimously adopted:
Resolved, That the thanks of this Association and the citizens of the Sixteenth Ward, (Ninth Assembly District,) without distinction of party, are eminently due to Hon. David R. Jaques for the honest, zealous and independent manner in which he discharged his duties as a member of the late Legislature.
Resolved, That the Secretary be requested to present a copy of this resolution to Hon. David R. Jaques, and to publish the same in the *Tribune*, *Times* and *Evening Post*.
S. B. H. VANCE, President.
HENRY C. PARKS, } Secretaries.
EUGENE LAWRENCE, }

THE REPUBLICAN CENTRAL CAMPAIGN CLUB.—Headquarters No. 722 Broadway. Open all the time till after the elections. Mass meetings every Thursday Evening. SIMEON DRAPER, President.
FRANCIS G. YOUNG, } Secretaries.
A. C. HILLS, }

SYMPATHY MEETING.—A PUBLIC ANTI-Slavery Meeting, to express sympathy with the Philadelphia rescuers, will be held in Shiloh Church, cor. Prince and Marion sts., on FRIDAY EVENING, 11th inst., at 7½ o'clock. A collection will be taken up in their behalf. Addresses will be delivered by Mr. WELLS BROWN, Rev. HENRY H. GARNETT, Rev. CHARLES B. RAY, and others. J. L. HUDSON, ROBT. HAMILTON, T. G. CAMPBELL, Committee.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE POLYTECHNIC ASSOCIATION meets at the rooms of the Institute, Cooper Union, on THURSDAY, May 10, at 7½ o'clock P. M. Subject continued, *The Effect of Heat on Building Materials*. Architects and all interested in building are especially invited. Admission free.
H. MEIGS, Secretary.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.—An adjourned meeting of this Association will be held at Clinton Hall, Astor-place, on FRIDAY EVENING, May 11, 1860, at 7½ o'clock.
CHAS. H. SWORDS, Recording Secretary.

MASONIC.—PACIFIC LODGE, No. 233.—REGULAR Communication THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 8 o clock. By order of the Master.
THOMAS N. STANTON, Secretary.

DR. S. E. SHEPARD WILL PREACH IN the Christian Chapel in 17th-st., immediately west of 6th-av., on THURSDAY EVENING, May 10, at 7½ o'clock. Baptism at the close of the service.

ROOFING.

ATTENTION IS INVITED TO THE
PATENT MICA and FIBROUS
CEMENT ROOFING.
Adapted to every variety of Roof, new or old, and unequaled for durability, beauty and cheapness, by any composition in use. CEMENT for SALE by the barrel, with printed instructions for use.
DITTO, PORTER & CO.,
Successors to JOSEPH DITTO & CO.,
No. 207 Broadway, corner Fulton-st., New York.

LEAKY ROOFS MADE WATER PROOF by my infallible cement. Also, metal roofing done and repaired. Charges moderate and orders punctually executed. JAMES HATTON, 152 West Broadway.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

THE BROADWAY EMPLOYMENT INSTITUTE,
NO. 494 BROADWAY,
NO. 494 BROADWAY,
Continues to send out the best servants in the City.
The best servants in the City.
Without delay. Without delay.
Conducted on moderate terms,
AND HONEST PRINCIPLES
BY AMERICAN GENTLEMEN.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a respectable girl in a small private family as chambermaid; is a good seamstress and an excellent hand at doing up ladies' fine muslins and waiting on a lady; is willing to go in the country with a family that lives in the City in Winter; the best of City reference from first-class families. Can be seen at No. 203 3d av., between 18th and 19th sts., for two days.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—A COMPETENT YOUNG woman wishes a situation as chambermaid in a private family; would do sewing or do up ladies' muslins; no objection to go a short distance in the country for the Summer; best of City references. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 93 East 16th-st., near Livingston-place.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, BY A RESpectable Protestant young woman, a situation as chambermaid and to assist in washing and ironing, or to take care of children; wishes to go into the country; best of City references. Apply for two days at No. 91 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, A SITUAtion as nurse and chambermaid, or as waiter and chambermaid, by a very competent girl with good City reference. Call at No. 111 28th st., west of 6th-av., first floor, back room; would go in the country.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—A YOUNG WOMAN wishes a situation as chambermaid and fine washer, or laundress; no objection to go to the country for the Summer; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 98 West 19th-st., for two days.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED A SITUATION by a respectable Protestant young woman as chamberwoman or seamstress, or to assist in the washing and ironing. Can be seen for two days, if not suited, at No. 374 East 10th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—A PROTESTANT young woman wants a situation as chambermaid, or to assist with children and plain sewing. Can be seen for two days at No. 410 6th-av., near 25th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—A SITUATION WANTED by a Protestant girl, as chambermaid and seamstress, or nurse; good City reference. Call at No. 90 West 16th-st., in the basement.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—A YOUNG PROTESTant woman wants a situation as chambermaid or to assist with children and do plain sewing. Can be seen for two days at No. 410 6th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A RESPECTABLE young woman wants a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or as chambermaid and to do fine washing; she perfectly understands her business. No objection to go to the country. Good City references. Call at No. 63 West 20th-st., first door from 6th-av., second floor, back room.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED BY A Scotch Protestant woman, a situation as chambermaid and to do up ladies' fine linery; can flute, or would do chamberwork and plain sewing; no objection to the country; reference from first-class families. Can be seen for two days at No. 124 4th-av., near 12th-st, from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED BY AN experienced young woman, a situation as chambermaid, and would assist in washing and ironing or nurse and seamstress; can do embroidery; has the best of City reference; has no objection to go to the country. Call at No. 18 Union Court, University-place, for 2 days.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation by a respectable young girl, as chambermaid and assist with the washing, or would take care of a child; no objections to the country; is very fond of children; good City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 31 West 12th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation by a respectable young girl, to do chamberwork and waiting in a private family; the best of City reference given from her last place. Call for two days at No. 10 Amity-place, rear building.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—Wanted, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress by a Protestant young woman; the best of references given. Apply at, or address M. B., No. 190 West 17th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—An English girl wishes a situation as chambermaid and seamstress; the country preferred; has good City reference. Apply at No 50 East 23d-st., near 4th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—Wanted, a situation by a young woman as chambermaid and seamstress. Can be seen for two days at No. 94 West 24th-st., first floor, back room.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wantec, a situation, by a Protestant German woman, in the City or country, as chambermaid and waitress, or as nurse and seamstress; can speak the English language fluently; is willing to make herself generally useful. Call at No. 405 Broome-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—By a respectable young woman; is willing to make herself generally useful; will assist in the washing and ironing; best of City reference. Apply at No. 164 11th-st., between Avenues A and B, for two days.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A HIGHLY RESpectable woman, a situation as cook in a respectable private family; understands her business thoroughly; would be willing to assist in the washing if required; is compelled to get a situation in consequence of the family she lived with going to Europe; can give the best of City reference. Can be seen at her present place, No. 39 West 26th-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway, for two days

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A RESpectable woman as cook; is an excellent cook, and understands her business thoroughly, and would assist in the washing if required; has the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 220 East 23d-st., second floor, front room.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION TO COOK, wash and iron, by a neat respectable young woman who thoroughly understands her business; is a good baker of bread and biscuit, and an excellent washer and ironer; has good City reference; wages $8 to $9 per month. Apply for two days at 51 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A RESpectable young woman in a private family; is a good cook, washer, ironer and baker; she has no objections to go in the country for the Summer; the best of City reference given from her last place. Call for two days at No. 10 Amity place, rear building.

AS COOK.—A FIRST-CLASS FEMALE COOK (colored) desires a situation for the Summer, at Newport, Saratoga, or some other resort, in a boarding-house or private family. She is well acquainted with all kinds of cooking. Inquire, for two days, at No. 235 West 29th-st.

AS COOK.—COOK'S SITUATION WANTED BY a competent woman; understands cooking in all its branches; would assist with the plain washing if required; has the best of City reference from her last employer. Can be seen at No. 80 West 20th-st., near 6th av.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS COOK by a capable young woman; is willing to assist with the washing and ironing; is a good bread and biscuit baker, and understands her business perfectly. Can give the best of City reference. Apply, for two days, at No. 240 6th-av., between 15th and 16th sts., in the rear.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A PROTESTANT young woman, a situation as first-rate cook; understands meats, soups, jellies, baking and pastry; also, English and French dishes; the best of City reference given. Can be seen for two days at No. 103 16th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as good cook; understands meat, soups, game, jellies and pastry; willing to go with a family during the Summer to the country; good City reference. Apply for two days at No. 33 West 12th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A COMPETENT WOman, a situation as first-class cook; has the best City reference, and willing to go in the country with a family. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 13 Union-court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A REPECTABLE girl, a situation; is a good plain cook, and a first-rate washer and ironer; also, bakes. Has good City reference. Call at No. 149 East 16th st., first floor, front room.

AS COOK.—SITUATION WANTED BY AN American Protestant; has no objections to City or country; is a capital cook that understands her business. Can be seen for two days at No. 118 7th-av.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE woman, a situation in a private family as a first-class cook; has the best of City references. Call at No. 84 West 17th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

AS COOK.—WANTED BY A RESPECTABLE girl, a situation as good plain cook and first-rate washer and ironer; has good City reference. Apply at No. 82 3d-av., first floor.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A MOST RELIable young woman, a situation as good cook, or cook, washer and ironer; is an excellent laundress; would do general housework or chamberwork and waiting, or laundress. Best of reference. No objections to country. Is very neat about her kitchen and laundry. Call at No. 73 Bleecker-st., near Broadway. A home in preference to high wages.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION FOR a most experienced servant as cook, washer and ironer; is a good cook, and a very excellent washer and ironer; or would not object to do housework in a small family; will be found a most desirable and respectable servant girl; and highly recommended. Apply at No. 58 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG WOMAN a situation in a small private family; will assist in the washing and ironing; is a good baker of bread, biscuit and pies; no objection to go a short distance in the country for the Summer. Can be seen till engaged at No. 199 East 13th-st., near 1st av.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a highly respectable and well-recommended woman as cook, washer and ironer, or as laundress; is an excellent cook and baker, and first-class washer and ironer; would prefer a situation on Staten Island. Call at No. 376 6th-av., first floor, front room.

AS COOK — CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, situations in the country or Brooklyn for two nice, smart girls, sisters; one as cook, washer and ironer; the other as waitress and chambermaid or nurse; are girls of very respectable appearance, neat in their habits, and will be found efficient, trustworthy and obliging girls; are very highly recommended. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

AS COOK — CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, a situation by two respectable young women, one as an experienced cook and to wash and iron, the other to do chamberwork and assist in the washing and ironing; both have the best of City references from their last places; no objections to go a short distance in the country. Can be seen, until suited, at No. 257 West 26th st., 3d floor, back room.

AS COOK—CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTed, situations by two Protestant young girls, one as cook, washer and ironer; the other as chambermaid and waitress. Call at No. 121 3d-st., second floor, front room.

AS PLAIN SEWER, &c.—WANTED, A SITUAtion by an American Protestant girl, to do plain sewing and chamberwork, and take care of children. Has no objection to go in the country. Can be seen for two days at No. 116 Stanton-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS COOK AND LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, A situation as a good cook and laundress, by a very competent woman with good City references; is a good meat, vegetable and pastry cook and baker, and a good laundress. Call during two days at No. 39 11th-st., west of 5th av., second floor, front room.

AS COOK, WAITRESS AND CHAMBERMAID.—Wanted by two respectable young women situations as cook and waitress and chambermaid; have the best of City reference; leaves as the family is going to Europe. Can be seen at their present place, No. 58 West 26th-st. between Broadway and 6th-av., for 2 days.

AS HOUSEKEEPER.—WANTED, BY A Scotch woman, Protestant, a situation as housekeeper; thoroughly competent either in hotel or private family. Understands cooking in all its branches; jellies, pickling and preserving. Apply southeast corner of 7th av. and 44th-st., at the residence of her present employer, for two days. Address H. Y. Z., as above. No objections to the country.

AS HOUSEKEEPER.—AN ENGLISH WIDOW desires a situation in a family, hotel or private boarding-house. Will give references from the first families in this City. Call for four days at No 6 Mastin-terrace 30th st., between 3d and 8d avs.

AS HOUSEMAIDS.—WANTED, A SITUATION by two respectable young women, together, in a private family; they will do the cooking, washing and ironing; have excellent reference from their last place. Call at No. 1 York-st., Walden-place, Brooklyn, by Fulton or Catherine ferries.

AS LAUNDRESS.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman wants a situation in a private family as first-class laundress, or as chambermaid, and would do the fine washing and ironing; has no objection to go in the country with a family; can give unexceptionable reference. Can be seen for two days, at No. 37 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., second floor, back room.

AS LADY'S MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—Wanted, a situation by a young woman as lady's maid and seamstress, or chambermaid and seamstress. Can be seen at her present employer's until engaged, at No. 33 East 20th-st.

AS NURSE.—SITUATION WANTED, BY A RESpectable young woman, lately arrived from the Old Country; is willing to take care of children; can do all kinds of embroidery and plain sewing; wages not so much an object as a comfortable home. Can be seen for two days at No. 287 East 13th-st., corner of Avenue A, first floor, front room.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY A PROTESTANT woman, a situation as baby's nurse; is capable of taking the entire charge of a baby from its birth; is a good seamstress; if required can give good City reference from her last place. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 146 7th av., between 20th and 21st sts.

AS NURSE.—A SITUATION WANTED, BY A Protestant woman, without incumbrance, as infant's nurse; is experienced in sickness; is fully capable of taking entire charge, if required; no objection to travel; can sew. Will be seen at No. 103 West 16th-st; call at the basement door.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY AN EXPERIENCED English nurse, a situation to take charge of one or two children; can cut and make their clothes or can take an infant from the mouth and bring it up by hand if required. Apply at No. 113 West 24th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., 3d floor, back room.

AS NURSE.—AN EXPERIENCED NURSE, A Protestant, wants a situation; is thoroughly competent to take the entire charge of an infant or one or two grown children; is a good seamstress; the best of City reference given. Call at No. 148 East 32d-st, basement, between 2d and 3d-avs.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG WOMAN, a Protestant, a situation as child's nurse; can take care of a baby from its birth; will be found trustworthy; or would take charge of grown children, and do plain sewing. Can be seen at No. 885 Broadway, in the store.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A young woman, as nurse; is fully competent to take the entire charge of an infant from its birth; the best of City reference can be given. Inquire at No. 29 West 11th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., in the rear.

AS NURSE.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A young woman as nurse and to do plain sewing or assist in chamberwork; has best of City reference from where she lived six years. Can be seen at No. 67 West 27th-st., basement, between 6th and 7th avs.

AS NURSE, &c.—A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman wants a situation as nurse and seamstress or nurse and chambermaid; good City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 146 East 21st-st., third floor, front room, between 2d and 3d avs.

AS NURSE, &c.—SITUATION WANTED BY A young woman as nurse, and to do chamberwork and waiting; no objection to go to the country; best of City reference. Call at No. 55 3d-av., for two days.

AS NURSE OR LADY'S MAID.—A FRENCH person, speaking the English language fluently, wishes an engagement with a family about to leave for Europe, in the capacity of nurse or lady's maid. She is a first-class dressmaker. She has traveled in Italy, Switzerland, and Germany. Address Mme. AIMÉE, No. 196 West 25th st.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—A PROTestant young woman wishes a situation as nurse and seamstress, or to do chamberwork. Has no objection to the country; has good recommendations from her last place. Can be seen for two days at, No. 191 West 20th-st., in the rear, first floor.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—AN ENGlish woman, with good reference, wants a situation in the country, as nurse and seamstress; is willing and obliging, and is of kind disposition. Apply at No. 424 Broadway.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a young woman as seamstress; can cut and fit children's dresses, and do all kinds of family sewing; has no objection to do light chamberwork if required; has the best of reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 39 9th-st, between 5th and 6th avs.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, BY A COMPEtent young woman, with excellent City reference, a situation as seamstress; makes children's clothes, and shirts in silk; is quick at the needle; or as lady's maid and seamstress; wages $8 to $9; City or country. Call at, or address, No. 216 East 23d-st.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG, capable girl, a situation as seamstress; she has had experience in dressmaking. Apply at her present employer's, No. 58 West 9th-st.

AS SEAMSTRESS AND CHAMBERMAID.—Wanted, a situation by a Protestant young woman of good education; has no objection to take care of children; can be well recommended. Call for two days, from 9 to 4, at No. 59 3d-av.

AS SEAMSTRESS AND CHAMBERMAID.—Wanted, by a respectable young Protestant woman, a situation as seamstress, and to do light chamberwork. Has good City reference. Can be seen at her present employer's, 7 East 17th-st., for two days.

AS WET NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION as wet nurse by a strong, healthy woman; best of reference given. Apply at No. 41 West 34th st.

AS WAITRESS.—A GIRL WISHES A SITUAtion as waitress in a private family; is capable of taking full charge of the silver and dining room, or will do chamberwork and fine muslins. Refers to her present employer. Call, for two days, at No. 88 East 28th-st., first floor.

AS WAITRESS AND CHAMBERMAID.—Wanted by a respectable young woman a situation as waitress, or chambermaid and waitress or chambermaid and assist with the fine washing and ironing in a private family; can give the very best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 80 West 20th-st., near 6th-av.

AS WAITRESS AND CHAMBERMAID.—A situation wanted by a Protestant young woman, as waitress and to do light chamberwork; the best of City reference. Call at 74 Charles-st., rear of Bleecker.

AS WAITRESS ON A LADY, &c.—WANted, by a respectable young girl, a situation to travel, to wait on a lady, or to take care of a child five or six years old; Europe preferred; City reference. Apply at No. 191 4th-st., near 6th av., top floor.

EUROPE.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A single young man, of good address and habits, to travel with some single gentleman to Europe or elsewhere, in the capacity of valet; unexceptionable references for character and industry. Address A. B. C., drug store under the Everett House, corner of 17th-st. and 4th-av., N. Y.

CALIFORNIA.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant young woman would engage with a family going to California as chambermaid and waitress, or nurse. A home more an object than wages. She would pay part of her passage. Can be well recommended. Address H. A. U., Box No. 124 Post-office, New-York.

SERVANTS.—THE EMPLOYMENT SOCIETY, late of the Bible House, have removed to Clinton Hall on 8th-st., five doors east of Broadway, where a large assortment of servants, German, French, Scotch, Irish and English, with investigated characters and qualifications, may be obtained. The French and German languages spoken. A lady in attendance.

MALES.

AS BOOK-KEEPER.—A GENTLEMAN EMployed in a Bank in this City, is desirous of procuring a situation as book-keeper in some house where it will not be necessary to devote more than four hours. A letter addressed to C, L. P., Box No. 104 *Times* Office, will receive immediate attention. A reasonable salary expected.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY a single young man who thoroughly understands his business; is willing to make himself useful in a garden or otherwise, if required; is a good gardener; has the best of City reference from his last and former employers. Address J. R. B., Box No. 191 *Times* Office, for two days.

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The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, MAY 10, 1860.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

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NEW-YORK WEEKLY TIMES.

The WEEKLY TIMES, published this morning is a very large paper of Twelve Pages, containing a supplement of four extra pages. Among its contents are the following:

LITERARY.—Poetry; Ary Scheffer; The Plague—a New View of an Old Question; Extracts from Foreign Periodicals.

AGRICULTURAL.—Work for May in the Farm and Garden.

EMANCIPATION IN JAMAICA.—Seventh Letter from Our Special Correspondent.

RELIGIOUS.—Reports of the Proceedings of the Quadrennial Conference of the Methodist Church in Buffalo; Reports of the May Anniversaries; The Discussions in Dr. CHEEVER'S Church; The Case of Rev. Dr. POMEROY; Summary of Religious Intelligence.

POLITICAL.—Letter from HENRY CLAY; The Republican Convention in Virginia, &c.

EDITORIALS.—Articles on Current Topics.

JAPAN AND THE JAPANESE.—Interesting Sketches of the People.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.—Weekly Record of Foreign Domestic and City Intelligence.

THE SLAVERY QUESTION.—Annual meeting of the American Anti-Slavery Society; Speeches of WENDELL PHILLIPS and Dr. CHEEVER.

CONGRESS.—Full reports of Proceedings; Speech of JEFFERSON DAVIS.

EUROPE.—Full details of the latest European Intelligence.

THE PRIZE-FIGHT.—The latest news.

MISCELLANEOUS TOPICS, Personal Paragraphs, Obituary Notices, Markets, &c., &c.

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Amusements this Evening.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—ROYAL ANPHITHEATRE EQUESTRIAN TROUPE.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—COLLEEN BAWN.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—OLD HEADS AND YOUNG HEARTS—BATHING.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE—HARRY BLAKE—BRONZE DORBY—HOW'S YOUR UNCLE.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Afternoon—THE HOP-PICKERS. Evening—DOT.

NO. 444 BROADWAY—PROF. JACOBS' MAGICAL ENTERTAINMENTS.

THIRTEENTH-STREET AND FOURTH-AVENUE—Day and Evening—CALIFORNIA MENAGERIE.

NIBLO'S SALOON—GEORGE CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS.

COOPER UNION—PEALE'S COURT OF DEATH.

BROOKLYN INSTITUTE—GEN. TOM THUMB.

DUSSELDORF GALLERY—EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS.

CANAL-STREET—No. 306—WHITLOCK'S FREE GALLERY OF OIL PAINTINGS.

ACADEMY OF DESIGN—EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS.

INTERNATIONAL ART INSTITUTION—EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS.

GURNEY'S GALLERY—No. 707 BROADWAY—EXHIBITION OF STATUARY.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The United States frigate *Roanoke*, from Aspinwall on the 26th ult., with the Embassy dispatched by the Court of Jeddo to Washington, arrived at Sandy Hook last evening. Her Commander was then intercepted by dispatches from the Navy Department directing him to proceed at Hampton Roads, where a vessel would be in readiness to receive his illustrious, but outlandish passengers, and convey them to their destination. The *Roanoke* sails for Virginia accordingly this morning. The Japanese party appears to be equally gratified with the courtesy and respect with which it is treated, and with the novelty of its surroundings. The landing at Panama, that marvellous business of passing by rail across the Isthmus, the ceremonious reception on board the *Roanoke*, and the hospitality prepared for them there have been alike objects of satisfaction and gratitude. The officers express themselves as greatly pleased with the strangers, whose manners are the perfection of politeness and dignity. The account of the voyage and its incidents, furnished by the special reporter of this paper, will be read with lively interest.

The National Union Constitutional Convention assembled yesterday at Baltimore; delegates from all the States, Oregon and South Carolina excepted, being in attendance. The Convention was called to order at noon by Hon. JOHN J. CRITTENDEN, who named Ex-Gov. HUNT, of New-York, as temporary Chairman. In assuming his seat, Mr. HUNT spoke at protracted length upon the purposes and character of the movement. Mr. LESLIE COMBS moved the usual committee on permanent organization, when the morning session closed. In the afternoon the Committee reported as permanent President, Ex-Gov. HUNT, with Vice-Presidents from nineteen States, and eleven Secretaries. No sooner had the body organized, than attempts were made to proceed at once to balloting. This precipitancy was withstood by others, who desired to have a platform framed in advance, and equally by others who desired no platform at all. Finally a resolution was adopted naming a Committee to prepare and report business for the Convention upon its reassembling this morning, and an adjournment followed. The Business Committee was in session last evening.

The news from Central and South America is not of stirring interest. Gen. FRANCO retained possession of Guayaquil, but the rest of Ecuador was in the possession of his opponent, Gen. GARCIA MORENA. Ex-President BELZU was daily expected at La Paz, Bolivia, and it was feared that he had designs upon the Government, although he positively affirmed that he intended to tender his sword in its defence. Mr. WHEELWRIGHT was prosecuting his project for a railroad across the Andes from Copiapo to Rosano. The Argentine Confederation had voted him $50,000 to defray the expenses of the preliminary surveys, and a league of land on each side of the proposed road when it should be completed. From Costa Rica we learn that Mr. DIMITRY'S mission was likely to be a failure, in consequence of the Superior address of the British diplomatists. The Nicuaraguan Legislature had voted thanks and a sword to Com. PAULDING, as a testimonial for the service rendered the country in capturing WALKER and his confedrate filibusters in 1858.

Advices from Brazil and the River Plate, to March 27, are brought by the store-ship *Release*, which arrived at this port yesterday, with dispatches and invalids from the Brazil squadron. The brig *Perry* was at Buenos Ayres, the *Bainbridge* had left for St. Catherine's, to look into the condition of the coal depot established to supply the Paraguay squadron with coal, and the *Dolphin* was at Bahia. The La Plata exploring expedition, under the command of Lieut. PAGE, was at Corrientes, and had accomplished much in exploring the River Plate and its tributaries. President LOPEZ manifested an unfriendly disposition towards the expedition while it was in Paraguay; but the experience which he has had of the consequences of tampering with Americans deterred him from throwing any serious obstacles in its way.

Dates from Vera Cruz to the 1st inst. have been received at New-Orleans. They represent the Liberal Government as declining foreign mediation, and the Government of MIRAMON as rapidly losing ground. It was reported that Mr. MCLANE was about to visit the capital seeking an interview with MIRAMON.

Havana advices to the 6th inst. have been received. They contain no political news. The weather was fine, and the health of the city good.

Gen. DAVIS introduced into the United States Senate yesterday his bill proposing to transfer the Indian Bureau from the Interior to the War Department. Mr. HALE endeavored to have up the Executive vetoes of private bills; but was obliged to give way in order that Gen. LANE might exonerate himself from the charge of fraud in connection with the Oregon war debt—this explanation involving a sketch of the origin and history of the Indian war referred to the Homestead bill was then taken up, when Mr. GRIMES, of Iowa, moved as an amendment that the privileges of the measure be extended to all unmarried men over twenty-one years of age. Mr. GREEN, of Missouri, stigmatized the bill as an imposture; that, instead of being what it pretended—a measure to give homesteads to the poor—it was merely a law reducing the price of land. The bill was defended by Mr. JOHNSON, of Arkansas. Mr. GRIMES urged his amendment, which was opposed by Mr. GREEN, in remarks which provoked a sharp passage at words between that person and Mr. WILKINSON, of Minnesota. The amendment of Mr. GRIMES was rejected; and, after accepting and rejecting various amendments, the Senate adjourned without a vote on the main question having been had. Mr. DUNN, of Indiana, failed to obtain leave of the House to introduce a resolution of inquiry into the expediency procuring some foreign territory on or near the American Continent, to which to export the free negroes of the country. The Committee of the Whole on the Tariff, the amendment fixing the duty on linseed at 20 per cent., was passed, 11 to 51. The amendment removing the duty upon salt was rejected. Mr. WILLSON, of Virginia, arguing upon the merits of the bill, having declared that opposition to a practical policy was the true test of Democracy. Mr. MONTGOMERY, of Pennsylvania, said that all the Democratic Presidents, from JEFFERSON to BUCHANAN, had avowed their partiality for judicious protection. Mr. KELLOGG, of Indiana, made a speech in favor of the leading points of the bill, illustrating them by reference to politico-economical principles. Others followed, proposing various amendments, Mr. FLORENCE, of Pennsylvania, vainly endeavoring to obtain leave to introduce his substitute. After futile efforts of the Republicans to procure a vote the House finally adjourned.

The interest in the proceedings of the Methodist Conference, now in session at Buffalo, judging from the attendance of spectators, is on the increase Yesterday, a question of discipline in the Genesee Conference, involving, as is supposed, the subject of Nazavitism, was referred to a Special Committee of one from each delegation. Memorials were received from the Ohio and Pittsburgh Conferences, that from the former asking that the majority might determine how the congregations in each church should be seated, and that of the latter pleading for a return to the old system of putting the males on one side of the church and the females on the other. The report from the Book Committee, adverse to the claim of the German missions for pecuniary aid, was adopted.

The American Anti-Slavery Society continued its sessions yesterday morning and afternoon, at the Cooper Institute. The attendance was quite meagre. Speeches were made by WM. LLOYD GARRISON, GILES B. STEBBINS, JANE ELIZABETH JONES, Rev. GEORGE F. NOYES, Miss GREW, WM. L. BROWN, and others. Mr. BROWN, who is an escaped slave, created no little stir by the announcement that Hon. WM. PRESTON, our Minister to Spain, and the wealthy WICKLIFFE family, from the same State, are his cousins.

The New-York Anti-Slavery Society celebrated the anniversary of its organization by a meeting last night in the hall of the Cooper Institute, which was crowded. Addresses were made by WENDELL PHILLIPS, WM. LLOYD GARRISON and Mr. THEODORE TILTON. The language employed by all was, so far as Slavery is concerned, of the most denunciatory character,

The thirty-fifth annual business meeting of the American Tract Society was held in Dr. HUTTON'S Church yesterday at 9 o'clock A. M. Interesting reports were read, and the officers, with few exceptions were reëlected. An exciting Anti-Slavery harangue was delivered by Rev. Mr. WOLCOTT, of Chicago, but the Society adjourned without taking any action upon the subject.

The American Home Missionary Society held its Thirty-fourth Anniversary, and received the annual reports of the Executive Committee and Treasurer, which show a large amount of work accomplished by the Society, coupled with an exhausted state of the treasury; the receipts during the year being $15,423 40 less than the expenditures, and $2,923 12 less than the receipts of the previous year; 1,107 missionaries have been employed during the year, sixty-seven new churches organized, 2,838 conversions reported, and 2,175 churches supplied with preaching. The Sabbath-school scholars connected with the mission number 72,200.

The twenty-ninth anniversary of the American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless was held at the Home in Twenty-ninth-street. The officers of the Society presented their statements in the morning, and the children of whom they have charge occupied the afternoon with singing and recitations. Dr. TYNG made a brief address.

The New-York State Colonization Society held their anniversary meeting last evening at Clinton Hall, where, after the presentation of the annual report, an able and eloquent address was delivered by Hon. WM. C. ALEXANDER, of New-Jersey.

The New-York Association of Universalists met yesterday in the Bleecker-street Church, and after receiving some reports connected with the organization, adjourned until 9 A. M., to-day, at the same place.

Rev. THOS. GALLAUDET preached, yesterday morning, before the Triennial Convention of the Brotherhood of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States. His text was very appropriately chosen from the apostolic injunction "Love the Brotherhood." Rev. Dr. WELLS, of Boston, and Rev. GEO. LEAKIN, of Baltimore, were the officiating clergymen.

The Sunday Schools connected with the Universalist Churches of the City and vicinity held an Anniversary at Rev. Dr. CHAPIN'S Church, in Broadway. Seven school's were represented, numbering nearly a thousand scholars. Addresses were delivered by Rev. Dr. CHAPIN and Rev. Messrs. BALLOU and BIDDLE.

The Associated Alumni of the Union Theological Seminary of New-York held their Eighteenth Anniversary yesterday afternoon, in the Chapel of the Institute.

Nearly 2,000 persons were attracted to the Academy of Music in the afternoon to witness the exhibition of the pupils in the Institution for the Blind. The exercises consisted of vocal and instrumental music, together with examinations of the diffetent classes in the English language. Very gratifying proficiency was displayed by all the pupils. The number at present in the Institution is 205.

The suit brought in the name of the People of the State, to wind up the Metropolitan Gas Company, came up in the General Term of the Supreme Court yesterday, on appeal from the decision at the Special Term, which was in favor of the defendants. Argument was heard, but no decision rendered.

No business of importance was yesterday transacted by the Emigration Commissioners. In response to a question of the President, it was stated that about $25,000 was now owing to different counties of the State for supplies and care of emigrants. Dr. GUNN renewed his application for $1,200 to liquidate his house rent. There have arrived, according to the weekly statement, 5,277 emigrants during the past week. $24,508 53 of surplus funds are now in the treasury.

There was increased firmness in Stocks yesterday, and the rise altogether on the Share list, since the close of last week, is equal to 3@3¼ ₩ cent. on some of the Western Roads, and ½@2 ₩ cent. on New-York Central and Erie. Central left off 80½@⅝; Rock Island, 70; Galena, 67; Erie, 19¾. In Exchange there is a better offering of Merchant bills drawn against Produce on England. The rate with the Bankers is 109⅝. Money easy for Discounts; easy also on temporary Loan, but with a fair employment at 5@6 ₩ cent. The export demand for Specie is thus far moderate for the steamers sailing on Saturday.

The sales of Cotton were checked by the firmness of holders. Flour and Wheat were less active, though buyers had any existing advantage. Corn was freely purchased, at buoyant prices. Rye, Oats, and the principal kinds of Provisions were in demand. Groceries, Metals, Naval Stores, Hides, Seeds, Tallow, Oils and Tobacco were quiet. Sole Leather and Whisky were more inquired for. The rise in freights had the effect of lessening the disposition to make further shipments. There were 391 vessels of all classes in port.

At the Live Stock markets, yesterday, there was a fair amount of business done. There was no deficiency in the numbers of animals offered for sale. ....Beeves footed up 3,579 head at the principal sale: market, located upon Fourty-fourth-street, and all were sold during Tuesday and Wednesday, at a decline of about ½c. ₩ lb., live weight, from last week. A few of the best animals brought 10c.; but good butchers' steers, fat and of the proper weight, were plenty at 9c., while many decent, coarse bullocks, went at 8c. Total of all the beeves sold in the City and at Bergen during the week, 4,120, or about 500 more than last week....Milch cows continue as last week, or with fewer animals unsold....Veal calves are abundant and cheap as ever, at 4c.@5c. ₩ lb., live weight, for medium to fair, and 5½c.@6c. for good to choice; "kittens" can be bought at $1 50 ₩ head, take them at a week old or less ....Sheep and lambs do not sell as well by ½c. ₩ lb., live weight, as last week, owing to large numbers now in together with the abundance of other meats, fish and eggs, not to mention the new vegetables already getting quite plenty....Hogs are largely in excess of the demands of butchers, and a decline of ½c. ₩ lb., live weight, is noted in our general market report.

Prospects of the Democracy.

The friends of DOUGLAS controlled the Charleston Convention. They dictated the platform and had a majority in favor of their candidate. Their firmness broke up the Convention. A part of the Southern delegates had dictated terms to that body in advance,—and when they found their orders disobeyed they seceded and set up for themselves. Both sections adjourned without doing anything;—but both are to try again by-and-bye. The Seceders meet at Richmond on the 11th of June,—the Nationals at Baltimore on the 18th. What will they do?

In the Senate on Tuesday Mr. DOUGLAS replied to the arrogant declaration of JEFFERSON DAVIS that he would "give no quarter on the question of Squatter sovereignty,"—by saying, "It remains for the *victor* to grant quarter—I ask none." So far as Mr. DOUGLAS himself is concerned, he is evidently inclined to fight the battle out. He regards the question at issue as one of principle,—and he has faith enough in the policy which he represents to be willing to go to the country upon it. Whether his friends have the same confidence, or the same boldness, begins to be a little doubtful. The Mobile *Register*, which has been the boldest and most uncompromising of the Douglas organs, now says it is evident that "if Mr. DOUGLAS himself should not be nominated, some one of his political friends will." The Albany *Atlas and Argus* thinks that all "personal collision should and will cease and be merged in the higher consideration of the cause and its ascendancy." It trusts that the seceders will return and that mutual concessions will be made, and holds up a glittering crown of office and honor to *the* statesman who shall take the lead in sacrificing his present prospects to the harmony and welfare of the party. "The Democracy," it says, "must preserve its nationality, and *all* other considerations must yield to this great point of vital existence." This language indicates a disposition to evade the issue which has been made.

The Richmond *Enquirer* takes much bolder and more manly ground. It states that the Democracy is divided clearly and distinctly upon a vital point—and that "the doctrine of Federal protection to slave property in the Territories must be accepted or rejected." The South has no desire to evade the issue, and will not consent that it shall be evaded by the North. They demand that it shall be met. If protection is to be denied—if the doctrine of Popular Sovereignty is to be asserted—"by all means," says the *Enquirer*,

"Let the issue be presented in the most tangible form—by the nomination of STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS. It is unjust to him, and unfair to the host of friends who sustain him and his doctrine, that any compromise candidate shall be allowed to steal his thunder. Much as we oppose his doctrine of Territorial Government, we would infinitely prefer to see him elected on the honestly-avowed platform of Territorial Sovereignty, rather than witness the election of a man who shall consent to go before the people on a platform speaking one sentiment at the North, and another at the South."

This is honest and manly, and will command, we trust, the attention and respect of the Democratic Party. They may as well meet the issue first as last. Evasions and compromises only defer the struggle which must come, sooner or later, and which will be all the more perilous the longer it is deferred. Experience shows that the demands of the South rise with every fresh concession,—that each, indeed, is only made the stepping-stone for another. In 1848 they were content to deny the right of Congress to prohibit Slavery in the Territories. Gen. TAYLOR, in 1849, invented the policy of popular sovereignty, and recommended its application to New-Mexico; he was opposed by the ultraists of the South, but would have commanded the support of the great mass of the Southern people if he had ived to carry the principle into practice. In 1856 the Democrats themselves made it the basis of their action, and only endeavored to override it by force, when they found that it would work against them. Now they insist upon positive protection—legislation by Congress to maintain Slavery in the Territories against the will of the people themselves. And this demand is set forth as an *ultimatum* to their Democratic brethren of the Northern States.

The Democrats owe it to themselves either to accept or reject the proffered terms. They should either take their stand openly and frankly on the principle of Popular Sovereignty, and nominate its representative, Judge DOUGLAS, as their candidate,—or else they should yield to the Southern demand,—adopt the protective platform and nominate some man known to the whole country as its advocate. Upon one platform or the other the party must stand. Any effort to evade the necessity, at this late stage of the controversy, will only betray cowardice and an overweening appetite for the spoils of office. It will expose the party to popular contempt, and involve the chances, not simply of defeat, but of utter demoralization and ruin. Let the Convention, then, either nominate DOUGLAS, or, failing in that, take a Southern man upon a Southern platform, and leave the country at large to decide the issue.

An Evasion of Duty.

In the United States Court, on Tuesday morning, Judge SMALLEY charged the Grand Jury concerning their duty in regard to presenting the officers engaged in the recent arrest and discharge of a slaver leaving this City. He read the statute of 1831, empowering the Court to punish such offences, summarily, without resorting to presentment by the Jury; but added that, in the present case, although the facts were fully before him in the form of affidavits, he preferred the matter should first be submitted to the Jury.

Why there should be such tenderness on the part of the Court in the discharge of its duties in this case it is difficult to understand. The very nature of offences over which the law gives a Court summary jurisdiction is such, that the essence and efficiency of punishment consist in the promptitude with which it is inflicted. The malfeasance of officers of the Court, when acting under its authority, partakes so far of the nature of an ordinary contempt, that the law allows the Court the same summary authority in punishing the one as the other. Now no one can doubt that if the Bench were to submit cases of contempt to the verdict or presentment of a jury, there would be at once an end of all order or dignity in the Court.

We are by no means disposed in the present case to charge the Court with a wish to shirk the responsibility of bringing to justice the parties conniving at the escape of the slaver. But we certainly believe that its action in the case is, to use the mildest expression, an error of judgment, especially to be regretted at the present time, when slavers are so constantly fitted out and sent from American ports. The special aggravation of the contempt in the present instance lies in the fact, that the culprits were at the same time conniving at the perpetration of a crime that shocks the moral sense of the community and violates the express letter of the Constitution. The offence ought therefore to be punished with at least as great promptitude and rigor as an ordinary violation of decorum in Court. So long as officers, who by neglect or active assistance aid slavers to depart in open day, receive better and more lenient treatment at the hands of the Courts than other criminals, so long may we expect the illegal traffic to continue and flourish.

Disunion Plots.

Mr. YANCEY, of Alabama, was one of the most conspicuous of the actors in the Charleston Convention. He represented the extreme Southern wing of the Democratic Party, and made a very long and elaborate speech in support of the Southern Platform. He burst into tears at the very thought of a disruption, and completely overcame those sentimental gentlemen, Capt. RYNDERS and JOHN COCHRANE, by the fervor of his eloquence and the depth of his emotions. He was very desirous of harmony in the ranks of the Democratic Party. Nothing but that could save the country from convulsion and ruin. Out of regard for the Union, therefore, he besought the Convention to accept the Southern Platform, and carry on the Government upon the principles of the Southern States.

We published a letter from Mr. YANCEY yesterday which shows what all this means. For two years past he has been plotting a revolution. In June, 1858, he wrote to an accomplice thus:

"The remedy of the South is a diligent organization of her true men for prompt resistance to the next aggression. It must come in the nature of things. *No national party can save us;* no sectional party can ever do it. But if we could do as our fathers did—organize "Committees of Safety" all over the cotton States (and it is only in them that we can hope for any effective movement)—we shall *fire the Southern heart, instruct the Southern mind, give courage to each other, and at the proper moment, by one organized concerted action, we can* PRECIPITATE THE COTTON STATES INTO REVOLUTION."

Mr. YANCEY has no faith in a "national party,"—no confidence that such a party can save "Us." Naturally, therefore, he cares very little for the triumph of such a party. What he seeks is a *revolution in the Cotton States*;—and this he hopes to accomplish, after due preparation, after the train is laid, agents of the movement duly stationed, Committees organized, and the popular mind prepared,—by some sudden, concerted action, which shall "precipitate" the South into the rebellion he aims at.

In the letter referred to, he says that others who are leagued together for the same result, will "keep their old party relations on all other questions, but will hold the Southern issue paramount, and influence parties, legislatures and statesmen." The only motive which Mr. YANCEY and his friends have for remaining in the Democratic ranks is thus seen to be the hope of influencing the party, and State Legislatures, in favor of his revolutionary scheme.

There can be no doubt that there is a very active organization of determined *disunionists* in the Southern States. They have been at work for years in devising plans for plunging the country into the horrors of a civil war. They profess to act with the Democratic Party, and are quite willing to keep up their connection with it so long as they can make it serve their purposes, or until the moment arrives for "precipitating" the crisis at which they aim. Their only hope of success rests upon sudden action. They dare not give the people of the Southern States time and opportunity to canvass the merit of their plans—to discuss the *pros* and *cons* of dissolution, and act deliberately upon the subject. They have made several attempts to unite the South in favor of such a project, but have never yet succeeded. Even after the John Brown invasion, when the public mind was more thoroughly aroused than it had ever been before, they found it impossible to induce the State of Virginia to take any part in movements which might commit her with other States to a dissolution of the Union.

Their only chance of success lies in sudden hasty action. They will aim to carry their point by a *coup d'etat*. They hope to make their organization so perfect, and to have their agents and accomplices so well trained, that they can upon some sudden emergency override the sound judgment and settled sentiment of the Southern people, and precipitate them into a revolution.

Fortunately, in such a matter as this, to be forewarned is to be forearmed. It is not easy to lay plots and hatch conspiracies for a long time in a country where the Press is free. It may be well, however, for the Democratic Party to understand the real aim of their Southern allies, who feel so much aggrieved by the action of the Charleston Convention, as it may throw some light upon the path they ought to pursue at Baltimore.

Minor Topics.

—The London *Spectator* is exercised. Some anonymous author has published a work entitled *Famous Boys, and how they Became Great Men*, dedicating it "to youths and young men as a stimulus to earnest living." First on his list he has placed HORACE GREELEY and JAMES GORDON BENNETT. To this the *Spectator* takes exception. It thinks that both gentlemen, BENNETT especially, are "dreiful great men," but at the same time does not think that either of them should be held up as a model to show English youths how to accomplish the end of earnest living.

— The Prince of Wales has been making a visit to his relatives in Germany; the German newspapers are speculating very largely on the political projects which, it is taken for granted, he must have in hand, as they deem it quite impossible that he should have come so far merely to see his poor relations. The Prime Minister of Denmark lately visited Paris to bring home his wife and family—whereupon the journals teemed with announcements of the important schemes he had gone thither to consummate.

—The recent prize-fight has furnished the English House of Commons with some very felicitous figures of speech. When Mr. OSBORN wishes to intimate that his friend Mr. BRIGHT is too knock-down a Reformer, he says that his nature partakes of the disposition of that celebrated foreigner, the Benicia Boy, and that he is always for flooring somebody. When he wishes to compliment his friend Mr. BRIGHT for argumentative power, he styles him a most extraordinary, clever and straight-forward hitter, but deprecatingly adds that he is too fond of pitching his hat into the Parliamentary prize-ring and punishing his adversary in pugilistic fashion. The expressive phraseology of the P. R. seems in fair way for being permanently grafted on the vernacular.

—An abreviation not to be found in the books, is to be found on a tombstone in Dunkirk The mourners intended to put an old aunt to sleep with the customary phrase, "Let her rest in peace," but the space on the stone gave out at the close of the word "her." The ready-witted sculptor, however, inserted the initials, and now the dear old lady sleeps beneath the laconic, but inelegant epitaph: "Let her r i p."

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

The Overland Mail.

THE INDIANS ON THE TEXAS FRONTIER STILL TROUBLESOME—A BLACKSMITH AND THREE MEN MURDERED.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Wednesday, May 9.

The Overland Mail-coach, with Lieut. COGSWELL, U. S. A., Dr. J. P. BECK, H. B. PALMER and Mr. and Mrs. ARNOLD as passengers, and San Francisco dates to the 20th of April, arrived here at 4 P. M.

The California news was anticipated by the Pony Express.

By this arrival we have news from the frontiers of Texas, obtained from Lieut. COGSWELL and Dr. BECK. They report the Indians very troublesome in the vicinity of Mustang Pond and between Mountain Pass Station and Phantom Hill. A blacksmith in the employ of the Overland Mail Company, and three men living at Mountain Pass, were murdered by the Comanches.

The day before the stage passed there 13 Indians stopped at Mustang Pond and committed sundry depredations upon the whites. The scout for this stage saw some bands of Indians at the latter place looking with eager eyes towards the coach, and the passengers prepared themselves for a fight, but the red skins were too wary, and it did not become necessary to fire upon them.

Col. SAINT LEROY had started on a tour to select a site for Fort Butler.

Major RUFF had been ordered, with five companies of rifles, to take the field immediately against the Kiowas and Camanches. His dépôt was at For Butler.

Several ranging companies were out in the vicinity of Jackborough.

The Late Convention at Charleston.

NEW-ORLEANS FOR THE UNION.

NEW-ORLEANS, Tuesday, May 8.

The mass meeting held here to-day, to denounce the secession movement at the Charleston Convention, resolved to regard as enemies all who attempt to produce a separation of the States.

THE BOLTERS APPROVED AT SAVANNAH.

SAVANNAH, Tuesday, May 8.

There was a large and enthusiastic meeting to-night to approve the course of the Southern delegates at Charleston.

DOUGLAS DELEGATES WELCOMED IN OHIO.

CLEVELAND, Wednesday, May 9.

On the return yesterday of Messrs. PAYNE and GRAY, delegates to Charleston, a large and enthusiastic meeting of the Douglas Democrats was held, and a salute of 100 guns was fired as a welcome.

The Alleged Theft of Horses from the Pony Express Company.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, May 9.

Mr. RUSSELL, the President of the Pony Express Company, who is here, says the statement in the dispatch by the last Pony Express, that thirty horses had been stolen, cannot be true, as they are so scattered that the Indians would have to travel 250 miles to find that number, and the prompt arrival of the Express itself disproves the statement, as the trip was made after the alleged depredation, and it could not have been made in the time had even three horses been stolen. There can be no foundation for the rumor.

The Reported Indian Massacre Discredited.

LEAVENWORTH, Tuesday, May 8.

The report from Denver City in regard to the massacre of Green & Russell's party on Smoky Hill fork, is not credited in this city. Russell's party, which numbered thirty-four men, were well armed and provisioned. It is thought they could not have yet reached the Indian country, as Mr. RUSSELL expected to take fifty days for the trip. Mr. RUSSELL and party were employed by the Council of this city to explore the above route to the gold regions, and left on the 3d of April.

Injunction Granted.

CLEVELAND, Wednesday, May 9.

In the United States District Court yesterday, in the case of KIMBERLY *vs.* WEAVER and others, a perpetual injunction was granted against the defendants' producing the "Octoroon," together with judgment of $1,000 and costs.

Miss KIMBERLY has brought a suit against Mrs. BARROW, W. CLARK WASHINGTON and others, and the proceedings for an injunction will take place before Judge CURTIS at Boston.

Seizure of an Alleged Slaver.

BOSTON, Wednesday, May 9.

The brig *M. W. Dodge*, from Sierra Leone March 28, reports that the brig *George W. Jones*, of Salem, was seized on the 15th of February, on the Rio Pongo River, by the British frigate *Arrogant*, as a slaver. She was half loaded with hides and ground nuts. Her papers were shown to the lieutenant seizing her, who pronounced them fraudulent. The British Commodore sent the brig back after seeing her papers.

The Pittsburgh Councils and the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURGH, Pa., Wednesday, May 9.

A motion was made in the Supreme Court, yesterday, to discuss the rule to show cause why attachment should not issue against the Common Councils of Pittsburgh, on the ground that the ordinance making the tax levy passed that Council. The Court postponed action till the 29th, to give both Councils an opportunity to concur in the ordinance.

Later from Mexico.

NEW-ORLEANS, Tuesday, May 8.

The steamer *Coatzacoalcos*, from Havana 6th inst., brings Vera Cruz dates of the 1st.

The Constitutional Government rejects the proposed mediation. MIRAMON'S party is defeated on all sides, and his money is exhausted.

CARVAJAL is organizing an expedition to attack Puebla.

It is reported that Minister MCLANE goes into the interior for an interview with MIRAMON. GABRIAC, the French Minister, has been recalled.

Fire in Oswego.

OSWEGO, Wednesday, May 9.

A fire, at 2 o'clock this morning, destroyed three dwellings and most of the contents. The principal two were owned by C. B. REDFIELD, of Albany. His loss is about $5,000; insured for $4,300 in Albany. Mrs. GRANT, boarding-house keeper, and Lawyer PERRY, and other occupants, lost all. No insurance. Capt. HUNTER is insured for $800.

The Wanderer Case.

THE RESCUERS OF CAPT. FARRIUM INDICTED.

SAVANNAH, Tuesday, May 8.

The Federal Court Grand Jury has found true bills against CHARLES A. L. LAMAR, CAREY W. STILES J. MOTT MIDDLETON and WILLIAM HONE for the rescue of Capt. FARNUM from the county jail.

Election in Atcheson, K. T.

ATCHESON, Tuesday, May 8.

The Charter Election came off yesterday, resulting in the complete triumph of the Democracy. Mr. FAIRCHILD was chosen Mayor, Mr. WEIGHTMAN Recorder, Mr. ADAMS Treasurer, and Mr. HOWELL Engineer.

Steamer Aground at Toronto.

TORONTO, C. W., Wednesday, May 9.

The steamer *Bay State*, of the American line, ran ashore early this morning outside of the harbor, and remains fast aground after repeated attempts to get her off.

Mysterious Death.

TOLEDO, OHIO, Wednesday, May 9.

The body of a woman named ELIZA ROBINSON, formerly of Rochester, New-York, was found in the river to-day. She is supposed to have drowned herself during a temporary aberration of mind.

The Baltimore Convention.

All the States, except South Carolina and Oregon, are represented.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW-ORLEANS, Tuesday, May 8.

COTTON steady; sales to-day 14,000 bales. The steamer's news caused greater firmness. Middling, 10¾c.@11c.; lower qualities improved ⅜c.@½c.; sales of three days, 51,000 bales. Receipts of three days, 5,250 bales, against 6,000 bales last year; receipts ahead of last year 457,500 bales; receipts of all Southern ports ahead of last year 74,000 bales. SUGAR firm at 6¾c.@7⅜c. WHEAT active at $1 90. WHISKY 19¾c. Exchange on London 109@109⅛, and with 19¾c. Exchange on London 109@109⅛, and with 19¾c. Sight Exchange on bills of lading, 10⅝@10¾. Sight Exchange on New-York ¾@⅞ ₩ cent. premium. Freights unaltered.

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, May 9.

FLOUR firm and quiet; superfine $6 25. WHEAT declined 2c.; sales 2,000 bush. red, $1 45; white $1 60@$1 62. CORN heavy, 14,000 bush. yellow, 74c.@75c.; Pennsylvania, 76½c. WHISKY dull, 21¾c.@22½c.

MOBILE, Tuesday, May 8.

COTTON—Sales to-day 5,000 bales. The steamer's news caused greater firmness; middling 10¾c.@10¾c. Sales of three days 11,000; receipts of three days 2,500 bales. The rest of the market unchanged.

CHARLESTON, Tuesday, May 8.

COTTON—Sales to-day 1,900 bales, with a better feeling in the market.

Philadelphia Stock Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, May 9.

Stocks firm. Pennsylvania State Fives, 94¼; Reading Railroad, 31⅛; Morris Canal, 56½; Long Island Railroad, 12; Pennsylvania Railroad, 33.

BROOKLYN INTELLIGENCE.

CITY COURTS—CALENDAR for this day—Nos. 18, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 33, 31, 34, 35, 37, 40, 39, 41, 42, 43, 45, 47.

A FLAGRANT FRAUD.—A man named AUGUSTUS CAMPBELL, owning property valued at $16,000, encumbered by mortgages amounting to $7,500, located on Atlantic-street and Hamilton-avenue, desired to transfer his property to his wife, for some purpose best known to himself. To accomplish the object legally, it was necessary first to transfer the property to a third party, to be re-transferred to the wife. A man named EDWIN BAKER was selected as a convenient friend, and the property was duly transferred to him. Once in his hands, he refused to re-transfer it to the wife, and a suit having been brought in the City Court to recover the property, Judge CULVER yesterday decided that BAKER had committed a gross fraud; that he fraudulently got the deed from the CAMPBELLS, and never intended returning it as agreed upon. BAKER was required to give $1,000 bail to await the action of the Grand Jury.

ITEMS.—In the Court of Sessions, yesterday, the following were among the sentences passed: JAMES CONNOLLY, convicted of larceny in stealing a cow, was sentenced to two years' imprisonment in the State Prison at Sing Sing, and THOMAS ARMSTRONG, for a brutal assault and battery upon JOHN J. ALBY, was let off with a fine of $25....Two men were arrested for passing counterfeit $1 and $2 bills on the Clinton Bank of Buffalo....JOHN V. HANSON has been reëlected Fire Commissioner in the Eastern District. ....JOSEPH E. KETCHUM, Jr., was elected to the same office in the Western District.

Jersey City.

BOARD OF CHOSEN FREEHOLDERS—ORGANIZATION.—The Board of Chosen Freeholders for Hudson County met yesterday, and organized by electing the following officers for the ensuing year:

Director—Abraham W. Duryea.
Clerk—Garret Van Horn.
County Collector—Edward W. Kingsland.
County Board of Examiners for Public Schools—Wm. B. Mabone and Wm. L. Dickison.
Counsel to the Board—J. W. Scudder.
County Physician—Dr. Wm. Hornblower.
Official Papers—*American Standard*, Jersey City and Hoboken *Standard*.

After the appointment of the Standing Committees, a resolution was adopted to raise $25,000 for County purposes. A resolution was also adopted authorizing the Building Committee to advertise for proposals for the labor of the county prisoners in the County Workhouse, and the use of the machinery therein contained. Mr. JAMES F. FIELDER offered a resolution, which was adopted, offering an additional reward of $200 for the arrest and conviction of the murderer or murderers of the woman found at the York-street Dock and identified as that of Mrs. ADA RICHARDSON,—the "fast woman."

The Policy of the Democratic Party.

From the Richmond Enquirer.

As to the ultimate action to be adopted at Baltimore we see but two alternatives presented to the

BALTIMORE UNION CONVENTION.

The Meeting and Organization.

ADDRESS OF EX-GOV. HUNT.

SHALL THE PARTY HAVE A PLATFORM?

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

BALTIMORE, Wednesday, May 9.

The Convention has been successfully launched. As to candidates, the strife is mainly between HOUSTON and BELL. A majority of the Pennsylvania delegates are for BELL; the rest are divided between McLEAN and HOUSTON. Ohio is mainly for McLEAN. Probably two-thirds of the New-York delegation are for HOUSTON. Massachusetts is divided between BELL and HOUSTON, as is Connecticut. Virginia is nearly unanimous for BELL. Kentucky is for HOUSTON, after a complimentary vote for CRITTENDEN. Most of the Southern States, including Tennessee, are divided between BELL and HOUSTON. McLEAN will have some strength in the Northwest. The chances preponderate for HOUSTON, and his friends claim his nomination on the first formal ballot.

There is no contest for the second place on the ticket. Mr. EVERETT is the general favorite. New-York is for him. It is said he will accept with Mr. HOUSTON.

HALF-PAST TEN P. M.

The Houston men are less sanguine. The caucusing since the adjournment has damaged him by causing desertion in several quarters. The Bell and McLean stock has come up correspondingly, and the friends of those candidates are hopeful.

The California Committee have agreed to report a platform to wit: The Union, the Constitution and the enforcement of the laws. It was adopted in Committee and will, it is believed, be as unanimously taken up by the Convention. B.

From the Associated Press.

BALTIMORE, Wednesday, May 9.

The City presents an animated appearance. Many strangers are in town, and the head-quarters of the delegations are thronged. There is a great rush for tickets of admission. Delegates from every State, except Oregon and South Carolina, have reported themselves—some in advance of their arrival, expecting to reach here to-day. The hall presents a gay appearance; the gallaries are festooned with red, white and blue. The best gallery is appropriated to the ladies. By noon the gallaries were densely packed, and much enthusiasm was manifested as the delegations appeared and occupied the seats allotted to them.

Various distinguished men were warmly applauded from the galleries.

At noon the Convention was called to order by JOHN J. CRITTENDEN, whose appearance was greeted with loud and prolonged cheering.

Prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. JAMES MCCABE.

Mr. CRITTENDEN moved that WASHINGTON HUNT, of New-York, take the Chair, which was unanimously approved.

Mr. HUNT, on taking the Chair, delivered the following address:

GENTLEMEN: I find myself most unexpectedly called upon to preside over the preliminary proceedings of this Convention. It is a call which I do not feel at liberty to refuse, yet I regret that some other name has not been proposed. The proud and animating spectacle presented here on this occasion, revives cherished recollections, and kindles feelings and sentiments of patriotic hope. It carries the mind back to those days of blessed memory, when the fathers of the country assembled in council to form a perfect union and establish the foundations broad and deep of a political system, which should preserve for ever American liberty, union and independence. [Applause.] The spirit which animated them will inspire us on this occasion, that it will be our object and aim to strengthen the institutions which we received from their hands, and to strengthen that feeling of union and fraternity, which constitutes us one people, and without which union would be impossible. [Applause.] We have come together on this occasion from all parts of our widely-extended country; from North and South, from East and from West; to deliberate and take counsel together for the common good of the whole country. We have come on a mission of peace to strengthen the chains of union and to revive the spirit of national affection in the land, and to proclaim that we are and ever intend to be one, bound together by common ties. [Applause.] We are brought together by no partisan influences, for in times like these the interest of party and the schemes of personal ambition become utterly insignificant and worthless. [Applause.] They are too fleeting and too contemptible, I trust, to impede the action of a free people in preserving their right and freedom. [Applause.] Let us know no party but our country, and no platform but Union. [Applause.] It has long been apparent, and of late become too painfully evident, that we have no party in this country at the present moment, unless it be the friends of Union, who are already here and capable of furnishing a remedy for distempers under which the country is suffering. [Applause.] The once proud and invincible Democracy, which has wielded the powers of Government for many years, has been rent in twain by the fell spirit of sectional discord, and has run aground upon the shoals and breakers of Popular Sovereignty and Territorial Government. I fear it is beyond the power of any surgical or medical skill. I think there is no sorcery or witchcraft left by which the political cauldron can be made again to produce that harmony of conesion which we once saw in the ranks of the Democratic party. [Applause.] We have another, arty, which proposes mainly to deal with this same subject of Popular Sovereignty and management of the Territories, and the question is presented to us as a great and pertinent issue of the day: whether Slavery shall be extended where the Winter temperature is many degrees below zero, and in which, I will venture to say, no slaveowner could be induced to emigrate and settle. And while we are called upon to discuss the interminable abstraction and enter into the Presidential election upon it, nothing is stated, nothing is proposed in regard to the great functions and duties of the General Government, which concerns the people of the United States at large. While a portion of our people are straining their energies to decide particular issues, they seem to forget the rights, the honor and the welfare of the whole country. I have said ours is a mission of peace; be it our task to revive the national spirit of concord, which the Constitution was made to secure. Very solemn and important responsibilities rest upon this Convenuon. From the character of those whom I see present—from the character, the patriotism and the intelligence of the people—I am sure that the deliberations of this Convention will have an important influence in aiding and protecting our country from that to which I have referred. I hope that the spirit of forbearance and moderation, which pervaded in the early days of the Republic, will inspire this Council to-day; I trust that it will be the first and foremost desire in every heart to cultivate sentiments of affection and mutual good will; that we may all feel, both North and South, that we all belong to one family of freemen. [Applause.] That we are resolved to discharge all duties which appertain to our Constitution, as citizens of a free and and independent Republic, not fearing the power of men, but trusting to the overruling providence of God to crown our efforts with his blessings. [Tremendous applause.]

On motion of LESLIE COMBS, a Committee on Permanent Organization was appointed, and also one on Credentials.

The Committee on Organization have retired.

The Convention has taken a recess till 4 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention reassembled at 4 P. M., when the Committee on Permanent Organization reported the following list of officers:

President—WASHINGTON HUNT.

Vice-Presidents—One each from nineteen States, including Marshall P. Wilder of Massachusetts, Fred. A. Tallmadge of New-York, Peter J. Clark of New-Jersey, Joseph R. Ingersoll of Pennsylvania, Alexander H. H. Stuart of Virginia, R. W. Thompson of Indiana, and J. Scott Harrison of Ohio.

Also eleven Secretaries.

The announcement of the names was received with applause, and the nominations were confirmed by acclamation:

Mr. HUNT returned thanks in the following pertinent address:

To be called upon to preside over such an assemblage was an honor for which he returned his profound thanks. He felt that he had received a double share of their kindness to-day, and would discharge the duties to the best of his ability. He was satisfied that all present recognized the necessity of order and decorum, and that this Convention would illustrate that gentlemen could yet come together and discuss public affairs with mutual forbearance and self respect, and the Convention contained representatives from the two sections which had differed upon certain points of public policy. There were those in both sections of the country who would make discord a system; but there were those from both portions of the country, and they were here to-day, who wanted to bring back the people to the consideration of a general question upon which all could unite. He advocated forbearance, moderation and harmony. Differences no doubt existed, and they existed at the foundation of the Government, but did not prevent the founders of the Republic from forming a Union. There was no reason why these differences should estrange the people of the two sections. It was vain and preposterous to seek to divide those whom God had joined together. We were one people, and one country, and the people will yet prove equal to the destiny that is given them. He concluded by expressing the wish that no disturbing element would come in the way of their harmony. He trusted they would not be much embarrassed in the construction of a platform. They should not attempt to settle the question of Popular Sovereignty, or the other issues which excited so much debate in Congress. He wanted to leave each State free and independent as to its own internal affairs. [Great applause.] He hoped the time would come when the people would not send representatives to Congress to hurl invective and insult against the other sections. He again invoked moderation and harmony.

CHARLES LATROBE, of Pennsylvania, moved to proceed to ballot for a candidate for President.

EDWARD SHIPPEN, of Pennsylvania, offered a substitute that each State nominate a candidate for President, and the Convention proceed to ballot, and drop each candidate having the smallest number of votes on each ballot till a result is reached.

Mr. RANDOLPH, of New-Jersey, moved that Hon. LEWIS CONDICT, of New-Jersey, be made an honorary Vice-President. Carried by acclamation.

Mr. HARRIS, of Missouri, said he desired an opportunity to confer with the delegations of the various States, and find out who was the best man to put forward. He wanted time for intercourse, and therefore thought the proposition to proceed to a ballot premature. We should appoint a Committee to prepare a certain declaration of principles, to serve as a basis upon which a great and permanent party could be established. There were immense responsibilities resting upon us, and we should act with deliberation and care.

JNO. S. LITTELL, of Pennsylvania, advocated the passage of Mr. SHIPPEN'S resolution. He thought that all had had ample time to make up their minds since the movement originated. Who wanted to know anything more of Hon. JOHN BELL? [Great applause.]

Mr. GOGGIN, of Virginia, moved that Hon. JOHN J. CRITTENDEN be invited to take a seat on the platform. Carried by applause.

N. G. PENDLETON, of Ohio, was satisfied that they would act more harmoniously if time was afforded the delegates to consult together. Between the names of FILLMORE and BELL it was difficult to choose.

He moved an amendment, that a Committee of one from each State be appointed, to whom each delegation should indicate its preferences, so as to secure unity of action.

FRED. W. GRAYSON, of Pennsylvania, thought when he came here they had a more important work than the Presidency. They had to organize a great national party, and when it triumphed he wanted it to do so upon principles. He could not agree to take up any man, no matter what his antecedents, who did not stand fairly on the platform of recognized principles. The interpretation and meaning of the Constitution were involved in the contest between the two existing parties. They differed as to whether Congress had power to legislate in regard to Slavery in the Territories. [Hisses.] He was not going into this subject. [Laughter.] What he meant was that this Union Party should ignore that disturbing issue. Therefore, before they nominate they should plant themselves on a Platform of constitutional principles [Applause.]

Mr. COOMBS was so thoroughly impressed with the importance of a platform that he had prepared three, for the Democratic, Republican and Constitutional Union parties. For the harmonious Democracy he would present the Virginia resolutions of 1798–99, with two resolutions on Slavery, one to keep it out of the Territories, and one to force Slavery into them to be adopted under the previous question, and no questions asked afterwards. Second, for the "irrepressible conflict" philanthropists he proposed the blue laws of Connecticut, with two modifications in regard to kissing wives on Sunday and burning witches, it being understood that all the pretty wives might be kissed, and only the old witches burned. [Great laughter.] For the Constitutional Union Party he proposed the Constitution as it is, and the Union now and forever. [Great applause.]

Mr. BRESSLER, of Pennsylvania, moved an amendment to the amendment, that the individual delegates of the different delegations be allowed a hand in the nominations. If a majority of the delegation control the presentation of names, the minority would not be heard.

Mr. WATSON, of Mississippi, advocated going into a nomination to-morrow at 10 A. M. Massachusetts had been so abused in his State that he was prepared to look upon Massachusetts men as ministers. He had, however, hunted them up and found them as glorious and noble a set of men as lived. He thought we had better postpone a nomination and give an opportunity to interchange views; then we would be able to make a harmonious nomination, and one that would command success.

Mr. SWANN, of Maryland, seconded the views of the last speakers. If the question of the platform was opened, there was much to be said. He wanted no other platform in Maryland than the Constitution and the laws. He should repudiate all platforms but the Constitution. They were here to repudiate ultraism of both the North and the South. When we disregard that, and when we repudiate the decisions of the Supreme Court, then it was time to break up and go home.

The Chair announced that the delegation from Texas had just arrived, and was waiting at the door. The delegation entered, and were received with three cheers.

Gen. COOMBS begged leave to introduce the Chairman of the Texan delegation, the man with the hair on his face and head. He had sworn twelve years ago not to have his beard or his hair cut till HENRY CLAY was elected President. [Laughter and applause.]

Mr. SWITZLER, of Missouri, said his State wanted no platform, but would be satisfied with a proper candidate.

Mr. C. H. HOPKINS, of Georgia, would suggest a platform in one word. One on which three millions of people could stand, and that was HOUSTON, of Texas—the hero of San Jacinto. [Applause.] He was the man for the crisis, and one whose life furnished a platform. He wanted a military hero, as in 1840 and 1848.

ERASTUS BROOKS, of New-York, did not propose to discuss the merits of candidates, or of a platform. He thought the allusions made this afternoon premature and unfortunate. Speaking for the seventy delegates from New-York, he desired to say he wanted no platform but the Constitution, as interpreted by the constituted authorities. He trusted they would take such action that hereafter neither the extremists of the North or South would be permitted to administer the Government. His wish to learn by experience to be just and tolerant towards each other. Experience showed that party platforms were invented to deceive the people—to wear one face at the North and another at the South. The true platform was the Constitution, as interpreted by its judicial authorities. Whatever they did should be done decently and in order. He urged the appointment of a General Committee to receive expressions of opinion and make a report, which he believed would be unanimous. The people of the country are heartsick and head-sick of what are called party platforms. At Charleston the Democracy literally denounced their own forgery. In New-York the Republicans had two classes, one conservative, who favored the Fugitive Slave law, and addressed themselves to merchants and the manufacturing classes, and another class who preached the higher law in the rural districts. He concluded by a motion that the rules of the House of Representatives be adopted as far as they were applicable, for the government of the Convention.

All the pending resolutions were adopted.

Mr. BROOKS then moved the appointment of a Committee of one from each State to prepare business for the Convention, to whom all resolutions be referred, and who should report to-morrow at 10 o'clock. Adopted.

The Committee was then named as follows:

Alabama—A. F. Alexander.
Connecticut—Austin Baldwin.
Delaware—Chas. J. Culler.
Georgia—Hon. Joshua Hill.
Indiana—Hon. R. W. Thompson.
Illinois—John Wilson
Kentucky—C. J. Burnham.
New-Hampshire—S. C. Wise.
Maine—Geo. E. B. Jackson.
Massachusetts—A. S. Lewis.
Maryland—Geo. A. Perree.
Minnesota—T. G. Barnett.
Mississippi—John W. C. Watson.
Missouri—Thos. A. Harris.
New-York—Erastus Brooks.
New-Jersey—Jas J. Randolph.
North Carolina—Hon. R. S. Donnell.
Ohio—Hon. N. G. Pendleton.
Pennsylvania—Hon. Jos. R. Ingersoll.
Texas—A. B. Norton.
Tennessee—Hon. Baylie Peyton.
Vermont—John Whisler.
Virginia—Robert E. Scott.
Arkansas—M. S. Kennard.

The Chair announced that the Committee would meet at 8 P. M., at the Eutaw House.

Adjourned till 10 A. M. to-morrow.

Death to Vermin.

MEYER'S MIRACULOUS VERMIN-DESTROYER.—Is the only sure remedy for the destruction of Rats, Mice, Water-Bugs, Roaches, Fleas, Moths, and Garden Insects. Read the following testimonial, and be convinced:

METROPOLITAN HOTEL, New-York, June 7, 1859.

JOSEPH MEYER, Esq., Practical Chemist, No. 612 Broadway—Dear Sir: It gives us great pleasure to bear our testimony to the superior qualities of your preparation, "Meyer's Miraculous Vermin-Destroyer." It has been tried with great success in our hotel, and we confidently recommend it as a reliable Exterminator of all kinds of insects. Every housekeeper should possess this 'Miraculous Destroyer.' Respectfully,

SIMEON LELAND & CO."

Principal Depot, No. 612 Broadway. Sold by all druggists, at 25 cents to $1 per box.

Bronchitis.—From Mr. C. H. Gardner, Principal of the Rutgers Female Institute, N. Y.: "I have been afflicted with bronchitis during the past Winter, and found no relief until I found your troches BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, or COUGH LOZENGES, are for sale throughout the United States. Sold by all druggists.

Batchelor's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees.—This celebrated establishment is removed to No. 16 Bond-st. Twelve private rooms for the application of his Hair Dye, the best extant. BATCHELOR'S Wigs and Toupees have improvements over all. This is the only place where these are properly understood and made.

Dr. Marsh continues to apply his Radical Cure Truss with success, in effecting cures of Hernia or Rupture. Ladies waited upon by a female in private rooms. Bathing Trusses, Supporters, Shoulder Braces, Suspensory Bandages, Silk Elastic Stockings, Knee-Caps, and all surgical appliances, by MARSH & CO., No. 2 Vesey-st., New-York, opposite St. Paul's Church.

Singer's Sewing Machines,
AN ENTIRE NEW STYLE,
Designed for all manufacturing purposes. Noiseless in its operation, very rapid and capable of every kind of work. It is the best machine ever produced. Price only $116,
FAMILY SEWING MACHINES of new styles at $75 and $50. I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 458 Broadway.

Grover & Baker's Noiseless
FAMILY SEWING MACHINES,
THE BEST IN USE,
No. 495 Broadway, New-York.
No. 132 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

Iron Work for Buildings.—Iron Store and Bank Fronts, Columns, Girders, Beams, Door Shutters, Stairs, Vaults, &c. Every description of Fine Iron Work for building purposes, manufactured at JAMES L. JACKSON & BROTHER'S Iron Works, 26th-st. 2d-av. and 29th-st., New-York.

Fire-Proof Safes.
STEARNS & MARVIN,
No. 40 MURRAY-ST., New-York.

Removal.
CATARACT WASHING MACHINE.
Exhibition and Sales-room removed to
No. 494 BROADWAY,
East side, next above Broome-st.
The only washing machine that stands the test of use. Washing done without rubbing, and without wear on the clothing. Housekeepers are invited to call and try for themselves. Prices $12, $14 and $16.
SULLIVAN & HYATT,
Proprietors and Manufacturers.
N. B.—Wholesale orders received at our office, No. 54 BEEKMAN-ST.

Opening Day,
THURSDAY, May 10, 1860,
TUTHILL will this day open the spacious store No. 366 Broadway, (lately occupied by Messrs. Goupil & Co.,) as a first-class hat establishment. The stock has been selected with great care, and comprises a large and varied assortment of silk hats of various qualities, Paris made and American soft hats in great variety; caps of the newest and most approved styles; silk, gingham and cotton umbrellas, carpet-bags, hat cases, &c., &c. TUTHILL, Hatter,
No. 366 Broadway,
opposite International Hotel.

Sure Cure for Piles, &c.
A new remedy for Bleeding, Blind and Itching Piles, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, &c. A liquid; warranted to cure, if not, the money will be refunded. Prepared by HENRY D. FOWLE, Chemist, No. 71 Prince-st., Boston. Sold, wholesale and retail, by HEGEMAN & CO., Broadway, and all Druggists. Certificates with each bottle.

Perry's Japanese
BOOT AND SHOE POLISH.
Splendid gloss. No rubbing. Soils nothing.
Sold everywhere. JAPANESE POLISH CO.,
No. 447 Broome-st, one door west of Broadway.

John B. Dunham,
OVER-STRUNG GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS.
Nos. 75 to 85 East 13th-st.,
New-York.

Barry's Tricopherous
is the
BEST AND CHEAPEST ARTICLE
For DRESSING, BEAUTIFYING, CLEANING, CURLING, PRESERVING AND RESTORING THE HAIR. Ladies, try it. For sale by all druggists and perfumers.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machine.
They are the favorites for families.—*Times.*
We prefer them for family use.—*Tribune.*
Office No. 505 Broadway, New-York.

Anniversary Hats.
The largest and most elegant assortment of fashionable Hats and Caps, for gents and children, in the City. The clergy supplied at a discount.
KELLOGG, No. 381 Canal-st.

The New Stereoscopic Emporium.
E. ANTHONY, 501 Broadway. *Catalogues* sent on receipt of stamp. PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS for amateurs and the trade.

"Eureka Sewing Machines."
Price $50, complete; gauges attached.
Parties not having full amount accommodated. An examination solicited. Office No. 493 Broadway.

Shirts made to order, from Measure.
D. C. SILLECK & COX, No. 150 Broadway,
Corner Liberty-st.

Oak Orchard Acid Spring Water.—This water is pronounced by distinguished physicians to be highly valuable as a medicinal agent. We know that ten thousand remedies are in the market, and advertised to cure as many different diseases, but we have such strong faith in the virtues of this water, that we do not hesitate to recommend it to invalids generally. Its curative qualities have been thoroughly tested. Call and see testimonials. H. W. BOSTWICK, Sole Agent,
No. 574 Broadway, New-York.

Boots and Shoes for the Young.—Good articles, low prices, and an extensive stock, induce people to patronize CANTRELL'S establishment, No. 813 Broadway, between 11th and 12th sts. One specialty of CANTRELL'S is particularly deserving of mention, and that is his extensive arrangements for furnishing children with boots and shoes of the finest qualities and every description.

Smith, "the" Hatter, has removed to No. 131 Nassau-st., two doors from Beekman, next door to the Nassau Bank. Great reduction in prices. A fine moleskin silk hat for $2. As good as sold elsewhere for $3 or $4. Spring and Summer styles now ready. Please call and examine.

Why Feel Your Way Into Business in doubt and uncertainty, when a Phrenological examination by FOWLER AND WELLS, No. 308 Broadway, will point out the talents, defects, and the pursuit in which you could best succeed.

Shirts.—Fine and cross-plait French bosom shirts, ready-made and made to order from measure. French and English Neck Ties of the latest importation. L. U. SILLECK & Co., corner of Fulton and William-sts.

Shirts, ready-made, all sizes, and made to measure in the best manner, at MCLAUGHLIN'S, corner of Greenwich and Murray sts. Also, under garments in great variety.

Sewing Machines.—GEORGE B. SLOAT & CO.'S CELEBRATED ELLIPTIC LOCK-STITCH AND SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINES.
G. H. COLLINS, No. 489 Broadway.

Pure Whisky.—50 bbls. S. T. X. Suit's Salt River Bourbon for sale by ATWATER, MULFORD & CO., Nos. 35 and 37 Broad-st

MARRIED.

HAYNES—COONEY.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, May 7, by Rev. Wm. Keegan, at the residence of the bride's father, EDGAR J. HAYNES to JULIA F. COONEY, all of that city.

TOWERS—WHITEHOUSE.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday evening, May 8, by Rev. W. A. Bartlett, at the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. Henry Elliott, Elliott-place, Brooklyn, RICHARD TOWERS, of Boston, Mass., to MARTHA M. WHITEHOUSE, of Rochester, N. Y.

YOUNG—CAFFE.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, May 8, at the church of St. Charles Borromeo, by Rev. Dr. Pise, Mr. EDWARD T. YOUNG to Miss JENNY E., daughter of M. Caffe, Esq., all of Brooklyn.

MOORE—CLARK.—At Hudson, N. Y., on Wednesday, May 9, by Rev. William Watson, LUCIUS MOORE and HARRIET F., daughter of James Clark, Esq., all of Hudson.

DAVIDS—BARTON.—At New-Rochelle, on Thursday, May 3, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. J. M. Lyons, Mr. WALTER F. DAVIDS, son of Thaddeus Davids, Esq., to Miss SARAH J. BARTON, all of New Rochelle.

DIED.

DOUGLASS.—In this City, on Wednesday, May 9, LEBBEUS CHAPMAN, only son of John A. F. and Elizabeth M. Douglass, aged 3 years, 1 month and 1 day.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Friday, at 11 o'clock A. M., from the residence of his parents, No. 147 West 46th-st.

MASON.—In this City, on Wednesday, May 9, of diphtheria, MARY DASHIELL, daughter of Thomas M. Mason, of Ottawa Ill., aged 5 years and 8 months.

Funeral on Thursday, May 10, at 4 o'clock P. M., from the residence of her grandfather, JOHN L. MASON, No. 232 4th-st., New-York.

BALLANTINE.—In this City, on Wednesday, May 9, ELIZA A., wife of George W. Ballantine.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 116 4th st., on Friday, May 11, at 10 o'clock A. M., without further invitation.

CORTIS.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, May 8, of diphtheria, ADA MARY, the only daughter of Richard John and Jane Hannah Cortis, aged 4 years.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the house in Bates-av., near Grand, this (Thursday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

FLEET.—At Harlem, on Wednesday morning, May 9, Mrs. SARAH FLEET, aged 63 years.

The friends and relatives of the family are particularly invited to attend her funeral, on Friday, May 11, at 1 o'clock P. M., from the residence of her son-in-law, J. K. Mathews, 120th st., near Harlem River.

ROBERTS.—At Greenpoint, on Tuesday, May 8, ELIZABETH, wife of Hugh Roberts, in the 41st year of her age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend her funeral, at the Church of the Ascension, Kent-st., Greenpoint, on Friday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

☞ North Wales *Chronicle* please copy.

YOUNG.—At Greenpoint, on Tuesday, May 8, GEORGE, son of James and Martha A. Young, aged 10 months and 4 days.

MCCARROLL.—At East Newark, N. J., on Wednesday, May 9 after a brief illness, Rev. THOMAS MCCARROLL, of the Newark M. E. Conference, aged 36 years.

The ministers of the Conference, and other friends of the family, are invited to attend the funeral, at the Halsey-st. Church, Newark, on Friday afternoon, at 2½ o'clock.

KRAITSIR.—At Morrisania, on Monday, May 7, suddenly, of disease of the heart, CHARLES KRAITSIR, M. D., aged 56 years.

☞ Philadelphia papers please copy.

DRAWINGS OF THE DELAWARE STATE LOTTERIES.—WOOD, EDDY & CO., Managers, of the Delaware, Kentucky and Missouri State Lotteries.
DELAWARE—*Extra Class, No. 221, May 9, 1860.*
71, 44, 17, 10, 2, 6, 56, 7, 45, 47, 28, 75, 24.
DELAWARE—*Class No. 222, May 9, 1860.*
8, 5, 37, 36, 47, 39, 68, 9, 66, 46, 24, 14, 2, 33.
Circulars sent free of charge by addressing either to WOOD, EDDY & CO., Wilmington, Delaware. Or WOOD, EDDY & CO., St. Louis, Missouri.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF HODGES, DAVIS & CO.'S
CONSOLIDATED LOTTERIES OF GEORGIA.
Class 326, May 9, 1860.
49, 24, 58, 26, 44, 38, 64, 68, 13, 40, 78.
Prizes cashed at No. 558 Broadway. Circulars sent free by addressing
HODGES, DAVIS & CO., Managers, Macon, Ga.

MOZART HALL.
MOORE'S IRISH MELODIES.
Unprecedented Success.
GUSTAVUS GEARY
And his daughter
MISS MINA GEARY,
In their original vocal entertainment
TO-NIGHT
AND EVERY EVENING DURING THE WEEK.
Admission 25 cents—Reserved Seats 50 cents.

THE INDEPENDENT
Of TO-DAY has a fine
Letter from
Mrs. HARRIET BEECHER STOWE,
Written from Italy,
Entitled,
"HOW THE PEOPLE LIKE THE POPE."
A Second Article by
HORACE GREELEY,
ON
"THE DEMOCRATIC DISTRACTION."
"A SLAVE AUCTION AT NEW-ORLEANS."
BY AN EYE WITNESS.
A Series of Sketches of
PROMINENT MEMBERS OF THE METHODIST CONFERENCE,
At Buffalo, including
Dr. JAMES FLOY,
Dr. ABEL STEVENS,
Dr. DANIEL CURRY,
Dr. D. W. CLARKE,
Dr. EDWARD THOMPSON,
Dr. FRANCIS HODGSON,
"THE CEDAR CHRISTIAN,"
A Characteristic Sketch from the pen of
Rev. THEODORE L. CUYLER,
Another interesting
"FAMILIAR LETTER,"
BY
Rev. STEPHEN H. TYNG, D.D.
A Sermon by
Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER.
THE INDEPENDENT is published on THURSDAY MORNING, at No. 5 Beekman-st., New-York; terms, $1 a year when sent by mail; $2 50 when delivered by carrier to subscribers in New-York and Brooklyn.
JOSEPH H. RICHARDS, Publisher.

THE
COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER
will hereafter publish a
THIRD EDITION,
at 4 o'clock P. M.,
Which will contain all the news of the day, local, commercial, telegraphic, &c., to the hour of publication. The COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER carefully maintains the long-established reputation for entire impartiality and reliability in its editorial columns, and especially its perfect accuracy and independence in its financial and commercial intelligence. The confidence felt in its statements has given it an influence second to no newspaper in the Union.
The THIRD EDITION may be obtained of the newsmen at the
Astor House, Metropolitan Hotel,
Girard House, Lafarge House,
St. Nicholas Hotel, Fifth avenue Hotel.
The depôts of the New-Jersey, Hudson river, Harlem and New-Haven Railways; at the Staten Island, Brooklyn, Jersey City and Williamsburgh Ferries, and at the Post-office news-stand, and also of
Broadway P. O., No. 422 Broadway, Conroy, Warren-st. and College-place.
Wing & Co., No. 453 Broadway, Telfer, No. 96 3d-av.
Bretano, No. 638 Broadway, Mackelhose, No 147 3d-av.
Rogers, No. 827 Broadway, Pillsbury, No. 201 3d-av.
Price, No 884 Broadway, Goode & Co., No. 257 3d-av.
Greene, No. 942 Broadway, Taylor, No. 289 3d-av.
Burke, No. 638 Broadway, Bennett, No. 463 3d-av.
Kirby, No. 84 Bleecker-st, Pollecy, No. 346 4th-av.
Houseworth, 321 Spring-st, Williams, No. 348 4th-av.
Houseworth, No. 132 Varick-st, Busted, No. 400 4th-av.
Shields, No. 442 Hudson-st, Taylor, No. 444 4th-av.
Cregier, Greenwich-st, Gribben, 8th-av. & Troy-st.
And in Brooklyn of
Greene, opposite the City Hall, Rooke, No. 25 8th-av.
Doremus, No. 69½ Fulton-st, Powell, No. 270 8th-av.
Bennett, Atlantic-st.
Eagan, Atlantic-st., near Court-st.

THIRD EDITION.

NEW-YORK EVENING EXPRESS.
Is published at 4 o'clock P. M., and can be had at all the leading hotels, the ferries, cars, and at the news offices.
It contains exclusive telegraph news later by several hours than any other evening paper, together with City news, ship news, markets and stocks up to the hour of going to press.
The circulation of the EXPRESS is greater than the combined circulation of the entire Evening Press of New-York City, and is equaled only by the cash morning papers
As an advertising medium it has no superior. Ordinary advertisements 8 cents per line.
All advertisements in THE EVENING EXPRESS appear in the NEW-YORK MORNING EXPRESS, without extra charge. J. & E. BROOKS,
Nos. 13 and 15 Park-row.

LATEST NEWS.
THE
THIRD EDITION
OF THE
"EVENING POST"
Published at 4 o'clock,
Can be had of Newsboys and News Agents everywhere.

RECOVERED FROM THE EFFECTS OF THE FIRE!
ISAAC J. OLIVER'S
UNITED STATES STEAM PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,
NO. 32 BEEKMAN-ST.

SPRING AND SUMMER.
For the most fashionable, most tasty, best fitting, best made, newest stock, largest assortment of CLOTHING and FURNISHING GOODS ready-made, and at less prices than at any other establishment in this City, go to F. S. BALDWIN,
Nos. 70 and 72 Bowery.
The largest store in the City. The children's department and custom room not surpassed in this country.

RICH CARPETING.—SPRING STYLES.
SMITH & LOUNSBERY,
No. 466 Broadway, near Grand-st.;
Invite attention to their SPRING STYLES. ROYAL WILTON, VELVET, TAPESTRY and BRUSSELS CARPETING, also 3 Ply and Ingrain of every variety of style and grade. English and American Oil Cloths, &c., &c.
Best styles English Velvets, 125 to 160 cents per yard.
Best styles English Tapestry, 80 to 100 cents per yard.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
SILVER AND PLATED WARE,
PARIS FANS, PORTMONNAIES, CARD CASES, &c.,
For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, Importer and Manufacturer, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st., formerly No. 11 Wall-st.

ESTABLISHED SIXTY YEARS.
MEEKS' CABINET FURNITURE WARE-ROOMS, 333 AND 335 FOURTH-ST., N. W. COR. BROADWAY.
Superior Parlor, Library, Dining and Bedroom Furniture of every style, from the plain and substantial to the elegant and expensive, at reasonable prices.
Interior decorations, pier mantel glasses, &c.
☞ Goods packed and shipped to all parts of the world.

MESSRS. E. V HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
opened their
BRANCH STORE,
AT
NO. 42 EAST 14TH ST., UNION-SQUARE,
On MONDAY, the 7th inst., with a most elegant assortment of entirely new styles of
FINE CHANDELIERS AND GAS-FIXTURES,
MIRRORS, CORNICES and BRONZES.

ASTOR HOUSE EXCHANGE.
BAR, RESTAURANT AND LUNCH.
MEALS SERVED AT ALL HOURS
The Restaurant will be provided with all the delicacies of the season.
The bar will be supplied with the best of liquors, and prompt attention.
JAS. P. M. STETSON & CO.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE,
USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE. FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.
Manufactured by H. C. SPALDING & CO.,
P. O. address, Box No. 3,600. No. 48 Cedar-st.

STODART PIANOS.
GRAND, SQUARE AND PICOLO.
The best manufactured.
Warerooms,
No. 500 Broadway.

LADIES' GILT BELTS,
HAIR NETS,
FRENCH and PALM-LEAF FANS,
GILT SLIDES and BUCKLES,
FANCY HAIR PINS,
And MANY NEW GOODS.
Just received per various steamers, for sale to the Trade by HUGHES, DUPUY & EXCHANGE.
No. 341 Broadway, up stairs.

MISS NIGHTINGALE ON NURSING.
Cheap Edition, 15 cents.
D. APPLETON & CO., No. 447 and No. 445 Broadway, HAVE NOW READY
A cheap edition of
NOTES ON NURSING,
WHAT IT IS, AND WHAT IT IS NOT,
BY FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE.
Paper covers, 15 cents, Cloth, 25 cents.

FINE PLATED WARE AT REDUCED PRICES.
Ice Pitchers, $6 50 to $10; Coffee Urns, $9 to $15; Tea Sets, 6 pieces, $20 to $28; Cake Baskets, $4 to $6; Castors, $3 to $12; Decanter Stands, $8 to $12; Forks and Spoons, $2 to $6 per dozen; Waiters, &c., at the store of LUCIUS HART, Nos. 4 and 6 Burling-slip.

PERUVIAN SYRUP,
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PERUVIAN SYRUP,
OR
PROTECTED SOLUTION
OF
PROTOXIDE OF IRON,
PROTOXIDE OF IRON,
PROTOXIDE OF IRON,
PROTOXIDE OF IRON,
COMBINED;
For the cure of the following forms of disease, most of which originate in
DYSPEPSIA:
Liver Complaint, Chronic Diarrhœa, Nervous Debility, St. Vitus' Dance, Neuralgia and Nervous Affections, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Languor and Depression of Spirits, Scrofula, Carbuncles and Boils, Piles, Scurvy, Affections of the Skin, Consumptive Tendencies, Bronchitis, Chlorosis, Leucorrhœa Prolapsis Uteri and all Diseases peculiar to Females, and all Complaints accompanied by General Debility, and requiring a tonic or alterative medicine

IRON IN THE BLOOD,
IRON IN THE BLOOD,
IRON IN THE BLOOD,
IRON IN THE BLOOD,
IRON IN THE BLOOD,
IRON IN THE BLOOD,
IRON IN THE BLOOD.

The PERUVIAN SYRUP, which has the indorsement of so many distinguished physicians, clergymen and men of business, we believe to be a most superior medicine for all diseases requiring a proper infusion of iron in the blood. Its good qualities are fully certified to by many of those who are prompted to indorse it as a remedy for a class of diseases not to be reached by ordinary modes of treatment. The Syrup itself is but a protected solution of Protoxide of Iron, but so prepared as to retain all the effective qualities of the Iron, and in this respect having peculiar advantages over any other preparation of the kind to which public attention has been called.—*Editor Evening Express.*

IRON IN THE BLOOD,
IRON IN THE BLOOD,
IRON IN THE BLOOD.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17, 1859.
The experience which we have had of the PERUVIAN SYRUP, (Protoxide of Iron,) and the evidences which have been exhibited to us of its great success in the cure of many diseases, satisfy us that it is a medicinal agent of remarkable power, and deserving the attention of invalids.
JOHN E. WILLIAMS, Esq.,
President of Metropolitan Bank.
REV. ABEL STEVENS,
Editor *Christian Advocate and Journal.*
JOHN G. NELSON,
Firm Nelson & Richmond, No. 81 John-st.
REV. P. CHURCH,
Editor of the New-York *Chronicle.*
ISAAC V. FOWLER,
Postmaster.

It is well known that the medicinal effects of Protoxide of Iron are lost by even a very brief exposure to air, and that to maintain a solution of Protoxide of I

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

TO MANUFACTURERS.

For sale or to let, a large fire-proof brick-building, near the Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, suitable for any manufacturing purpose, containing a first-class steam engine. Apply to E. R. KELLOGG, No. 90 Beaver-st., New-York.

HOUSE AND LOT ON WEST TENTH-ST.

Attention is called to the sale of the valuable house and lot, No. 58 West 10th-st., near 6th-av., to be made at auction, by E. B. LUDLOW & CO., THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange. Further particulars at the office, No. 3 Pine st.

PEARL-STREET, NEAR BROADWAY.—For sale, No. 350 Pearl-st., next door to C. W. & J. T. Moore, and near Broadway, a full-sized lot, (25 by 100) upon which is a good four-story building. A large part of the purchase-money can remain on bond and mortgage. This is a most desirable location for a first-class store. ALSO,

A plot of 67 acres of most desirably located ground at Ravenswood, opposite 72d-st., New-York, about one mile from Greenpoint and Flushing Railroad Depôt, and about a quarter of a mile from the East River shore. This plot of ground is one for an investment—highly recommended. For further particulars, inquire of HOMER MORGAN, 3 Metropolitan Bank Building, Pine st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE TWO LARGE and commodious houses Nos. 8 and 10 Clinton-place, occupied for several years by the late Mrs. M. Okill as a school for young ladies. The houses are admirably adapted for a club, or for business purposes of almost any kind, with spacious apartments connected throughout, and capable of being subdivided advantageously into a number of small rooms. Possession can be had on the 1st of July. For terms, &c. apply to HOMER MORGAN, Metropolitan Bank Building, Pine-st.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS house No. 176 Fort Green-place, third house south of Hanson place, with all the modern improvements: has just been plumbed, whitened and painted throughout; is in the most complete order in every respect; will be sold at a bargain and on easy terms, or leased to a good tenant at a low figure; immediate possession. Inquire on the premises for two days.

BROOKLYN.—FOR SALE—THREE TWO-STORY and attic brick houses, just finished, cottage-style, with all the improvements of the day; extra land attached to each; location, Lefferts-st., between Franklin and Classon avs. Terms to suit purchasers. Apply to A. V. STOUT, Shoe and Leather Bank, corner of Broadway and Chambers-st.

HOUSE FOR SALE.—A THREE-STORY brown-stone front house, with basement and undercellar, now being finished by days' work in the most substantial manner; located on Lexington-av.; would take in part payment building material. Apply at No. 28 3d-av., to JOHN D. OTTIWELL, or JOSEPH DE LAFANTE.

FOR SALE—OR WILL BE EXCHANGED FOR A good first or second mortgage on real estate for about $3,500, a small brick house in Brooklyn, well located and rented to a good tenant; about $500 in cash will be paid if necessary. Address H., Box No. 2,604 New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE—ON THE NORTH SIDE OF 50TH-st., between 2d and 3d avs., two new first-class three story and basement brick houses, with undercellars and all modern improvements. Lots running through the block if desired. Terms easy. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE—VILLA SITES OF FOUR, EIGHT, OR twelve lots on 3d, 4th and 5th avs. and 55th-st., Brooklyn, commanding a full and splendid view of New-York City and harbor, and within 30 minutes of Wall-st. by City cars. Terms easy. Apply to A. T. BERGEN, No. 20 Vesey-st.; HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st.

STORE FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE LARGE marble-front store No. 53 Chambers-st., running through to Reade st., 27 feet front by 152 feet deep, at present occupied by Cochran & Co. Apply on the premises to COCHRAN & CO., No. 53 Chambers-st.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE BUILDING LOT ON 3d-av., below 29th-st. Size 25x100. At a reasonable price. Apply at No. 189 3d-av.

JOHN D. OTTIWELL.

TO LET.

TO LET—AT WILLIAMSBURGH, L. I., AT A reasonable price, to a good tenant, a good and large house with 16 lots, (one acre of ground,) laid out as a garden, with fruit, shrubbery, &c., situated on south side of Grand st., between Lorimer and Leonard sts., (with two lamps in front of the door.) For particulars, &c., apply to R. W. HOWES, at the Park Bank, Beekman-st., New-York.

TO LET—A THREE-STORY BROWN-STONE front house, with high basement, under cellar, all the modern improvements, No. 101 West 36th-st., between Broadway and 7th-av. Apply to E. S. YARD, Jr., No. 421 7th-av., druggist store, corner of 36th-st., or of S. HISCOX, No. 28 Grove-st.

TO LET—SPLENDID OFFICES IN THE NEW building corner Broadway and Fulton-st, suitable for banking, insurance, brokers, lawyers, architects, stationery, shipping, &c. Apply, on the premises, to J. M. JAQUES, Room No. 10.

TO LET—ON THE 1ST OF MAY, THE NEW STORE and 4-story building, corner of 6th and Green sts. Also, a part of the building corner of 4th and Mercer sts. Apply at the Diapragm Filter Office, No. 326 6th-st.

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OFFICES TO LET IN THE BIBLE-HOUSE.—Desirable offices in the Bible-House, Astor-place; also, a suite of three offices, fronting on 3d-av. These offices are all heated without extra charge.

STEAM POWER TO LET—AT THE EMPIRE Works, foot of East 24th-st. Well-lighted rooms and 1,000 horse power. Inquire on the premises. Also, lot of machinists' tools for sale.

TO LET—WITH OR WITHOUT STEAM POWER, room 60x40 feet, in a new building, well lighted all around. Apply on the premises, No. 62 Cannon-st., or at No. 63 Murray-st.

TO LET—THE THIRD FLOOR NO. 42 ANN ST., now occupied as a printing-office. Inquire on the premises of G. A. WHITEHORN, or of F. MANY, No. 49 John-st.

ROOMS, WITH POWER, NEAR BROADWAY TO LET.—One very large and several small rooms at low rates by JOHN GAUDU, 102 Walker-st.

TO LET—THE WHOLE UPPER PART OF STORE No. 299 Broadway, the second story, 90 feet deep, all in perfect order. Apply at 325 Broadway, third story.

TO LET—TWO DESIRABLE LAW OFFICES ON the 4th floor of the *Times* Building. Apply to GALE, COIT & HARRIS, same building.

TO LET OR LEASE.—LOFTS OF NO. 46 MURRAY-ST. Inquire on the premises.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

FURNISHED HOUSE IN THE COUNTRY TO LET for the Summer months; a large, well furnished house, with garden and grounds, well stocked with fruits and vegetables, with use of cow, horse and carriage, at Elizabeth, N. J., the residence of Cornelius Baker, Esq. Elizabeth is accessible to New-York in an hour by 14 trains daily per New-Jersey Railroad, and steamboat via Elizabethport. Particulars can be obtained from J. A. ELGAR, No. 95 Front-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—FOR ONE or two years. The eligibly-located and gentecly-furnished house, No. 51 West 25th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. The house is first-class, and in the most perfect order. The furniture is new, and of the best description. A reasonable concession will be made in the rent to the 1st of September, to an acceptable tenant. Apply at the house, or to L. EDGERTON, No. 292 Broadway.

A FURNISHED HOUSE OR COTTAGE, to rent for 3 or 4 months, is wanted, within one or two hours' ride by rail or steamboat from the City. A place of moderate pretensions, with plenty of shade and space, rather than style in the house, will be preferred. Address J. T., with location and terms, Box No. 467 Post-office.

TO LET—FOR FOUR OR FIVE MONTHS, FROM 1st June, an elegant furnished country seat, at Throg's Neck, Westchester County; stables, gardens, &c.; one hour by rail and one and a half hours by road from New-York. For particulars, apply to E. J. GENET, Nos. 8 and 10 Pine st.

TO LET—HOUSE AND FURNITURE AT GLEN Cove, L. I., for the Summer, pleasantly situated, good grounds and conveniences. Easy of access and every way desirable. Terms moderate. Apply to W. F. REED, No. 166 Fulton-st., near Broadway.

A FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET IN BROOKLYN.—A comfortable large house, suitable for a boarding house or a private family, ten minutes' walk from three ferries. For further particulars inquire at No. 290 Bridge-st., Brooklyn.

A FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET IN 12-st., a few doors east of 2d-av., for several months from the present time. Apply at No. 95 Chambers-st.

HOTELS.

TO LET OR LEASE IMMEDIATELY—IN order that it may be ready for the reception of the Prince of Wales—The new Hotel at Ottawa, Canada; a fine new cut-stone building, five stories high, with about 70 rooms, heated by steam, with all the modern improvements; situated opposite the new Parliament Buildings, in the heart of Central Ottawa. Possession at once. To a first-class hotel man a favorable lease will be given. Address the owner, WM. H. MORRELL, Box No. 4,648 New-York Post-office.

SMITHSONIAN HOUSE, BROADWAY, corner of Houston-st., New-York. Conducted on the European plan. Single rooms 50 cents, 75 cents and $1 per day; double rooms and parlors $1 50 to $3. Meals at all hours and as ordered. S. E. MEAD.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED TO RENT,

A COTTAGE WITH GARDEN, &c. Accessible from New-York in about one hour. Address, with terms and description, R. L. SCOTT, No. 6 Pine-st., New-York.

WANTED TO LEASE FROM OCTOBER 1 a moderate sized house, with modern improvements and in a good neighborhood. Rent not to exceed $700. Address, stating location and very full particulars, G. P. P., Box No. 166 *Times* Office.

DENTISTRY.

A CLEAN AND WHOLESOME APPEARANCE OF THE MOUTH IS THE STRONGEST LETTER OF RECOMMENDATION.—Pain and loss of teeth entirely prevented by my new method of filling, which is warranted. Teeth and fangs ingeniously removed without sensation. Old sets exchanged, fitted or repaired; and new sets in handsome style.

VINCENT W. BATE, Dentist, No. 826 Broadway, corner of 13th-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

TO LET—RENT $600.—A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY seat near Dobbs' Ferry Station, Hudson River Railroad, having extensive river views, consisting of house with twelve rooms, bath, hot and cold water, carriage house, &c.; grounds well laid out, and abundantly stocked with fruit and shade trees, &c., is now offered at reduced rent. Apply to M. K. COUZENS, No. 51 Liberty-st.

BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY SEAT AND DESIRABLE BUILDING SITES AT AUCTION—A RARE OPPORTUNITY.—Will be sold at auction, on the premises at 2 o'clock, P. M., on WEDNESDAY, May 16, 1860, the country seat of Stephen B. Alling, adjoining the residence of Prof J. J. Mapes, on the upper road from Newark to Elizabeth; about two miles from Newark, and one hour's ride from New-York; containing about 37 acres, well stocked with the choicest fruit of every description, all in bearing condition, with the privilege of a full supply of pure spring water, and situated directly in front of Weequahick Lake (now in process of construction.) The place will be divided into four plots, of about 16, 11, 4½ and 5½ acres each, the first of which contains a large two-story Swiss-cottage house, 40x50, with wings, piazzas, &c., and all necessary outbuildings, in excellent repair. The others afford fine sites for building, being elevated, and having a fine prospect of the Bay, Staten Island, &c. The entire front of the property is inclosed with hedges, evergreens and shrubbery. The property can be seen every afternoon, from 3 to 5 o'clock, until the day of sale. Terms, quarter cash, quarter 12 months, and the balance on bond and mortgage for three years. Possession given, if required, on the 1st of June. Maps may be seen and particulars made known at Mapes' Agricultural Warehouse, No. 126 Nassau-st. Parties taking the 1 o'clock train, from foot of Cortlandt st., will find omnibuses at Market-st. station, Newark, to convey them to the premises. Fare 25 cents each way.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY SEAT ON LONG Island Sound, containing about 65 acres beautifully situated in a neighboring state, an hour and a half distant from the City by the New-Haven Railroad, and five minutes' drive from station. There is a substantial house, barn and stable, carriage-house and ice-house, (filled,) also a conservatory and grapery, containing a variety of fine grapes, a large garden, laid out in the best manner, and well stocked with all varieties of fruits, berries and vegetables. The land is under a high state of cultivation, uniting advantageously wood land, arable land, and fine building sites, and is sloped beautifully to the water's edge on the whole front, which is nearly a mile in extent. It is situated near Green Farms, known as the healthiest part of Connecticut, and the favorite resort of invalids during the summer season, and in a neighborhood of the highest respectability. This property has unusual advantages, being in perfect order for a gentleman's immediate occupation. Price $20,000. Terms easy. Apply at No. 235 5th-av., between 9 and 10 A. M.

CLIFFSIDE.—FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY RESIdence for sale, situated on the west bank of the Hudson, 54 miles from New-York, in the town of Cornwall, Orange County, N. Y., near Idlewild; contains 17 acres of choice land, with fruit and berries of the best selection; easy access, being five minutes' walk from steamboat and ferry of the Hudson River Railroad; the house is of brick and stone, 44 by 48, and commands a river view of 16 miles in extent; is furnished with furnace, gas and water, brick barn, 42x44, with wing, 34x40, will be sold furnished or unfurnished; possession given immediately. For full particulars, with a view of the house, size of rooms, terms, &c., inquire of E. CARSON, No. 42 Beekman-st. or BOYD & MORTON, No. 4½ Pine-st., or of the owner, D. CARSON, Jr., Cornwall, Orange County, N. Y.

TO LET, OR ITO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS.—A country residence at Newburgh, being part of the well-known country seat of Mr. F. Betts, The House, which is now being fitted up and ornamented in superior style, is large and commodious, containing eight bed-rooms, and three attic-rooms for servants, and commands a charming view of Newburgh Bay. It will be let alone, or with the garden, grapehouses, fruit-ground, and about three acres of land. The vines, of the choicest varieties of foreign grapes, are in full bearing, yielding an abundant supply of fruit for a large family. Terms moderate. For particulars, apply to Hon. JOHN J. MORRILL, Newburgh. F. J. BETTS, New-Haven, Conn.

COUNTRY SEAT.—TO LET FURNISHED OR for sale the residence of J. T. Headley, situated on the banks of the Hudson, ten minutes drive from Newburgh. It is a Gothic building, designed and built by the late A. J. Downing. It has a bath room, hot and cold water, &c. There are over thirteen acres of land attached, with a good vegetable garden, fruit, and one hundred grape vines in full bearing. It is one of the healthiest locations in the country. An accurate drawing of the house, with the view from it, may be seen in the Academy of Design, No. 2 on the catalogue. Inquire of WILLIAM C. RUSSELL, No. 24 Pine-st., or CHARLES E. MORTON, 4½ Pine-st., or on the premises.

RURAL RETREAT AT SOUTH YONKERS FOR SALE—Consisting of a beautiful house, with 13 rooms, all finished, water in the house—a plentiful supply of all trees, grapes and shrubbery; six acres of ground, well laid out with shrubbery, fruit-trees, and an excellent kitchen garden; a fine lawn fronts the house, in beautiful order; the out-buildings are complete, having carriage-house, stabling for several horses; the society is good, and surrounding scenery unusually attractive. To a City merchant this is a desirable property, being only one hour's ride from the City Hall. Apply to J. F. WILLIAMS, No. 442 8th-av.

FOR SALE AT NEWBURGH—A FINE country seat of about 13½ acres of land, beautifully situated at and near the Washington Headquarters. Large modern house, replete with every convenience, from which there are fine and extensive views of the Hudson River and surrounding country. The grounds are highly embellished; large and beautiful fountain, fruit and ornamental trees, gravel walks, and skirted on four sides with rows of rich evergreens. Price $30,000. Terms easy. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Metropolitan Bank Building, Pine-st.

TO LET AT YONKERS—FOR THE SUMMER or year, within 3 minutes' walk of Glenwood depôt, or 10 minutes' of Yonkers, a furnished house, containing 7 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room and kitchen; also, gas and water in abundance; garden well planted with fruit trees, currant and raspberry bushes. The house commands a fine view of the river, has piazzas front and rear. Rent $100 a month, or $1,000 a year. Inquire of E. M. LIVERMORE, on the premises, or at No. 70 Broad-st., in this City, from 1½ to 3 P. M.

TO LET AT YONKERS FOR THE SUMMER season or year, a furnished cottage, containing ten rooms, with from three to ten acres of land, delightfully situated on elevated ground, surrounded by beautiful shade trees, and abundantly supplied by pure Spring water; there is a garden planted, and fruit; and all the necessary out-buildings in good order. Is in about twenty minutes' ride of the depôt. Address HENRY B. ODELL, Yonkers, or apply to W. L. SEYMOUR, No. 14 Pine st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY—Two elegant country seats within half a mile of the City of Hudson, Columbia County, with about 50 acres of land attached to each. The buildings and improvements in good taste, the land under first-rate cultivation, and the prospect and scenery scarcely excelled by any in the world. Inquire of A. UNDERHILL, No. 4 New-st., New-York, or of WM. H. MELLEN, Hudson.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE CHEAP—AT Five-Mile River, Conn., a small double house, in good order, and about one third of an acre of ground, very handsomely situated near the water, about one-fourth of a mile from the New-Haven Railroad, and about 2½ miles from Norwalk; price, $800 cash. Apply to SAM. RAYMOND, 2d 5-mile River, or to JAMES G. POWERS, No. 101 Murray-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE BUILDING SITES ONE hour's ride from New-York by the New-Jersey Northern Railroad. Fifty-six acres beautifully situated on the Backensack River, and one mile from and overlooking the village of Hackensack. It will be sold in one lot, or divided to suit purchasers. Terms liberal For particulars apply to J. H. BEATTY, No. 65 Warren-st., or to B. J. ROMAINE, on the premises.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE IN THE HIGHLANDS FOR SALE—Near the Hudson, about two miles east of Railroad depôt and Steamboat landing, Cold Spring. Rustic cottage, containing 12 rooms, 8½ acres of land—one-half in wood; good variety choice fruit trees, grapes, &c. Location healthy, retired, with good view of West Point. For particulars inquire of L. C. WARD, No. 100 Maiden-lane.

COUNTRY SEAT AND FARM OF 170 Acres, delightfully situated on East River, 9 miles from Harlem, to be sold with furniture, stock, &c., &c. It is perfectly healthy, and combines everything desirable for a gentleman's residence, and will be sold low and on easy terms, as the owner is compelled to travel abroad. Apply at Room No. 1, over Fulton Bank.

A LADY HAVING TAKEN AN ELEGANT furnished house in one of the most delightful locations up town, is now prepared to let to families and gentlemen of the first respectability, suites and single rooms, with private table, if desired. Address A. B., *Times* Office.

FOR SALE AT ORANGE, N. J.—HOUSE ON Main-st., near Brick-church depôt; has a large garden barn, grapes, &c., in abundance. The furniture will be sold if desired. For particulars apply to R. K. DOW. No. 51 Exchange-place, or J. B. LINDSLEY, Esq., Orange, N. J.

COUNTRY PLACE FOR SALE—ON THE Hudson River, 30 miles from the City, one-third of a mile from the depôt. Good buildings; well fruited and watered, and grounds highly improved. Three-quarters of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage. Inquire of EDMUND COFFIN, No. 27 Nassau-st. Possession immediately.

FOR SALE.—CLIFTON, STATEN ISLAND, 10 minutes' walk from Vanderbilt landing, a cottage, with half an acre of ground; stables attached, and all in fine order and replete with every convenience; now occupied by Mr. Evitt, on Simonson-av.; terms $7,000, of which $4,000 can remain on bond and mortgage. Apply on the premises.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE ON STATEN ISLAND TO LET—On Castleton Heights, one mile from the landing, double house, with gas, stable, coach-house and garden. Healthy locality and splendid view. Will be furnished if required. Apply to CHARLES KRUEGER, No. 63 Ann-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—A handsome cottage, barn, and two acres, with choice fruit, fish-pond, &c., ten minutes' walk from Spring Valley depôt, Rockland County, and 30 miles from New York. S. EDDY & CO., No. 61 Liberty-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FURNISHED—A beautiful country residence in the Highlands, on the Hudson River Railroad, with six acres of ground; price $8,500; terms easy. If not sold, will be let very low, furnished. Apply to Dr. SWAN, Astor House, from 8 to 11 o'clock A. M.

FOR SALE—SELECTED COUNTRY RESIDENCES and building sites, in healthy locations, commanding fine river and interior views, situated in Bergen, Rockland, Orange and Westchester Counties. Accessible by railroad and steamboats. S. SEYMOUR, No. 31 Pine-st.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A HANDSOME HOUSE, with all the modern improvements, and three acres of land attached, well stocked with fruit trees, within 35 minutes of New-York by cars every hour; first class neighborhood. Inquire of H. HOAG, No. 75 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AT TARRYTOWN, A NEAT AND convenient cottage, with about one acre in garden, fruit and shade trees. A pleasant situation, near the depôt; fine view of the Hudson. Price $3,000. Apply to JOHN A. KENYON, No. 79 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN.—HOMESTEAD FARM of 40 acres, house, barn, &c.; plenty of fruit and healthy; one hour's ride from the City; near depôt. Price $3,500. Inquire of FERRIS & BEATTY, No. 65 Warren-st., or No. 469 Broadway, second floor.

ASTORIA—TO LET—A NICE COTTAGE house, with large garden of over half an acre; situated on high ground. Rent low. Also several desirable houses in this City, by W. H. LUBS, No. 228 4th-av.

SUMMER RESORTS.

COZZENS'

WEST POINT HOTEL

Will be opened on Saturday, May 26.

Persons wishing to make arrangements for board, &c., will apply to WM. B. COZZENS, West Point.

N. B.—Mr. COZZENS has three furnished cottages to let.

EXCURSIONS.—TO LET—DAVIDS' ISLAND, to Sunday Schools Churches, Select, Private and Pic-nic Parties, &c., situated in Long Island Sound, 17 miles from New-York; the portion to be let consists of a 10-acre Grove, with the large saloons, &c., to be solely under charge of the Committee of the party hiring or to stay. Engagements can now be made for any day in advance for the season. A commodious summer boarding hotel has been erected for the reception of permanent visitors. Extensive improvements have been made. For particulars, apply to GEORGE W. DAVIDS, No. 127 William-st., New-York City.

THE PAVILION AT GLEN COVE, LONG ISLAND—Two hours from New-York by steamer *Long Island*, from foot of James st., will be ready on the 1st of June for the reception of guests. Plans of the buildings can be seen and rooms engaged at the subscriber's hotel, corner of 21st-st. and Broadway.

JOHN L. MOORE, Proprietor.

WM. M. WEEKS, Assistant.

HEATH HOUSE, SCHOOLEY'S MOUNTAIN, N. J.—The above establishment will be open for company or permanent boarders on the 1st of June. Parties desirous of obtaining rooms can do so by letter to the proprietor. D. A. CROWELL.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—A FAMILY LOCATED IN PIERREPONT-ST., Brooklyn Heights, occupying a large and elegantly furnished house, could spare a parlor and bedroom with board to a gentleman and wife. Also a very nice room for a single gentleman. House contains all the modern improvements. Address H, Box No. 123 *Times* Office.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN AND HIS WIFE, or three or four single gentlemen, can be accommodated with pleasant rooms and good board, at No. 105 9th-st. Dinner at 6 o'clock. Unexceptionable reference required.

BOARDING—A FEW BOARDERS CAN BE ACcommodated with single or double rooms, with the comforts of a private home at No. 108 Waverley-place, four doors from Washington-square. A front basement to let for an office. Apply immediately.

BOARDING.—AGENTLEMEN AND HIS WIFE or two single gentlemen, can be accommodated with pleasant rooms and board with a private family, at No. 151 3d-av. Dinner at 6 o'clock. Unexceptionable references required.

BOARDING.—SINGLE GENTLEMEN, OF GOOD standing, can have large, very desirable rooms and all the comforts of a home in my family, by addressing A. T. A., Box No. 102 *Times* Office. Breakfast and Tea. Dinner Sundays, furnished.

BOARDING—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY—AT NO. 10 Nelson-place, one block from Broadway, third door from Clinton-place. Rooms single and double, with gas and Croton. References exchanged.

BOARDING.—MRS. S. A. FAULKNER, NO 58 East 16th-st., has to let several parlor and bedrooms on the second floor. The rooms are furnished with Croton water, gas, &c.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—TO LET, WITH board, a well-furnished front room on the third floor to a gentleman and his wife or to two single gentlemen, or a front hall bedroom on the same floor to a single gentleman. The house has gas, baths, &c. Apply at No. 186½ Adams-st., Brooklyn.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A SMALL FAMILY, having more room than they wish to occupy, would let a large front room, or a smaller one, to a party of two or three gentlemen. Location delightful for the Summer, and terms very reasonable. Apply at No. 207 Clinton-st.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—ROOMS ON THE first or second floor of an English basement house, will be let with partial board to a person having good reference. Inquire at No. 25 Concord-st.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS—IN the brown-stone house No. 26 Willow-st., three minutes' walk from Fulton ferry; two large rooms to let, pleasantly furnished; suitable for a gentleman and wife, and two single gentlemen; also, a single room.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—TWO or three single gentlemen can be accommodated with board and pleasant double or single rooms, at No. 18 Willow-st., Brooklyn Heights, between Fulton and Wall-st. Ferries.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A PRIVATE FAMILY, living in their own house, would accommodate a few single gentlemen with board and pleasant rooms, on first or second floor; terms moderate. Apply at No. 80 Willoughby st., Brooklyn.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—PLEASANT ACcommodations for gentlemen and their wives, or for single gentlemen, may be had at No. 11 Monroe-place. References required.

SOUTH BROOKLYN.—TWO VERY PLEASant, furnished rooms, with all conveniences, to let, with board, in a private family. Location desirable, and convenient to ferries. Apply at No. 253 Clinton-st.

BOARD WANTED.—A YOUNG MAN ENGAGED in business for himself in the lower part of the City, wishes to procure (permanently) neatly furnished room, with breakfast and tea at 6 o'clock, in private Protestant family, who live on or near a good stage route, in a pleasant part of the City and where there are no other boarders; references given and required. Address H. T., Box No. 144 *Times* Office, giving terms and location.

BOARD WANTED—IN A PLEASANT SITUAtion on Brooklyn Heights, by a young gentleman and wife. Good reference exchanged. Address F. F. H., Box No. 165 *Times* Office.

A PRIVATE FAMILY IN 34TH-ST., NEAR Broadway, will let, with board, a large front room, (with smaller room connecting,) and a large back room on same floor. Also, a good size bed-room on floor above. House is first-class, handsomely furnished, and has water gas, &c., throughout. References exchanged. Address L. W., Box No. 106 *Times* Office.

TO LET.—A CHOICE OF BEAUTIFUL ROOMS, furnished or unfurnished, without board, in a house containing all the modern improvements, occupied by a private family; location central; first-class, and in the vicinity of several lines of stages. A note addressed to T. M. C., Station D, Bible House, will receive attention.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL DISPOSE OF a suite of rooms on second floor, to one or more adults, with first-class board, in a fine house, centrally located, in good neighborhood. Unexceptionable references in every respect will be required. Permanent arrangement preferred. Address S. F. Box 150 *Times* Office.

ROOMS—IN FIRST-CLASS HOUSE, A FEW minutes walk from New-York Hotel, Broadway and Cooper Institute, adapted for young gentlemen; cool and commodious, where they can have a permanent and Christian home, and be provided with breakfast and tea, if desired. Terms very moderate. Address S., Box No. 142 *Times* Office.

TWO SUITES OF ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOMS, with every convenience, suitable for gentlemen requiring superior accommodations; breakfast served, if desired. Also, a full suite of apartments will be disposed of to a first-class family, with private table. Apply at No. 195 5th-av.

AN ELDERLY LADY AND HER DAUGHTER, who own a house with the modern improvements, wish to let a handsomely furnished front room on the second story, to one or two gentlemen also a small room. Tea and breakfast if desired. Apply at No. 242 Madison-st., between Jefferson and Clinton-sts.

SINGLE GENTLEMEN.—TWO LARGE 2D-story rooms, with closets, partly furnished to rent, separately or together. House has modern improvements, and is kept in the best order; rent low; no children in the house. Apply to 59 5th-st., near 2d-av.

A SINGLE FURNISHED ROOM, WITH gas, bath, &c., to let, to a single gentleman, in 13th-st., between University-place and 5th-av., in a private family. References exchanged. Apply at No. 30 East 13th-st.

TO LET.—A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY WOULD let the entire second floor in a new house containing all the modern improvements and in a delightful location, to two or three single gentlemen, or a gentleman and wife, with or without board, furnished or unfurnished. Apply at No. 60 Charles-st. References exchanged.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS in suites or single, with or without board, to let to gentlemen or small genteel families; this is a fine opportunity for those seeking retirement. Apply at No. 211 East 10th-st.; no other boarders in the house.

TO LET—WITH BOARD, TWO LARGE ROOMS, front and back, second floor, handsomely furnished, and location very pleasant, opposite St. John's Park, No. 26 Laight-st. A few day boarders can be accommodated with good board.

TO RENT—WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD—A fine suite of rooms on the 2d and 3d floors, at the Madison-park House, corner of Broadway and 25th-st., opposite Madison-park and 26th Monument. Private tables furnished if preferred. Best of reference required.

A FEW GENTLEMEN CAN BE ACCOMMODATED with furnished rooms and good board in a private family, where the comforts of a home may be enjoyed; neighborhood good. Apply at No. 231 West 31st st., between 8th and 9th avs.

BEDROOM TO LET—TO A SINGLE GENTLEman, in a small private family; a neatly furnished bedroom, with partial board if desired. Apply at No. 102 Prince-st., west of Broadway.

TO LET.—A LADY WOULD LET, WITH BOARD, a finely furnished extension-room, suitable for a Doctor's office also one or two bed-rooms. Address Box No. 111 *Times* Office.

TO LET—ROOMS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED in a first class house, containing all the modern improvements. Apply at No. 107 9th-st., between Broadway and University-place.

ROOMS TO LET.—TWO OR THREE GENTLEmen can be accommodated with double or single rooms, either with or without board; references required. Inquire at No. 83 East 15th-st.

FURNISHED ROOMS—WITH OR WITHOUT board, at reduced prices for the Summer months, at No. 263 Lexington av., between 31st and 32d sts. Persons of religious or strictly moral habits preferred.

A FURNISHED ROOM TO LET—SUITable for one or two young gentlemen, with breakfast and tea, in a first-class house, convenient to cars and stages. No. 71 West 14th-st.

NEW 15 AMITY-STREET—NEAR BROADway—Meals furnished; breakfast 7 and 9 o'clock; lunch at 1; dinner 6 and 7 o'clock. Apply as above.

ROOMS.—A COMMODIOUS SUITE OF ROOMS, for gentlemen only, with or without breakfast and tea may be had at No. 49 Lafayette-place.

DESIRABLE ROOMS TO LET—WITH OR without partial board, at No. 38 University place.

ASTROLOGY.

N.B.—WHO HAS NOT HEARD OF THE CELEbrated Madame PREWSTER? She has been consulted by thousands in this and other cities with entire satisfaction. She feels confident she has no equal. She tells the name of your future wife or husband; also that of her visitor. If you wish truth, give her a call at No. 261 3d-av., above 21st-st. Ladies, 50 cents; gentlemen, $1.

COUNTRY BOARD.

SUMMER BOARD ON THE HUDSON RIVER—One hour and forty minutes by Express train from 21st-st. and about eighteen minutes' drive from depôt at Fishkill landing. The situation for health, beauty of scenery and purest water cannot be surpassed and is in altogether a charming Summer retreat and was formerly occupied by Rev. H. W. Beecher, of Brooklyn. Other particulars may be had by applying to RICHARD WILLIAMS, No. 192 Chambers st., or of ELLIS S. POTTER, corner of South and Fulton sts.

COUNTRY BOARD AT OYSTER BAY, L. I.—The steamboat *George Law* leaves Catherine-slip at 2½ P. M.; cars leave Brooklyn at 12 M. and 4½ P. M. Accommodations of the first-class, fishing, rowing, sailing and fine salt water bathing without danger of surf. A private bowling alley for the exclusive use of the guests, free, good stabling and carriage house. Address W. B. HALLOCK, Oyster Bay, L. I., or apply to WM. ALLEN, Comptroller's Office, New-York.

COUNTRY BOARD.—A PRIVATE FAMILY, residing at Riverdale, distance 14 miles from the City, and 10 minutes' walk from the Hudson River Railroad depôt, have accommodations for a few boarders for the Summer. The grounds are extensive and handsomely located. Address H. D. C., Box No. 104 *Times* Office.

COUNTRY BOARD.—PLEASANT ROOMS AND good board, for one or two families, may be obtained in a healthy location 25 miles from New York; communication by rail and boat. Reference: corner 4th av. and 25th-st. Address Mrs. A. GOLDING, Perth Amboy, N. J.

COUNTRY BOARD.—TWO OR MORE YOUNG gentlemen may find a most pleasant place for spending the Summer, in one of the most beautiful locations on Long Island—very healthy—in a private family. For particulars address Box No. 12 Jamaica (L. I.) Post-office.

COUNTRY BOARD.—A FEW SINGLE GENTLEmen or gentlemen and their wives, can have good accommodations in a very pleasant place at Bergen Point, N. J.; twelve miles from the City; time, 30 minutes by steamboat. Address FARMER, Bergen Point, N. J.

COUNTRY BOARD CAN BE HAD FOR A few persons, in a beautiful location, in Westport, Conn. Family private. Apply at No. 26 Cortlandt-st., up stairs, or address Box No. 1,868, Post-office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—NEAR THE City, for a gentleman, wife, three children (ages 5, 3 and 1) and nurse, in a family where there are few or no other boarders; farm house on Staten Island or Bergen Point preferred. Address, with full particulars and terms, which must be reasonable, ALLENTINE, care Boyd's Express Post, No 45 William-st., New-York.

BOARD WANTED ON STATEN ISLAND.—A small room, with partial board, in a private family, by a gentleman of quiet habits, within a ten minutes' walk of the Vanderbilt Landing. References given. Address W. S. S., Box No 110 *Times* Office, stating terms, &c., which must be moderate.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED FOR A LADY and child, or three or four rooms without board, in a dwelling or farm-house, preferred; healthy, quiet and shady location. Address Box No. 240 Chatham-square Post office.

WANTED—BOARD FOR A FAMILY OF THREE persons in a quiet family, without other boarders; place accessible in about one hour from New-York. Address, with terms and description, D. W. BALDWIN. No. 4 Pine-st., New-York.

PROPOSALS.

LOAN FOR $1,200,000 FOR THE DEficiency in the Sinking Fund, under Section three, Article seven, of the Constitution.

The Commissioners of the Canal Fund, by virtue of the act entitled "An act to provide means to support the Government," passed April 12, 1855, and in accordance with Section three of Article seven of the Constitution, hereby give notice that sealed proposals will be received at the Canal Department until the 26th day of June next, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, for a loan of TWELVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, for which transferable certificates of stock will be issued in the name of the people of the State of New-York, on the credit of the Sinking Fund, under Section three, Article seven, of the Constitution, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable quarterly on the first days of January, April, July and October, in each year, and the principal reimbursable on the 1st day of January, 1862. It is to be understood that the Commissioners are to be at liberty to take a less sum if the offers are not such as, in their opinion, are advantageous to the interest of the state. The proposals may be for the whole or any part of said loan not less than $5,000. All proposals to be sealed up and indorsed "Loan for the Sinking Fund," and inclosed in an envelope directed to the Auditor of the Canal Department, Albany.

The money will be required to be paid five per cent on the acceptance of the propos

MEDICAL.

A GOOD THING THAT EVERYBODY should have: DUMPERT'S' SPECIFIC HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES stand confessedly at the head of remedial means for the use of the people. They are alike removed from the poisonous, dangerous and repulsive doses of quackery, or Old School practice; the inconvenience of Water Cure, or the intricate and perplexing obscurities of the usual Homeopathic books and medicines. Consisting of simple specifics for the various diseases to which they are related—put up in the form of simple sugar pellets—and prepared of ingredients neither dangerous nor disgusting, they are the ready aid of the parent or nurse, and the comfort of the complaining and invalid.

They possess these positive advantages: They are harmless; no injury can arise from their use. They are simple; you always know what to take, and how to take it. They are convenient; you can give the proper Sugar Pills at a moment's warning, without hesitation or delay. They are efficient; in thousands of cases disease is arrested at once, and the system freed without prostration or delay.

LIST OF
HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES.

	Price of single boxes—Cents
1—For Fever, Congestion and Inflammation—Heat, Pain, Restlessness	25
2—For Worm Fever, Worm Colic, Voracious Appetite, Wetting the Bed	25
3—For Colic, Teething Crying and Wakefulness, Slow Growth, and Feebleness of Infants	25
4—For Diarrhea of children or adults, Cholera Infantum, and Summer Complaint	25
5—For Dysentery or Bloody Flux, Colic, Gripings, Bilious Colic, Foul Dysentery	25
6—For Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Nausea and Vomiting, Asthmatic Sstsatting	25
7—For Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Influenza, and Sore Throat	25
8—For Toothache, Facesche, Nervous Pains, Neuralgia and The Dolorenx	25
9—For Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo, Rush of Blood to the Head	25
10—For Dyspepsia, weak, acid or deranged Stomach, Constipation, Liver Complaint	25
11—For Suppressed Menses, or scanty, or delaying, green sickness	25
12—For Leucorrhea or Whites, bearing down, too profuse Menses	25
13—For Croup, hoarse, croupy Cough, difficult and oppressed Breathing	25
14—For Salt Rheum Or ty Eruptions, Erysipelas, Scald Head, Barber's Itch	25
15—For Rheumatism, Pain, Lameness, or Soreness in the Chest, Back, Side or Limbs	25
16—For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Old Inveterate Agues	50
17—For Piles, internal or external, blind or bleeding, recent or obstinate	50
18—For Ophthalmy, Weak or Inflamed Eyes or Eyelids Failing or Weak sight	50
19—For Catarrh, acute or chronic, dry or flowing; Cold in the Head Influenza	50
20—For Whooping Cough, shortening and palliating it, or Spasmodic Cough	50
21—For Asthma, oppressed, difficult, labored breathing cough and expectoration	50
23—For Ear Diseases, Noise in the Head, Impaired Hearing, Earache	50
23—For Scrofula, Enlarged Glands and Tonsils, Swellings, and Old Ulcers	50
24—For General Debility, Physical or Nervous Weakness	50
25—For Dropsy, Fluid Accumulations, Tumid Swellings, with Scanty Secretions	50
26—For Sea-sickness, Prostration, Vertige, Nausea, Vomiting	50
27—For Kidney Diseases, Gravel, Renal Calculi, Difficult or Painful Urination	50
28—For Seminal Emissions, Involuntary Discharges, and consequent Prostration and Debility	1 00
29—For Sore Mouth or Canker	50

PRICE.

The entire set, case of twenty-eight large vials, in morocco, and Book of Directions $7 00
Case of twenty large vials, in morocco, and Book of Directions 5 00
Case of twenty large vials, plain case, and Book of Directions 4 00
Case of fifteen boxes (Nos. 1 to 15) and Book of Directions 2 00
Case of any six boxes (Nos. 1 to 15) and Book of Directions 1 00
Large case of 2-oz vials, for Planters and Physicians 15 00

OUR REMEDIES BY MAIL OR EXPRESS.

We send these Remedies, by the single box or full case, to any part of the country, by mail or express, free of charge, on receipt of the price.

N. B.—The boxes Nos. 1 to 15 are small size, Nos. 16 to 29 large size, and in making up a $2 or $1 case this must be remembered. The vials are uniform in size and price, and in sending for a vial case no attention is necessary on this point.

Look over the list, make up a case of what kinds you choose, and inclose the amount in a current note or stamps, by mail, to our address at No. 562 Broadway, New-York, and the medicine will be duly returned by mail or express.

NO FAMILY or TRAVELER should be without these invaluable curatives. Thousands use them with the most triumphant success.

Persons who wish to place themselves under the professional care, or to seek advice of Prof. HUMPHREYS, can do so, at his office, No. 562 Broadway, daily, from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M., or by letter.

AGENTS WANTED—For the sale of our Remedies in every town or community in the United States.

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TRIESEMAR.

COUNTERPARTS OF THE PATENT IMPERIAL, EUROPEAN and COLLEGIATE SEALS are upon each wrapper around TRIESEMAR Nos. 1, 2 and 3, and every package is accompanied by a book of 124 pages, replete with the most invaluable information. To be had wholesale and retail from Dr. H. A. BARROW, No. 194 Bleecker-st., (four doors from Macdougal-st.) New-York, where he may be confidentially consulted, as usual, from 11 till 2 and from 4 till 8 in the evening; on Sundays from 11 till 2. Triesemar No. 1 effectually removes general and local debility, premature decay, spermatorrhœa and all the distressing consequences of excess; all physical impediments vanish like magic before its influence, thus rendering it invaluable to those about being married; even in the decline of life its invigorating powers are astonishing. Triesemar No. 2 has superior properties in those cases where copaiva and cubebs have been administered. Triesemar No. 3 entirely eradicates all impurities from the system; is more excellent in secondary symptoms than obviating the necessity of mercury or other deleterious mineral. Triesemar Nos. 1, 2, & 3, being in the form of an agreeable lozenge, is portable, and may be taken with the utmost facility while traveling by sea or land. Single case, $3; 4 cases in 1, $8; or in $27 cases, thereby saving $9. Forwarded by Dr. BARROW, on receiving a remittance, from No. 194 Bleecker-st., N. Y. Consultations from 11 till 2, and from 4 till 8. Sunday, 11 till 2. Sold by F. C. Wells & Co., No. 115 Franklin-st., N. Y., and J. Worthington, No. 206 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO BOTH SEXES—MARRIED OR SINGLE, IN HEALTH OR DISEASE.—Dr. LARMONT'S PARIS, LONDON AND NEW-YORK MEDICAL ADVISER AND MARRIAGE GUIDE, 90th edition. Over 400 pages, 12mo, cloth, about 100 electrotyped engravings. Price $1. Sold and mailed also by R. L. LAWRENCE, No. 5 Vesey-st., Astor House. Among the contents is the anatomy of the sexual organs of the male and female, all their diseases and weaknesses; latest discoveries in reproduction, European Hospital practice; quackes, (advertisers,) their recipes and specifics; the author's unequaled Paris and London treatment of all Genito-urinary diseases, at No. 647 Broadway, up stairs, New-York, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.; Tuesday and Thursday evenings from 7 till 9 o'clock.

DR. WATSON TREATS ALL FORMS OF a certain class of disease with a success which has won for him the confidence of the public. The remedies are safe, and cause no interruption from business. Dr. WATSON'S work—"The Cause and Cure"—has been pronounced by the reviewers the best popular compendium on all diseases of a private nature, including spermatorrhœa and debility, the results of early abuse, excess and other causes. "Should be read by all persons previous to marriage."—*Medical Gazette*. Fine colored plates. Price $1. To be had of CHARLES MILLER, No. 426 Broadway, New York, and of the author, at his private residence, No. 4,359 Broome-st., second block west of Broadway, from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

Separate consulting rooms.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED, AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 160th edition of his valuable book entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 130 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,934 New-York City. For sale at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) and 18 Ann-st.

AN ACT OF GRATITUDE.—20,000 COPIES OF a Medical Book for gratuitous circulation, by a sufferer, who has been effectually cured of nervous debility, loss of memory and dimness of sight, resulting from early errors, by following the instructions given in a medical work considered a public duty, in gratitude to the author, and for the benefit of consumptive and nervous sufferers, to publish the means used. He will, therefore, send free, to any address, on receipt of two stamps, a copy of the work containing every information required. Address Box No. 579 P. O., Albany, N. Y.

THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF A VICTIM—Designed for the benefit, and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c., as a consequence of early errors, supplying the means of self-Cure by one who cured himself, after having been out to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. Single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., East Brooklyn, Kings County, N. Y., by inclosing a post-paid, addressed envelope.

EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., EDITOR OF the *Scalpel*, attends exclusively to operative surgery, and the more obscure diseases of the pelvic viscera. Rupture, hemorrhoids, fistula, and concealed abscess of the rectum, are cured without the knife or ligature. Office hours from 8 to 9 A. M., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 P. M., at No. 42 8th-av. At all other hours he is at his private hospital, where every comfort of domestic life is provided for those who require the more important operations, or careful dietetic treatment.

DR. VALENDO CONTINUES TO DEVOTE his attention exclusively to the treatment of all diseases of a delicate nature, at his private medical office, No. 189 Wooster-st., (above Bleecker,) where he can be found daily from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M.

HUNDREDS OF THE UNFORTUNATE are disappointed of a cure by not calling on Dr. HUNTER at first. The Hunterian Dispensary, No. 8 Division-st., New-York City, established in 1854, for the Preservation of Human Life. PRIVATE CONSULTATION.—Dr. Hunter has for thirty years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class in which he has treated not less than fifty thousand cases without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROPS, cures certain diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures, in new cases, in less than six hours. It roots out the poisonous taint the blood is sure to absorb, unless this remedy is used. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the old office, No. 3 Division-st. Look for nothing, that treats of the evil effects of early abuse and indulgence, is embellished with elaborate colored engravings, portraying every feature and phase of disease, exposes the fallacy of the ordinary modes adopted for the cure of local as well as hereditary maladies, and gives the only safe and infallible remedy for expunging every trace of the virus from the system.

MEDICAL

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-STREET, so well known to the victims of delicate diseases as the most successful practitioner in New York, in the treatment of this complaint, is still to be found at the old office, which he has occupied for the last 20 years. Be can safely promise to all who need medical attendance a permanent cure, no matter of how long standing the case may be. The victims or misplaced confidence who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured. N. B.—Dr. C. is a qualified Physician and Surgeon, and a member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New-York.

DR. WARD, NO. 483 BROADWAY, PERforms the only permanent and satisfactory cure of private diseases. Remember, afflicted, that by consulting Dr. WARD, you will immediately experience that Richard is himself again. All other remedies conquered by Dr. WARD'S Unfortunate's Friend. Price $1, and book gratis. Female diseases successfully treated. His monthly pills, $1 per box, never fail of the effect intended. Recommended to ladies. Office No. 483 Broadway, next to Wallack's Theatre, up stairs. Attendance till 10 P. M. Patients see none only the Doctor himself. Come, send or write

MRS. MARY S. GOVE NICHOLS WILL give a Free Lecture to Ladies on the *Diseases of Women and Children*, at the Lecture Room of the Mercantile Library, astor-place on THURSDAY, May 17, at 3 o'clock P. M. Mrs. NICHOLS receives consultations and patients for board and day treatment, at her residence, corner of 24-av and 59th-st.

OCULISTS AND AURISTS.

IMPROVE YOUR EYES, BY M. WISE, OPTICIAN,

Has REMOVED to No. 785 BROADWAY,

Persons with weak eyes can be supplied with glasses which will greatly benefit and not strain the sight. Particular attention is paid to a new style of PERSPECTIVE GROUND GLASS, of the finest flint, which, through their high polish and true ground, produce the purest vision, and have been highly recommended as the best, in their effect upon the eye, for preserving and improving the sight in continued writing and reading.

Short-sighted persons, and those operated upon for Cataract, can also be suited.

He inserts NEW GLASSES of superior quality, in old frames, and solicits the patronage of all in want of his articles.

He warrants all spectacles purchased of him to suit the sight for five years, or change the glasses without extra charge.

THE EYE AND EAR.

JOHANNES JONFS, M. D., No. 137 4th-av., New York, a graduate of the *old and new school Medical Colleges*, has had the advantages of the *Eye and Ear Institutions of America and Europe*, is the *only* scientific Oculist and Aurist now practicing. His diplomas and doctorates hang in his office.

FINANCIAL.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
CORNER PINE AND NASSAU-STS., NEW-YORK

ISSUE

CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT for travelers, available in all the principal cities of the world.

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NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
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ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS, FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
BANKERS, No. 50 Wall-st.

Issue letters of credit to travelers, available in all parts of the world, through the Messrs. ROTHSCHILD, of Paris, London, Frankfort, Vienna, Naples, and their correspondents.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
NO. 5 RUE DE LA PAIX, PARIS,
AND
NO. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,

Grant LETTERS OF CREDIT for Mercantile purposes. Also, CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT on the principal towns and cities of EUROPE. Also, on Alexandria, Cairo, Beyrout, Jerusalem, Algiers, &c., &c. Bills on Paris, and Sterling Bills in sums to suit.

CROMMELIN, GOODWIN & CURTIS,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 50 Wall-st.,

Negotiate Bank, Insurance and Express Stocks, and Business Paper, and advance upon the same. Prompt attention given to collections, or any business intrusted to us.

THE PARK BANK, NEW-YORK, May 8, 1860.

AT AN ELECTION HELD THE 7TH inst., the following gentlemen were elected Directors of this Bank for the ensuing year, viz:

RUBEN W. HOWES,	GEORGE H. POTTS,
JOSEPH E. BULKLEY,	PETER HAYDEN,
JOHN G. MACY,	ARTHUR LEARY,
ROBERT SQUIRES,	LEVI P. MORTON,
OLIVER HOYT,	TERENCE DONNELLY,
GEORGE J. BYRD,	WILLIAM H. FOGG,
MELVIN S. WHITNEY,	JACKSON S. SCHULTZ,
JOSEPH U. ORVIS,	ANTONIO Y. DEL VALLE,
WILLIAM K. KITCHEN,	JOHN TOWNSEND, JR.,
HULL CLARK.	

And for Inspectors of next Election:

LORING ANDREWS.	ADDINGTON READ,
JOHN R. MARSHALL.	

And at a meeting of the Directors, held this day, REUBEN W. HOWES was unanimously elected President.

CHARLES A. MACY, Cashier.

DIVIDEND.—OFFICE REPUBLIC FIRE INSURance Company, No. 16 Wall-st., Jan. 12, 1860.

Capital $150,000
Surplus over 147,000

This Company have to-day declared a Dividend of Seven and a Half Dollars per share, payable to Stockholders on demand.

They have also declared an interest Dividend of Six per Cent. upon their outstanding Scrip, payable on Tuesday, the 14th day of February next, in cash.

They have further declared a Scrip Dividend on the earned premiums of the year, ending the 31st day of December, 1859, of Fifty per Cent., the certificates deliverable to parties entitled thereto, on Tuesday, the 14th day of February next.

ROBERT S. HONE, President.
DUNCAN F. CURRY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD CO., No. 68 Warren-st., NEW-YORK, May 9, 1860.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE SECOND MORTGAGE BONDS OF THIS COMPANY.—All parties who have not availed themselves of the privilege of extending, in accordance with the "Proposals of December 16, 1859," and who desire to do so, will oblige the Company by presenting their bonds for extension as soon as possible, in order that the arrangement may be completed before the 16th of June next.

C. C. CLARK, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE GREAT WESTERN R. R. CO. OF 1859, SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 21 1860.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the GREAT WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY OF 1859 will be held at the office of the Company, at Springfield, Illinois, on the second THURSDAY of May next, for the election of three Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may be necessary.

WM. B. CORNEAU, Secretary.

OFFICE OF GALENA AND CHICAGO UNION RAILROAD COMPANY, May 3, 1860.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—THE ANnual meeting of the Stockholders of the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad Company, for the election of Directors and transaction of other business, will be held at the office of the Company, in Chicago, Ill., on WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of June next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

W. M. LARRABEE, Secretary.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY.—TREASURER'S OFFICE, corner of 44th-st. and 26th-st., NEW-YORK, April 24, 1860.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, for the election of (13) Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company on TUESDAY, the 15th day of May next. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock at noon to 2 o'clock P. M. The transfer books will be closed from 3 o'clock P. M. of the 5th until 9 o'clock A. M. of the 16th proximo.

W. H. EMERSON, Secretary and Treasurer.

RHODE ISLAND EXCHANGE BANK.—Pursuant to a decree of the Supreme Court, entered upon the 16th day of March, 1860, the holders of the bills of the Rhode Island Exchange Bank of East Greenwich, are requested to deposit the same with the Receiver, at the Greenwich Bank, East Greenwich, on or before the first day of August, 1860, to be entitled to a dividend of the assets of the Bank.

MARCH 27, 1860. JOHN T KNOWLES, Receiver.

NOTICE.—THE BONDHOLDERS OF THE LA CROSSE AND MILWAUKEE RAILROAD COMPANY (Land Grant Bonds) are requested to meet at the office of John Fitch, Esq., No. 41 Wall st., New-York, on FRIDAY, the 11th day of May inst., at 2 o'clock, P. M., to consult and take measures for the purchase of the road and the protection of their rights.

GEO. B. SATTERLEE, F. H. STOW,
C. H. ROBERTS, JONATHAN RANSOM,
C. D. SMITH.

OFFICE AMERICAN GUANO CO., No. 66 William-st.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE AMERICAN GUANO COMPANY are hereby notified that the annual election for Trustees will be held at the office of the Company on May 12, ensuing. The polls will be open from 12 until 2 o'clock P. M.

The transfer-books will be closed from May 7 until May 12 inclusive. H. MATHER, Secretary.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.—NEW-YORK, May 9, 1860.—At the regular monthly meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day a Dividend of Ten per Cent. was declared out of the profits payable on and after the 19th inst. The transfer books will be closed from the evening of May 11 to the 21st inst. By order of the Board

FREDERICK HOFFMAN, Sec.

ALL KINDS OF STOCKS, BONDS, &c., bought and sold on commission, for cash or on time, at Brokers' Board or private sale. Interest allowed on deposits, and advances made on securities. Annual Circular furnished, on application, by

THOMAS DANNY & CO., No. 39 Wall-st.

$60,000 TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE ON City property, in sums to suit applicants.

J. F. WILLIAMS,
No. 449 8th-av.,
near 34th-st.

MILWAUKEE AND WATERTOWN RAILROAD COMPANY.—The coupons of the First Mortgage Bonds of this Company, maturing prior to March, 1860, purchased at par by MRIGS & GREENLEAF, No. 50 Exchange-place.

NEW-YORK, May 4, 1860.

MISSISSIPPI AND MISSOURI RAILROAD COMPANY.—The coupons of the Bonds of the Mississippi and Missouri Railroad Company, due on the 8th day of May, will be paid on presentation at the Corn Exchange Bank.

DIVIDEND.—THE COMMITTEE OF THE TONtine Building have this day declared a Dividend of $146 on each share, the nominee of which was living on the last inst., payable at No. 63 Wall-st., by

FREDERIC DE PEYSTAR, Chairman.

NEW-YORK, May 8, 1860.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Silver Hill Mining Company, of North Carolina, will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 61 Exchange-place, on TUESDAY, the 22d May, 1860, at 1 o'clock. JOHN SOUTHALL, Secretary.

BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW-YORK.—The annual meeting of the shareholders of this Association will be held at the banking house, corner of Wassau and Cedar sts., on MONDAY, May 14, at 12 o'clock.

H. F. VALL, Cashier.

SHIPPING.

STEAM—NEW-YORK, SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.

The Vanderbilt European Line United States Mail Steamships sail between New-York, Southampton and Havre.

	FROM NEW YORK FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.	RETURNING FROM HAVRE AND SOUTHAMPTON.
ILLINOIS, Griffin	Sat., May 19	Wed., June 6
VANDERBILT, Lefevre	Sat., June 16	Wed., July 4
ILLINOIS	Sat., June 30	Wed., July 18
VANDERBILT	Sat., July 28	Wed., Aug. 15
ILLINOIS	Sat., Aug. 11	Wed., Aug. 29
VANDERBILT	Sat., Sept. 8	Wed., Sept. 26

These ships have water-tight compartments.

Price of passage either way the same.

1st cabin $180 and $160; 2d cabin $75 and $60.

Certificates of passage issued from Europe to America. Specie delivered in London and Paris.

B. HORRANCE, Agent, 5 Bowling-green, New-York.
D. N. CHERYSTIE, Agent, 27 Rue Richelieu, Paris.
OAKFORD & CO., No. 67 Grace-Church-st., London.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.

THE UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMSHIP FULTON,
J. A. WOTTON, Commander,

Will leave for Havre, touching at Southampton to land the mails and passengers on SATURDAY, May 26, at 12 o'clock, from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beekman-st.

This ship has water-tight compartments, including the engines, so that, in the event of collision or stranding, the water could not reach them; and the pumps being free to work, the safety of the vessel and passengers would be secured.

Price of passage in second cabin, $75 and $60.

For freight or passage apply to

S. M. FOX,
GEO. MACKENZIE,
Agents, No. 7 Broadway.

N. B.—The steamer ARAGO will succeed the FULTON, and sail June 23.

FOR HAVANA.

UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE,
Leaving every 20 days from each port.
Steamship QUAKER CITY,
R. W. SHUFELDT, Commander.

This well known and splendid steamer will leave for the above port on TUESDAY, May 15, at 2 o'clock P. M. from Pier No. 45 North River. Bills of lading furnished and signed on board on presentation of clearance.

Freight received on the 21st inst. For freight or passage, apply to HARGOUS & CO.,
No. 33 South-st.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage $130
Second Cabin Passage 75

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage $110
Second Cabin Passage 60

The ships from New-York call at Cork Harbor.

The ships from Boston call at Halifax and Cork Harbor.

PERSIA, Capt. Judkins. CANADA, Capt. Lang.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone. AMERICA, Capt. Millar.
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott. NIAGARA, Capt. Anderson.
AFRICA, Capt. Shannon. EUROPA, Capt. J. Leitch.
SCOTIA, (now building)

These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head; green on starboard bow; red on port bow.

AMERICA, Millar, leave Boston, Wednesday, May 2.
AFRICA, Shannon, leave N. York, Wednesday, May 9.
CANADA, Lang, leave Boston, Wednesday, May 16.
ASIA, Lott, leave New-York, Wednesday, May 23.
EUROPA, Leitch, leave Boston, Wednesday, May 30.
PERSIA, Judkins, leave New-York, Wednesday, June 6.
ARABIA, Stone, leave Boston, Wednesday, June 13.
AFRICA, Shannon, leave N. York, Wednesday, June 20.

Berths not secured till paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Gold, Silver, Bullion, Specie, Jewelry, Precious Stones or Metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.—THE NORth Atlantic steamship Company will dispatch for the above ports their splendid steamship

ADRIATIC,
Capt. Jos. J. COMSTOCK,

CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS,

On the following days:

From Canal-st. Wharf.	Leave Havre.
SATURDAY, April 14,	TUESDAY, May 8,
SATURDAY, June 2,	TUESDAY, June 19,
SATURDAY, July 14,	TUESDAY, July 31,
SATURDAY, Aug. 25,	TUESDAY, Sept. 11,
SATURDAY, Oct. 6,	TUESDAY, Oct. 23, and

Southampton the day after leaving Havre.

The ADRIATIC is undoubtedly unexcelled by any steamship in the world for comfort, safety and speed. She has water-tight compartments.

Cabin passage, $130.

For freight, apply at the office of the Company, No. 86 Wall-st.; for passage to WM. H. WICKHAM, office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st.

Agents at London and Southampton, Messrs. GRINNELL, TINKER & MORGAN.

Agents at Havre, Messrs. WHITLOCK & PUNNETT.

Agent at Paris, JAMES W. TUCKER, Esq., No. 13 Faubourg Montmartre.

FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA.—THE new and first-class steamship RUNTSVILLE, Capt. JNO. A. POST, will leave Pier No. 12, N. R., on THURSDAY, May 10, at 4 o'clock P. M. Passage to Savannah, with unsurpassed accommodations, $15; through tickets sold to New-Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, $25; Memphis $31 75; Nashville, $27 75; Knoxville, $25 50; Chattanooga, $25; Albany, $23; Columbus, $21; Atlanta, $21; Macon $20; Augusta, $17 50. Also to principal places in Florida at lowest rates.

No charge for carriage hire in Savannah for through passengers.

Baggage checked free to all the above places.

Freight, 10 cents per foot. Apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYDS STEAMSHIP NEW-YORK, H. J. VON SANTEN, Commander, carrying the United States mail, will positively sail on SATURDAY, MAY 12, at 12 o'clock M.,

FOR
BREMEN, VIA SOUTHAMPTON,
Taking passengers for
LONDON, HAVRE, SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN,
At the following rates:

First cabin, $100; second cabin, $60; steerage, $35.
For freight or passage apply to
GELPCKE, KRUTGEN & REICHELT,
No. 4 Broadway.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST—SEMI-WEEKLY—U. S. MAIL SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIP LIVE OAK.—The steamship GEORGIANA MORRIS, will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on SATURDAY, May 12, at 4 o'clock P. M., precisely. Rates of passage, with through tickets, as follows: To New-Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, Ala., $25; Nashville, Tenn., $27 75; Memphis, $31 75; Chattanooga, $25; Knoxville, $25 50; Augusta, Ga., $17 50; Atlanta, Ga., Charlotte, N. C., $20; Columbia, S. C., $20; Charleston, S. C., $15. For freight or passage, apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway. The NASHVILLE, L. M. MURRAY, Commander, succeeds on WEDNESDAY, May 16

FREIGHT FOR TENNESSEE, NORTH Carolina, Portsmouth, Norfolk, City Point and Richmond, received every day at Pier No. 13 North River.

The steamship JAMESTOWN, Capt. Skinner, leaves every TUESDAY, at 3 P. M.

Steamship YORKTOWN, Capt. Parrish, every SATURDAY.

Freight to Portsmouth or Norfolk 6 cents per foot; to City Point, 7 cents; and to Richmond, 8 cents.

Passage to No. folk (stateroom and meals included), $8; to Petersburgh or Richmond, $10.

LUDLAM & SKIDMORE, No. 115 Broadway.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.—THE British and North American Royal Mail Steamship KARNAK, Capt. A. BROWNLESS, will sail from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, for the above ports on

SATURDAY, 21th April.
SATURDAY, 28th "
SATURDAY, 23d June.

Passage money to Nassau $45
Passage money to Havana 60

For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR SAVANNAH AND OTHER POINTS, AS BELOW.—The first-class side wheel steamship AUGUSTA, Capt. M. S. WOODHULL, will leave on SATURDAY, May 12, at 4 P. M., from Pier No. 4 N. R. Through tickets can be had for the following places: To New-Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, $25; Columbus, $21; Albany, $23; Atlanta, $21; Chattanooga, $26; Nashville, $27 75; Knoxville $25 50; Memphis, $31 75; Augusta, $17 50; Macon, $20; Savannah, $15.

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DISSOLUTION.

The limited copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of JACKSON & THROCKMORTON, No. 55 to 67 Gouverneur-st., expired on the 20th day of February last. A. H. Throckmorton retiring.

COPARTNERSHIP.

The business of the late firm will be continued at East 39th-st. and 3d-av., under the firm of JAMES L. JACKSON & BROTHER, where every description of iron work for building purposes will be manufactured.

Entire fronts, iron first-story fronts, wrought and cast iron girders and beams, iron capitals, &c.

Also, every description of iron work for ships' use—iron windlasses and windlass purchases, cargo winches, hawser pipes, &c.

Particular attention paid to every description of fine castings.

JAMES L. JACKSON.
PETER H. JACKSON.

NEW-YORK, March 20, 1860.

FIRE PROOF BUILDINGS.

PERFECT PROTECTION AGAINST FIRE, and other accidents to buildings, can be secured by using THE SOLID WROUGHT IRON BEAMS, manufactured by the Trenton Iron Company. THE EXTRA COST IS TRIFLING.

Such floors as have been constructed in the buildings of THE TIMES, THE TRIBUNE, AND OF MESSRS. BALL, BLACK & CO., and in nearly all the NEW BANKING HOUSES in this City, cost less than FIFTY CENTS PER SQUARE FOOT for the beams and brick arches ready for use, where the spans do not exceed 25 feet.

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PLOW, SPRING, TIRE, CAST and GERMAN STEEL.

RAILROADS.

TO THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION.

NEW-YORK, May 8, 1860.

CHANGE OF SPECIAL TRAIN.

The New-York and Erie Railroad will dispatch a SPECIAL TRAIN for delegates to the Republican National Convention, leaving Depot foot of Duane-st., New-York, SUNDAY EVENING, 13th inst., at 3 P. M., reaching Chicago on Monday evening at 9 P. M. The sons of New York residing in Chicago will give a grand reception to delegates by this train.

Regular Through Express Trains for Chicago leave New-York at 7 00 and 9 00 A. M., and 5.00 P. M. every day except Sunday.

Excursion tickets from New-York to Chicago and return for $33 00 or from Dunkirk to Chicago and return for $18 00, good from May 9 to June 1, or two days after adjournment; may be procured from Depot foot Duane-st., Nos. 193 or 241 Broadway, or at Depot Jersey City.

CHAS MINOT,
Gen'l Sup't.

NEW-YORK AND FLUSHING RAILROAD—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.—On and after May 1, trains will run as follows, connecting with the steamer MATTANO:

LEAVE FLUSHING.	LEAVE NEW-YORK, FROM FOOT OF MARKET-SLIP.
At 6 30 A. M.	At 7:15 A. M. (Hunter's Point Ferry.)
At 7:55 A. M.	At 9 A. M.
At 10 A. M.	At 11 A. M. (Hunter's Point Ferry.)
At 1 P. M. (crossing Hunter's Point Ferry)	At 2 P. M.
At 2:45 P. M.	At 4 P. M.
At 4:45 P. M.	At 5:45 P. M.
At 6:45 P. M. (Hunter's Point Ferry.)	At 7 P. M.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.

On Sundays trains will leave Hunter's Point at 9:30 and 11 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M. Leave Flushing at 8:30 and 10 A. M. and 3 and 5:30 P. M. Excursion tickets on Sundays twenty-five cents.

J. S. BOTTORFF, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.
FARE $2 TO ALBANY.

On and after MONDAY, April 30, 1860, trains will leave 26th-st. station, New-York, as follows:

For Williams Bridge, 8:30 A. M., 1 and 8:30 P. M.
For White Plains, 11 A. M., 2:30 and 5 P. M.
For White Plains, 6:15 P. M., from White-st. Depôt.
For Dover Plains, 4 P. M., from 26th-st

THE ANNIVERSARIES.

The Abolitionists and their Sayings.

THE RELIGIOUS AND BENEVOLENT SOCIETIES.

Progress of Piety and Charity During the Past Year.

AMERICAN ANTI-SLAVERY SOCIETY.

The Constitution Reviled—The Union Scoffed at, and the American Flag Despised—Speeches of Wm. Lloyd Garrison, Giles B. Stebbins, Jane Elizabeth Jones, Rev. Geo. F. Noyes, Miss Grew, Wm. L. Brown and others—A Colored Relative of our Minister to Spain.

SECOND DAY—MORNING SESSION.

At half-past 10 o'clock WM. LLOYD GARRISON called the meeting to order, the room containing but a few hundred persons. The list of officers, headed by Mr. GARRISON, was reported by the Nominating Committee, and unanimously adopted.

Mr. GILES B. STEBBINS, of Ann Arbor, Michigan, was introduced, and proceeded to address the meeting. He found fault with the attitude of the orthodox Churches in relation to Slavery, their tacit toleration of its evils, and indifference to the efforts of those outside the Church to effect reform. He denounced the unfairness of those who, while condemning GARRISON as an infidel, refused to hear him, or to do him the justice of representing his sentiments correctly. He held that to be an Abolitionist is the duty of every human being who loves his fellow-men.

Mrs. JANE ELIZABETH JONES, of Ohio, was the next speaker. She argued that it is our right and duty to oppose every institution or organization that tends to delay the deliverance of the slave. Slavery, said she, cannot be covered up with broadcloth and bandannas or the cast-off clothing of slaveholders. Gilt buttons and gold chains do not help it, and only help to blind divines who go down to get a "south-side view" of Slavery. [Applause.] Some of those who wanted to put a stop to the Slavery question were well-meaning enough, and "hoped their Church didn't sustain it." Sometimes they quoted "thus saith the Lord," but they did not know whether it was the Lord of Sinai or Dr. LORD of Dartmouth College. [Applause and laughter.] The concluding portion of Mrs. JONES' address was directed to the slaves of the North. As regards the imprisonment of THADDEUS HYATT for contempt, she could not see how any sensible man could purge himself from contempt for the American Congress. [Laughter.]

Rev. GEO. F. NOYES, of this City, was the next speaker. He proposed to answer the question why he could vote for the Republican ticket. As, according to GOETHE, "the ever womanly draweth us on," so the last speaker had stated some of the reasons that brought him here. He heard the clank of the slave's chain on his own back when he saw the slave-power in possession of the Government. In order to succeed, the Northern heart, head and hands must be educated aright. This Society was the manufactory of these desiderata. He charged Mr. GARRISON with having broken up the Democratic Party and the Charleston Convention—[applause]—with the heroism of Kansas and of Harper's Ferry, and was rejoiced to see that he bore the charge with a smiling face. [Applause.] He had noticed in *Momus* the caricature of DOUGLAS represented as a balloon bursting and letting fall his friends who were in the boat below. It only needed to have Mr. GARRISON pricking the balloon and letting the gas out, to make the picture perfect. [Applause and laughter.] He was free to say that he thought Mr. GARRISON and some of his friends good physicians so far as they gave the diagnosis of this disease of Slavery; but he did not think they believed in the right remedy. He did not believe in the abolition of the Union. He was sure that we could not have a Republican President who could do the Anti-Slavery cause more good than JAMES BUCHANAN had done. But he thought that, although the Republican Party was not doing as much as it ought, it was doing something in the right direction.

Mr. WM. LLOYD GARRISON, after an appeal for financial aid, proceeded to address the audience briefly on the importance of increasing the material aid to carry on the work of Anti Slavery agitation. He introduced as the next speaker Miss MARY GREW, of Pennsylvania.

Miss GREW wanted to know what was the remedy for Slavery but that proposed by this Society—the dissolution of the Union. She found fault with the last speaker for not going far enough in his Anti-Slavery. The Republicans had only one plank of the Abolition platform. They ought to have all the planks. [Applause.] How did the Republicans propose to remedy the evil?

A VOICE—"By voting."

By voting for whom? The man who was their leader, and who only the other day declared that there was no desire on behalf of the party to make the negro equal to the white man? [Applause.] She found that the Anti-Slavery Society would leave off work too soon, and think it had done more than it really had. It was the business of this Society to keep working in order to keep others at work. The most timid, from apparent results, could now determine whether the Society was doing any good. [Applause.]

Mr. GARRISON next took the stand to defend the principles of the Society. He believed that the dissolution of the Union was the best remedy for Slavery; that the Constitution is a covenant with death, and an agreement with hell; that the star-spangled banner is clotted with blood; that the Union was a compromise with Slavery; that the Republican Party is unworthy the support of those who believe in the rights of man, because it is pledged to execute Slave laws. The hour that witnessed the free empire of the North would witness the abolition of Slavery at the South. Our magnificent North would be Canada all the way through to the runaway slave. But while this blood-stained and blood-reeking Union remains, there is no hope of doing away with Slavery. [Applause.]

Rev. SAMUEL LONGFELLOW, of Brooklyn, was the next speaker. He thought that the facts of Slavery were quite eloquent enough of themselves. It seemed that our national ship, like the slave ship, had become infected with an ophthalmic disease, so that we were all blind to the duties which we owe our fellow man.

Mr. GARRISON called at ention to a tract just published by the Society, reciting an extraordinary number of outrages upon Northern citizens traveling in the South, suspected of holding Anti Slavery opinions, and introduced as one of the victims, Mr. JAMES CRANDALL, of Ireland.

Mr. CRANDALL took the stand and proceeded to detail his treatment in Augusta, Ga., on the occasion of his attempt to collect an account of $500; how he was lynched, robbed, imprisoned and expelled the city, only because in private conversation, upon being questioned by a committee of pretended gentlemen, he honestly expressed Anti-Slavery sentiments. The affair occurred in December last, and the facts were published about that time.

Mr. GARRISON said he was, upon the whole, rather glad that the Augusta people had caught an Irishman; [laughter] for the fellow feeling makes us wondrous kind," and this and other cases would touch the Irish heart and rouse the Irish spirit. O'CONNELL, Father MATHEW and seventy thousand others had signed an address to Irishmen requesting them to favor the Anti-Slavery sentiment; but their advice was little regarded, Irishmen was waking them up. The cry of Infidel, which had been raised, was as much out of place as theological opinions while the fire was burning. He should think that the man who did that was the one who set the building on fire. [Laughter and applause.] He claimed that the Anti-Slavery Society was the most Christian organization of the day, and that the nation was infidel in refusing to act up to its declaration that all men are born free and equal. Talk about Fourth of July, bonfires, illuminations, guns and fire-crackers—stuff! All stuff! We might be in better humor, could all men one made free. [Laughter and applause.] He alluded to the criticism of the *Independent* on his notice of Dr. CHANNING'S book, and declared that the charge of infidelity which the *Independent* brought against him, if not idiotic, was satanic malignity. [Applause.] He denied that the rights of men depended upon any parchment, and created some merriment by declaring—in answer to a protest from a gentleman in the audience, that the Bible should not be spoken of so—that man was created before the Bible, and as he had a law then, it was but fair to suppose that he had a law without the Bible.

A VOICE—Where there is no Bible, there is no liberty.

Mr. GARRISON—Yes, and where there is the Bible, there are four million slaves. [Applause.]

Mr. CHAS. MAY, Jr., read a series of resolutions denouncing Senator SEWARD'S late speech, the Colonization schemes, the pro-Slavery ministry and churches, the de ence of the A. B. C. F. M. by HENRY WARD BEECHER—speaking of the pastor of Plymouth Church as an infidel.

The exercises closed with a brief address by Rev. BERIAH GREEN.

American Tract Society.

THIRTY-FIFTH ANNUAL MEETING.

The business meeting of the American Tract Society was held yesterday, at 9 o'clock, A. M., in Dr. HUTTON'S Church. In the absence of the President, Hon. THOMAS S. WILLIAMS, the meeting was called to order by Hon. WM. C. ALEXANDER, Vice-President. Prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. BURCHARD, of New-York. An introductory statement was read by Rev. Dr. DE WITT, Chairman of the Executive Committee. After specifying the elementary principles of the institution—first, the union of Evangelical Christians for the diffusion of truths held by them in common; secondly, the spread of the cardinal doctrines of the Gospel. Dr. DE WITT stated that during the past year these principles had received unmistakable evidences of the divine approbation, that the efficiency of the colportage system had been much increased, and that although the constitution had been lately subjected to new and severe tests, it had never been more impregnably established than when, as now, it was made to harmonize differences respecting topics which had dissevered churches, societies and parties.

The Treasurer's report was then read by MOSES ALLEN, Esq., and pronounced to have been audited and found to be correct. An abstract of the annual report was read by the Secretaries, Drs. HALLOCK and STEVENSON. It was stated that great prosperity had attended the proceedings of the Society; that although the building of the Society had been burned, and property to the amount of $93,000 destroyed, the loss was nearly made good by insurance, and a more durable building erected; that in Sweden the efforts of the Society had been remarkably blessed; in Russia increasing liberty of tract distribution had been enjoyed; while in Armenia, Africa, India, China, and among the Karens of Burmah, an active work had been going on. In the work of colportage $79,616 have been expended, 649 agents employed, and the United States mapped out in ten departments in order to promote the usefulness of the scheme.

At this point Rev. Mr. WOLCOTT, of Chicago, obtained the floor and presented a series of resolutions as follows:

Whereas, This Society, in 1857, on recommendation of the Committee of fifteen, adopted a resolution affirming that those moral duties which grow out of the existence of Slavery, as well as those moral evils and vices which it is known to promote, undoubtedly do fall within the province of this Society, and can and ought to be discussed in its publications, and this declaration still stands in full force; therefore

Resolved, That the reasons which urge to such discussion also remain, and now press upon the Society with accumulated weight.

The rest of the resolutions were denunciatory of the Slave-trade, and expressive of the opinion that the Tract Society ought to protest against the iniquity in their publications.

At the request of the Chairman, Mr. WOLCOTT yielded the floor to Dr. RIDDLE, of Jersey City; whose name was next in order on the programme, and the latter gentleman, after expressing (not without a spice of sarcasm) his gratitude to Mr. WOLCOTT for allowing the programme to be proceeded with, read the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Annual Report, an abstract of which has now been read, be adopted and published under the direction of the Executive Committee, and that the Society unite in expressing thanks to God for the divine blessing which has attended its labors in this country and in foreign lands during its whole history.

The motion to adopt the resolution was seconded by WILLIAM E. DODGE, Esq., of New-York, in a brief speech, and was unanimously carried.

The Society then proceeded to the election of officers, and, on motion of Mr. HOLDEN, it was voted that the officers of last year be continued in office, with the exception that Rev. Dr. BARNAS SEARS, President of Brown University, be elected a Vice-President in the place of Rev. Dr. FRANCIS WAYLAND, who declines reelection; and that Hon. E. Sheppley, of Portland, Me.; Hon. Ira Harris, Hon. Luther Bradish, Daniel Lord, Esq., and Hon. A. R. Wetmore, Esq., of New-York, be also elected Vice-Presidents.

Rev. Mr. WOLCOTT then spoke as follows in support of his resolutions:

MR. PRESIDENT: I have three reasons for offering these resolutions. My first reason is to vindicate freedom of debate by asserting my personal right to a fair participation in the proceedings of the meeting. In a circular letter published by the Secretary, Rev. Mr. EASTMAN, I have been referred to by name as having joined the Society on purpose to make a disturbance. This disparagement of my motives and character is the penalty of my conscientious fidelity to truth and duty, the punishment of that presumption which led me at the last meeting to offer resolutions similar to these. I cannot believe that there is another Society in the land which draws on the charity of our churches which would presume to take such liberties with the names of its members. Shall this course succeed in frightening us from our duty? My own resolution is taken for once and forever. We can say in the words of the Apostle, "To whom we gave place by subjection, no, not for an hour." My second reason is to maintain unabridged the proper sphere of the Society's responsibilities and proper agency. A plea was made in the last meeting by a lawyer of this City, who argued that the question should be discussed by the Executive Committee, and not by the Society as a whole, but who, by his very motion prevented his opponents from replying to his argument. The officers of the Society are its servants, and not its masters. The constitution restricts us only to the printing of religious publications. My third reason is, the necessity for correcting the present policy of the Society, and raising it to a Christian standard. I wish to refrain from the language of reproach and denunciation, but I am persuaded that the Society needs the moral sound of such resolutions. It is timid in the presence of sins which it is bound to rebuke. Few things among us are more demoralizing than silence about the crowning evil of oppression in our land. Would to heaven that a "limited philanthropy may wither before it groweth up." [Applause and hisses.] Mr. WOLCOTT indorsed the doctrine of an "irrepressible conflict," and went on to say, we believe the Society now occupies a false position, and God helping us, we will set it right. Your Secretary, if he can find no better use for sacred funds, may send us official documents, affixing stigmas to our names, but each anniversary brings us nearer the accomplishment of our purpose. [Incredulous laughter from several jovial looking clergymen.] With an early instructor of mine, I "have faith in truth, never in numbers."

The speaker's impassioned delivery elicited applause from the audience, after which Rev. Mr. LEE, of Brooklyn, moved the following addition to the resolution of Mr. WOLCOTT:

Resolved, That, in the opinion of this Society, the opening of German beer gardens in New-York and Brooklyn on the Sabbath is contrary to the law and gospel of God, and that there are many other practices in New-York and Brooklyn which are deserving of our disapproval and hearty condemnation.

Resolved, That the Executive Committee be directed to publish against the evils of Abolitionism.

Although the motion for the adoption of these resolutions was seconded, the Society seemed to be so overwhelmed by their stupendous nature as to need a year to consider them in, for a motion which Judge BRONSON made that the Society do now adjourn, was carried by a large majority.

After the adjournment of the meeting, the Life Directors met to ballot for the Executive Committee. The result was as follows: Of 237 votes all except 6 were in favor of the reelection of the same Committee which served last year. The meeting then adjourned. The following gentlemen constitute the Committee:

Publishing Committee—Rev. David Magie, D. D., Elizabeth, N. J.; Rev. Wm. R. Williams, D. D., Rev. William Adams, D. D, Rev. Benjamin C. Cutler, D. D., Rev. Nehemiah Adams, Boston, Mass.; Rev. Thomas Dewitt, D. D.

Distributing Committee—William Forrest, Alfred M. Tredwell, Alfred S. Barnes, Samuel S. Constant, Dr. Wm. N. Blakeman.

Finance Committee—Richard T. Haines, Moses Allen, Thomas C. Doremus, Richard S. Fellowes, George N. Titus, Esq., Oliver E. Wood.

The Brotherhood of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States.

TRIENNIAL CONVENTION—SERMON BY REV. THOS. GALLAUDET.

The Triennial Convention of the Brotherhood of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States was held yesterday at 11 A. M., in St. Ann's Church, Eighteenth-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues. The meeting was very thinly attended, not more than thirty persons being present. The services were opened with the customary forms of Episcopalian worship; Rev. Dr. WELLS, of Boston, and Rev. GEO. LEAKIN, of Baltimore, the officiating clergymen. The discourse was delivered by Rev. THOS GALLAUDET, Rector of St. Ann's, his text being a portion of the 17th verse of the 2d chapter of 1 Peter, "Love the brotherhood." Dr. GALLAUDET considered this injunction one of the most important given by the apostles. Love to God and our neighbor should always temper our regard for our own welfare. It was to further this object that this organization was revised. He represented this Brotherhood as being simply a body of young men gathered together to visit the sick, succor the needy, invite those who otherwise would be disposed to violate the Sabbath to attend divine service, and otherwise to advance the cause they had espoused. The body should consist of at least 500 young men; they should number a proportion of those who labor for bread where God has placed them. It should be conducted upon the mutual-benefit system, but not so much so as to lead to selfishness. It should rather be made a sort of Church Exchange, where all may mingle together and communicate freely. Such organizations should be established in all the larger cities; they should always bear the noble objects of their creation in view, and so labor as some day of attain grand results. Dr. GALLAUDET said that, despite all obstacles, they had steadily held on their way for ten years. The existence of the Brotherhood was a proof that young Christians desired to work, were willing to leave their cloistered and idle speculations, and enter the working ranks. The Christian Church is the grand society that outstrips and overshadows all others. Jesus is its corner stone, and it is for his glory all should chiefly labor. The Brotherhood should love the ministers of the Church and endeavor to support their efforts; they should also love the sacraments of the Church, and disseminate clear views in relation to these sacraments, doing away with the idea that communion is only meant for those who have nearly reached perfection. On the contrary, it is meant as an aid for those who are struggling on. Again he enjoined upon the Brotherhood to so love each other as to cause the unconverted in all parts of the earth to exclaim: "See how those Christians love one another," and to go forth from this day determined to make this organization more perfect than ever as a means for glorifying God and doing good to men. The services closed with the administering of communion.

The evening services commenced at 8 o'clock, in the same church. There was but a small attendance. The regular Episcopal evening service was read by Rev. Dr. GALLAUDET—after which Rev. Dr. MASON preached a sermon on the contrast between Faith and Love in the Christian Church, taking as his text the opposite verse from the 13th chapter of St. Paul's first Epistle to the Corinthians: "Now abideth faith, hope and charity, these three—but the greatest of these is charity."

Institution for the Blind.

ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF THE PUPILS AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

The anniversary exhibition of the pupils of the Institution for the Blind took place at the Academy of Music yesterday afternoon, attracting an audience of over two thousand persons. All the larger pupils, numbering 180, were present, the girls tastily dressed in white. The whole number in the Institution is 205. As in former years, the public exercises consisted principally of vocal and instrumental music, interspersed with examinations of classes in the English branches. A piano solo by Miss MARY K. DELOSE, and a song by Miss MARY JANE HEATH, were very creditable performances, and were deservedly applauded. The band, composed wholly of the blind, played better than they have done for some years, showing excellent proficiency. Its members continue under the instruction of Mr. REIFF. The teacher of vocal music is Mr. LASON, who has tutored the children in the performance of difficult choruses. In his absence, owing to illness, Mr. TUNG played the accompaniment. The classes in grammar, geography, arithmetic and familiar science, were successively examined, acquitting themselves fairly.

A new location has been procured for the Institution, to which it will be removed as soon as the buildings can be constructed. The property comprises forty acres of fine land on the North River, lying between One Hundred and Sixty-third and One Hundred and Sixty-fifth streets, near the Deaf and Dumb Institution. Ground will be broken for the new edifice early in the coming Fall. It is proposed to sell the present buildings, with the valuable block they occupy, on Eighth and Ninth avenues, and Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth streets, and the estimated receipts therefrom are $500,000. The growth of the Institution has outstripped its present facilities, and an enlargement of its premises is rendered necessary.

The internal affairs of this institution have recently been made the subject of investigation by Mr. VAN DYCK, Superintendent of Public Instruction, who passed some days here in April in the examination of charges against the Superintendent. This investigation, we learn, is to be resumed. A large number of witnesses were examined in the first hearing, many of whom were teachers and pupils, and a great deal of feeling has existed in the Institution in consequence of these proceedings.

Frequenters of the public exhibitions of this Institution missed the familiar face of Miss CYNTHIA BULLOCK, who has recited an original poem, composed for the occasion, at every anniversary for a dozen years. This lady had prepared a poetical composition for the exhibition of yesterday, but was prevented from reciting it. It began with the following verse:

We cannot see the sunset ray,
As it fades from the western hills away;
Nor the morn, as she mirrors her silvery beam
On the mountain top, and the rippling stream;
Nor the golden stars of the night,
As they cheer the world with their holy light;
But the Bible unfolds to the sightless eye
The fadeless light of eternity."

Miss BULLOCK is totally blind, and has been an inmate of the Institution, as pupil and teacher, for twenty years.

American Home Missionary Society.

REPORTS OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTE AND TREASURER, AND ADDRESSES BY CLERGYMEN.

The Thirty-fourth Anniversary of this Society was held at Dr. CHEEVER'S Church last evening, Rev. ABSALOM PETERS, D. D., the Vice-President in the Chair, and a large congregation in attendance. After prayer and music by the choir, an abstract of the Treasurer's report was read by CHRISTOPHER R. ROBERT, Esq., followed by an abstract of the report of the Executive Committee, presented by Rev. DANIEL P. NOYES. From these reports we gather the following facts relative to the condition and labors of the Society:

The Society mourns the death, during the past year, of one of its Vice-Presidents, Rev. CHAUNCEY A. GOODRICH, D. D; one of its Directors, Rev. H. A. ROWLAND, D. D, and nine of its Missionaries.

Number of Missionaries in the service of the Society during the year, 1,107: number of congregations supplied in whole or part with preaching, 2,175; number of pupils in Sabbath-schools connected with the mission, 72,200: number of new churches organized during the year, 67, of which 28 have become self-supporting; number of conversions reported, 2,838; number of new additions to the churches, 6,267, of which 3 681 have not before been members of any church; number of young men connected with missionary churches preparing for the ministry, 112. Of the 1,007 missionaries, 327 are employed in the Northeastern States; 199 in the Middle States, and 581 in the Western States and Territories.

The receipts of the Society during the year have been $185 216 17; expenditures, $192,737 69—leaving a balance of $15 423 40 still due to missionaries for labor performed. There has been a falling off in the receipts of the past year of $2,923 12 from those of the previous year. This diminution comes from the receipts by agencies, which have been $3,491 86 less than last year; the receipts from other sources have been larger than usual by $540. The number of missionaries employed during the year has been 53 more than the year previous, and 39 more than on any former year—so that while the receipts have decreased the expenses have increased.

In view of these facts the report of the Executive Committee holds the following language:

"But with this increased number of missionaries in commission, with a larger amount of past dues and of pledges than ever before, with reduction and curtailment carried to an extent that cannot be exceeded without absolute suffering and irreparable loss, and with the most urgent calls for an enlargement of our work, *the treasury of the Society is exhausted*—the Committee have no balance on which to fall back, and are able to make remittances on which the comforts of life depend only as the means are furnished them day by day."

Notwithstanding this unfavorable show of the finances, the Committee go on to state that they are not disheartened; they have borrowed no money; they owe no debts, (except he dues to the missionaries,) and they rely on the intrinsic merits of the work in which they are engaged, and count upon the help of those "who deem it their highest privilege to be stewards of God"—their highest exaltation to turn many to righteousness." After the reading of the reports, the meeting was addressed by Rev. THOS. S. HASTINGS, of this City; Rev. JACOB M. MANNING, of Boston, and Rev. RUFUS W. CLARK, of Brooklyn. The services closed with benediction from the Chairman.

Union Theological Seminary.

EIGHTEENTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE ASSOCIATED ALUMNI.

The Associated Alumni of the Union Theological Seminary met in the Chapel of the Institute yesterday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, to celebrate their Eighteenth Anniversary. Prayer was offered by the President, Rev. A. S. FREEMAN, of Haverstraw. The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted. The following officers were elected for the coming year: President, Rev. SAMUEL W. FISHER, D. D.; Vice-Presidents, Rev. Messrs. W. CLIFT and C. F. MILS; Recording Secretary, Rev. H. BELDEN; Corresponding Secretary, Rev. L. P. LEDOUX. The Alumni then proceeded, according to custom, to recount the "battles, sieges, fortunes they had passed" since their last meeting; and each member was expected to reveal, among other items of information, any additions which had been made to his family.

Many interesting reminiscences of seminary life were elicited. Rev. C. F. MILS, of the class of '44, expects soon to take charge of the new College in the Sandwich Islands. Rev. E. D. MURPHY, of the class of '52, stated that he was settled at Avon, Conn., the town which had been immortalized by the wife of his predecessor, under the name of "Shady Side," but he was happy to say that the shades had all departed.

After spending a couple of hours in comparing notes, the Alumni joined in singing, with right good will, some verses of "Coronation," and after the benediction had been pronounced, adjourned.

Universalist Sunday School Anniversary.

ADDRESSES BY REV. MR. BIDDLE, REV. MR. BALLOU AND REV. DR. CHAPIN.

The Sunday schools connected with the various Universalist Churches in New York and vicinity held their Anniversary yesterday afternoon, at Rev. Dr. CHAPIN'S Church, in Broadway. The weather showed itself no respector of persons or creeds, and did not treat the Universalist children with any more consideration than was shown to the young Evangelicals who celebrated under the auspices of the "Union" on the previous day. They did not mind the weather, however, any more than did the orthodox lambs, but turned out in full force, with their banners and ribbons; and, as one of the gentlemen who addressed them remarked, "their beaming countenances and sunny smiles amply compensated for the lowering sky and the absent solar rays." Nearly a thousand scholars were in attendance, representing five schools in New-York, two in Brooklyn and one in Williamsburgh, all of which are connected with Universalist churches, except one Mission School in this City. The whole number of Sunday-school scholars under the charge of the Universalist denomination in New-York and vicinity is said to be about fifteen hundred.

The Anniversary exercises yesterday were similar to those of the Sunday School Union on Tuesday. Several original hymns were sung by the children, and addresses were delivered by Rev. Mr. BIDDLE, of Newark, N. J., and Rev. Drs. CHAPIN and BALLOU, of this City.

Mr. BIDDLE spoke of the importance and fitness of the Sunday School system to the Universalist faith, adding as they do that the Christian character is the result of education and gradual development of growth, and not of sudden and spasmodic action. He said that there was formerly a great prejudice among Universalists against Sunday Schools, apparently for no other reason than because the "Orthodox" favored the system; but he was glad to see that this prejudice was passing away.

Rev. Dr. BALLOU made a very beautiful and appropriate address to the children, and was followed by Rev. Dr. CHAPIN, who, after regretting his want of talent for speaking to children, whom above all others he would like to address, proceeded to address the adult portion of the audience in his usual eloquent manner, upon the inestimable and unappreciated importance to the rising generation of the moral and religious training of the young.

The services of the anniversary were conducted by Rev. Mr. BLANCHARD, of Brooklyn.

American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless.

TWENTY-SIXTH ANNIVERSARY AT THE HOME IN TWENTY-NINTH-STREET.

The twenty-sixth anniversary of the Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless was commemorated yesterday at the Home in Twenty-ninth-street.

After reading of the Scriptures and prayer, Mr. C. NORTH presented a report setting forth the objects of the Institution and the number of adults and children whom it had provided with homes. It appears from it that there are four distinct classes of the needy who have received its charities as Society Home beneficiaries: *First*—Friendless and deserving young women. *Second*—Destitute children between the ages of 3 and 14 years. *Third*—Motherless and orphan infants. *Fourth*—Dependent mothers with children who should not be separated. The Legislature has voted the Society an appropriation of $2,000.

The reports which were presented by the several officers of the institution were very encouraging, and will be given more in detail at a public meeting, to be held at the Broadway Tabernacle on Sunday evening next.

Several affecting incidents of suffering and sorrow, relieved temporarily and permanently by the ladies and the friends of the institution, were related by the officers of the Society.

From a list read by one of the ladies, it appeared that the institution is represented in forty different sections of the country.

At 2 o'clock there was a large audience in the Chapel, attracted thither to hear the children sing, and recite pieces in prose and verse. Rev. Mr. EVA, of Newark, opened the exercises with prayer, and then the children commenced their recitations. While they were going through with the exercises, Rev. Dr. TYNG entered the room. Soon afterward the children united in singing a hymn commencing with the dying words of the late Rev. DUDLEY TYNG, "Stand up for Jesus." The incident affected Dr. TYNG deeply. After he had addressed the children a few appropriate words of encouragement and advice, the singing and recitations were resumed.

These services, it was announced, were preliminary to a meeting to be held at the Broadway Tabernacle on Sunday evening next.

New-York Association of Universalists.

TWENTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY.

The twenty-fifth annual meeting of this Association was held yesterday in the Bleecker-street Church. The Association was called to order by Rev. S. I. SAWYER, and after prayer and the reception of credentials of delegates, Rev. G. W. BARNES was elected Moderator.

The report of the Finance Committee showed that there had been received during the year $343, which has to be appropriated to the collection of information respecting the organization.

Rev. Dr. SAWYER, the agent, reported that the Societies were never in a better condition. Numerically considered, the Universalists were a very small minority among the denominations. The population divided principally into two great classes—the so-called Orthodox Churches on the one hand, and the irreligious class on the other—laboring with whom the Universalist Church had great difficulty; but as the representatives of a higher Christianity they were making satisfactory progress.

Rev. Mr. CROZIER offered the following resolution, which lies over until to-morrow:

Resolved, That this Association, while it believes it has a denominational work to do, as a Universalist organization, recognizes the principle of *unity* and *variety*, and rejoices at the growing evidences of paternal feeling and Christian fellowship among the various branches of the Liberal Church—prophetic of the time when the unity of the spirit and the bonds of peace shall be the sufficient pledge of Christian sympathy.

The following were reported by the Committee on Nominations: Preacher of the Annual Sermon, Rev. A. C. THOMAS; Committees on Fellowship and Ordination; on Discipline; a Standing Committee. The delegates to the State Convention are Rev. Messrs. PETERS and BIDDLE, and Messrs. RICARD and HARNOT.

The Association adjourned to 9 o'clock this morning.

New-York State Colonization Society.

ADDRESS OF HON. WM. C. ALEXANDER.

The annual meeting of this Society was held last evening at Clinton Hall, Rev. Dr. DE WITT in the Chair, and after the presentation of the regular report by Rev. Dr. PINNEY, was addressed in truly eloquent terms by Hon. W. C. ALEXANDER, of New-Jersey, who urged in warm terms the claims of the Association to the support of every philanthropist. He was followed by Com. FOOTE, U. S. N., who, after defending a book he had written, against the assaults of HENRY WARD BEECHER, narrated his experience during many years of service on the coast of Africa, and which had brought him to the conclusion that Liberia was the most suitable place for African colonization and civilization.

The assemblage was small, and but for the address of Mr. ALEXANDER, which was worthy of his name and reputation, would have been very spiritless.

Programme for the Remaindrr of the Week.

THURSDAY, MAY 10.

American Bible Society—Business meeting at the Bible-house, 9 A. M. Anniversary, at the Academy of Music 10 A. M.

American and Foreign Bible Society—Business meeting at Calvary Baptist Church, Twenty-third-street, at 10 A. M. Anniversary same place, at 3 P. M. Annual sermon, same place by Rev. D. D. EDDY, at 7½ P. M.

American Tract Society of Boston—Dr. CHEEVER'S Church, 10 A. M.

National Woman's Rights Convention—Cooper Institute, 10½ A. M and 7½ P. M.

Five Points House of Industry—Academy of Music, 7½ P. M.

Institution for the Deaf and Dumb—Academy of Music, 3½ P. M.

American Swedenborg Society—New Church, Thirty-fifth street, between Fourth and Lexington avenues, 8 P. M.

African Civilization Society—Dr. CHEEVER'S Church, 7½ P. M. Business meeting at Shiloh Church, Prince-street, 10 A. M.

American Congregational Union—Business meeting at City assembly Rooms, 3 P. M. Annual Collation, same place, 7 P. M.

FRIDAY, MAY 11.

American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions—Dr. ADAMS' Church, 10 A. M.

National Woman's Rights Convention—(Second Day)—Cooper Institute, 10 A. M. and 7½ P. M.

SUNDAY, MAY 13.

American Female Guardian Society—Broadway Tabernacle, 7½ P. M.

METHODIST GENERAL CONFERENCE.

Seventh Day's Proceedings—Colored Membership and Conferences—The Court of Appeals Newly Constituted—A Process for Preventing Prejudice—The Right of Petition Denied.

From Our Own Correspondent.

BUFFALO, Tuesday, May 8, 1860.

The General Conference, before it adjourns, will take some action with regard to a proposition to institute a Conference of colored preachers. A memorial from many colored Methodists residing in New-Jersey, asking that the measure be passed, is before the Committee on Colored Membership, of which Rev. S. Y. MONROE is Chairman. The Committee has held no meetings as yet with regard to this subject, and no one seems able to predict what will be done in relation to it. Many colored people daily sit in the gallery of St. James' Hall, most attentive listeners to all that is said. Most of the colored people in the United States, doubtless your readers know, are of the Methodist persuasion. No one who has seen and heard them in their meetings—especially at the South—need be told that they are more than commonly zealous in their worship. There are many colored preachers among them, and it is difficult to perceive how the General Conference can consistently deny them what they now ask for. I have heard nothing concerning the transactions of the Slavery Committee further than what I have already communicated to you. It meets in secret session, and it is with difficulty that outsiders learn anything of its doings.

Bishop SCOTT presided over the Conference to-day, and called on Rev. CALVIN KINGSLEY (Erie) to conduct the religious exercises.

These over, Rev. WM. COOPER offered a resolution of inquiry with regard to an alleged violation of the rules in regard to the election of delegates by the Newark and New-York Conferences, in admitting to membership those who were not entitled to it. It was referred to the Committee on Itinerancy.

Bishop BAKER announced the following Committee to take into consideration the communication of Rev. Dr. LUCKY with regard to an Executive Conference: Messrs. SLICER, PIKE, E. THOMPSON, Goodwin, Cartwright and H. KINSLEY. Bishop BAKER announced that Bishop MORRIS would deliver the eulogy on the late Bishop WAUGH, at 10½ A. M. next Friday.

Two more unsuccessful efforts were made to refer petitions without reading their titles, and the call for memorials proceeded. They still pour in, "thick as the leaves in Vallambrosa's vale," most of them asking for a change of the rule on Slavery. There was one from Rev. HIRAM MATTISON in regard to the administration of one of the Bishops; another from the Black River Conference, asking that probationers having a pastoral charge may solemnize marriage; another in regard to the admission of children into full connection.

A Court of Appeals, of 15 members, was appointed to try the appeal of Rev. ALVA WALKER.

Rev. C. MOODY, (Cincinnati,) presented the report of the Committee appointed to prepare a code of procedure for a Court of Appeals, and consider how it should be appointed. The report, in which the Bishops had concurred unanimously, provided for a Standing Committee on Appeals, to consist of one from each delegation, elected by the delegations respectively, for challenging and excusing not more than one-third of its members for cause, and presented a code of procedure.

The provisions were considered *seriatim*.

The Committee left it to the Conference to decide whether it should be for the Conference or for the Committee of Appeals to entertain an appeal in the first instance.

Rev. C. KINGSLEY (Erie,) moved that this be left to the Committee on Appeals, and after an extended debate it was adopted; so was the report.

Rev. J. M. REID (East Genesee,) presented a resolution, declaring that every appeal coming before the Conference should find the minds of its members unprejudiced as far as possible, and that therefore the Conference disapproves of the circulation of pamphlets and petitions relating to appeal cases.

After a brief discussion, this was laid on the table. You might as well, one said, resolve that the wind should not blow as declare that petitions should not be presented.

Rev. BENJ. GRIFFITH (New-York) thought the Conference should pass a resolution declaring that "we will not read them." [Laughter.]

Rev. Dr. D. CURRY (New-York East) wanted to know whether it was expected that a Methodist preacher, who *might* become a member of the General Conference, and *might* be a member of the Committee on Appeals, and *might* be called upon to pass upon a particular case, should therefore abstain from looking at anything that was presented to him.

Rev. R. M. HATFIELD said he would stultify himself if he voted for a resolution declaring that he and his fellow-delegates would not examine any case submitted without prejudice. He had confidence in his brethren of the General Conference, and would trust himself in any case in their hands.

Rev. Mr. REID desired that it should go forth to the world that they were not to be influenced by efforts to prejudice their minds in any case.

The resolution was adopted.

Rev. D. W. CLARK, of New-York, called attention to the ambiguous position of the General Conference in regard to the Court of Appeals. It had adopted two different methods of appointing the members of the Court of Appeals.

The Conference suspended the rules, and rescinded the resolution relating to this matter first adopted.

The Conference rescinded its action in the appointment of a Committee to try the appeal case of Rev. G. C. CREEVEY.

Rev. ROBIN SAPP offered a resolution directing the Committee on Itineracy to inquire into the propriety of altering the Discipline so as to make the office of Presiding Elder elective, and not subject to the appointment of the Bishops, and the Conference adjourned. The indications are that very little that is deeply interesting will be transacted by the Conference this week; yet, as one of the delegates remarked yesterday, some measure involving a test vote on the Slavery question may be sprung upon it at any moment.

EIGHTH DAY.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

BUFFALO, Wednesday, May 9.

Bishop SIMPSON in the Chair.

The first business in order was the selection of the Court of Appeals, after which the routine business was resumed. A petition was presented in relation to the administration of the discipline in the Genesee Conference. Considerable discussion ensued upon the proper reference of this petition. It is understood to relate to the subject of Nazaritism, a question of considerable importance, which is expected to occupy much of the time of the Conference. The petition was finally referred to a Special Committee of one from each delegation. A petition was presented from the North Ohio Conference asking for a change of the rule, so that a majority may determine how the congregation shall be seated, and another from the Pittsburgh Conference asking for a restoration of the old rule requiring men and women of congregations to sit apart. The number of petitions today in favor of a change of the rule on Slavery was 179, and against any change 15.

Mr. J. T. MITCHELL, from the Committee on the arrangement of the order of discipline, reported that they had examined the plan of Dr. OSBON. It includes a division of the discipline into parts, chapters, sections and paragraphs, but without changing any of the language.

The Committee offer a resolution that the Book Committee be directed to arrange the contents of the next edition of the Discipline in accordance with the following plan: First, Doctrine; second, Government; third, Ritual; fourth, Benevolent Institutions; fifth, Temporal Economy. A motion to lay it on the table and print it for information prevailed.

The Committee on the Book Concern reported adversely to the memorial, asking pecuniary assistance for the Missions in Germany, and recommending the transfer of the papers to the Committee on Missions. Report adopted.

The Committee on Correspondence was instructed to inquire into the expediency of sending a delegate to the General Assembly of the old school Presbyterians, which assembles at Rochester next week. The Committee on law questions was instructed to give an opinion as to whether the discipline, as it now stands, prohibits the holding as well as the buying and selling of slaves. The Committee on Revivals was instructed to inqu